"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER. Rain, colder to-day; fair to-morrow; wind variable to northwest.

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ALDRIDGE MACHINE IN THE LAST DITCH

Strained to the Breaking Point in Effort to Elect Its Boss to Congress To-day.

HAVENS MEN CONFIDENT

Their Reports Indicate His Election by 6,000 — Betting Odds, However, Are 5 to 3 Against Him.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, April 18.—The eve of the special election in the Thirty-second Congressional District finds a most unusual contrast between the two opposing camps of James S. Havens and George W. Aldridge, the boss of Rochester and of Monroe County. It is not a strange thing to find on election eve entire confidence in one of the political camps and doubt and discouragement in the other, but not in a long time has the situation been as it is to-night.

The Aldridge people, to put it frankly, are in a state of blue funk. Officially they dare not hazard a single prediction expressed in the black and white of figures as to the result. Their only hope is in the ability of the machine to deliver the voters once more to Aldridge. The successive revolts of different elements in this community which represent intelligence, uprightness of thought, and sincerity of action, have had their cumulative effect. The almost unanimous denunciation of the boss by the clergy of the city yesterday came as a climax, and to-day reports have been received from the towns outside of Rochester telling the Aldridge managers not only that they need count on no help from the farmers, but that in all probability they will have an adverse plurality from the country districts to offset here in the city.

So the big question comes up before the Republican organization leaders: Will the machine stand the test? They are able to say no more than that they believe it will, and when pushed to the last analysis, some of them have to admit that their belief has its foundation on nothing stronger than hope. For it is not the machine that it was of old, although folks who are acquainted only with the ordinary form of political machine existing in other places would be mightily impressed with this one, even in its present condition.

Machine Has Been Disintegrating.

In past years the machine has had a certain cloak of respectability from the fact that it was the local representation of Republicanism, but that has been stripped away by the insurgents here, and by the new conception of what the party might stand for that has been taught by Gov. Hughes. More than this, the very ingredients of corruption, of persecution, of party disloyalty, of falsehood and treachery that enter into the machine, as Monroe County now understands it, have had their own disintegrating effect.

These elements cannot be contained in a political organization for an indefinite number of years without commencing in the course of time to rot it out from the inside, and that is just what is bothering the Republican machine men at the present moment. They admit that if Aldridge wins it will be by a greatly reduced plurality as compared with anything that might be considered the normal vote in this naturally Republican stronghold. Even Aldridge, fortified by his Congressional job, would not be able to stop the continuation of the process of decay, particularly with a Democracy against him that has not only been reunited in respect of the differences of 1908 and 1909, but has been purified by the exposure and substantial elimination of that unnatural breed, the Aldridge Democrats.

On the other hand, the Havens managers are more confident to-night than at any time since the beginning of the campaign. Their figures, which a day or two ago indicated the election of the anti-boss candidate by from 3,000 to 5,000, have now improved so as to indicate the election of Havens by fully 6,000 plurality. Such a result would be more than an ordinary landslide, it would be equivalent to a political earthquake, and Mr. Havens and those nearest to him are refusing to let themselves believe the story of these reports because they so far exceed the wildest of the anticipations upon which the fight has been conducted.

In all the turmoil of the campaign, one of the most gratifying things that the anti-boss candidate has experienced is the flood of letters that have been received from individuals, many of them women, telling of the almost religious inspiration that is behind their support of him. A letter came in a few days ago from a woman in one of the adjacent country towns telling Mr. Havens that as her husband, a Republican, was sick and could not write to him, she wanted to give him a few pointers on the local situation. The letter went on, Mr. Havens said to-day, with an analysis of conditions, showing who was for him and who was against him in the community, which tallied so accurately with the observations already made that his workers took it as a basis for their further endeavors. One thing is certain: The farmers are going to turn out to-morrow and tell what they think about legislating in terms of thousand-dollar checks.

Fight on Colonization Continues.

Here in the City of Rochester the work of the Democratic committee which has been fighting the attempt of the machine to colonize the lower wards of the city has been so effective that it is probable there will be little illegal voting to-day. Whether there will be many arrests or not will depend upon whether the floaters that the Aldridge men have undertaken to colonize attempt to vote.

Fifty-eight more warrants were issued to-day on reports from the detectives employed by the Havens managers, showing that various Raines law hotels and disorderly dives had been picked out as colonization centres. Most of these were in cases where floaters were colonized last Fall and then scattered to the four winds, many of them making their way south for the Winter. It is an open and snuff game to stop the voting of floaters on these names, for the lists of last Fall's registration have been obtained easily enough, and the only question for decision is whether the challenged individual is the one named in the registration list.

Considerable amusement was caused to-night by the announcement of a newspaper which is supporting Aldridge that the colonization which the detectives employed by the Havens managers have been uncovering was really undertaken on behalf of the Democratic candidate, and that the detectives are themselves professional strikebreakers called in here to intimidate voters at the polls. This is particularly apt in view of the fact that a delegation of Havens workers went to Albany early last week to see Gov. Hughes and ask that he send a Special Deputy Attorney General here, in the event that extensive attempts at fraud are made, to take charge of the cases and prosecute to the bitter end.

Silent Vote against Aldridge.

A very considerable "silent" vote will be cast here to-morrow against the big boss. Something has been said in this correspondence before about the methods of oppression and persecution that have been used by the Aldridge men to stifle any attempt at revolt, or even at inde-

Continued on Page 3.

LAWYERS AIDED SHAM ART.

Mrs. Paine's French Attorney Accuses Legal Lights in Boston and London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 18.—There are more complications in the business and social relations which formerly existed between the Charles Hamilton Paines of Boston and Paris and the so-called Comte and Comtesse d'Aulby de Gatigny than was at first supposed. A contract entered into by the late Mr. Paine with d'Aulby Gatigny bound the former to pay $40,000 a year for the use of pictures lent him, with the proviso that at his death they were to become the property of his widow upon the payment by her of the sum of $200,000.

Correspondence which has been seized at the "Comte's" villa near Tours, it is said, also contains some amatory letters the publication of which might be unpleasant for acquaintances of the "Comte."

It appears that Mrs. Paine's first suspicion that she and her late husband had been swindled was suggested by Robert Fry, a well-known art expert connected with the Metropolitan Museum in New York. Mr. Fry is quoted as saying that the pictures in Mrs. Paine's house were "mere childish imitations."

The Count's Catalogue.

The "Comte" caused to be written and printed for Mr. Paine a sumptuous catalogue of the collection in both English and French. Following the title of each picture is an account of its supposed history. In most cases the picture is said to have been owned in succession by several Emperors, Kings, or Princes, and always to each account there was appended this note: "Now belonging to the illustrious amateur of art, Mr. Charles Hamilton Paine."

Besides proposing to bring proceedings against three Boston lawyers whom she accuses of being confederates of Gatigny, Mrs. Paine's French attorney, it is said, has asked for the extradition to France of a London barrister upon the same charge.

"Comte" d'Aulby de Gatigny is said to have started his pseudo "Order of Melusine" with the object of selling decorations to vainglorious persons having a mania for such gewgaws. The ribbon worn in the buttonhole as a mark of membership in the order closely resembles in color that of the Legion of Honor, and it is still occasionally to be seen in Paris. Just why he abandoned this traffic has not been disclosed, but it was probably because of some warning from the French Government.

The "Comte" designed and caused to be made a gorgeous uniform of Grand Master of his order, which he wore at a reception at the Presidential palace of the Elysée. Later in the same evening he lounged in this attire at a well-known all-night café in the Rue Royal. This created an immense sensation among the rich habitués of the place, and the demi-monde of Paris had a joyous laugh at him which lasted a day or two. Then he was forgotten for the time being.

POET CONVICT SET FREE.

Money Sent from England to Bring Him Home—Family Name a Secret.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 18.—The identity of John Carter, the poet convict, remains secret so far as any statement by his relatives here are concerned. Solicitor Cyril Thomas, who represents the family, absolutely declines to say anything further than that Carter will take the first boat here when arrangements will be made for his future.

Mr. Thomas says the stories that Carter's mother had endeavored to obtain her son's release are untrue. It was only a few weeks ago that she learned for the first time from Mr. Thomas of her son's predicament.

Investigation shows that Carter was brought up by his grandfather owing to the fact that his father suffered from a mental affection. This was the chief ground for the application for Carter's pardon by Mr. Thomas, who is of the opinion that Carter is not responsible at times for his actions.

Mr. Thomas has placed sufficient money at Carter's disposal to bring him to England.

ST, PAUL, Minn., April 18.—Gov. Eberhart's order for the release of John Carter, the convict who won his freedom by writing a poem, was delivered to the Warden of the Stillwater Prison this afternoon.

Carter, who is 24 years old to-day, was awaiting the order in the office of the Warden. As soon as the formalities were over he walked forth a free man. He wore a suit of dark clothes, including an overcoat, given him by the State, and carried $25 of the State's money, which every discharged prisoner gets.

Besides this he had about $200, which he had earned by his writings and extra pay allowed him for work as prison librarian and teacher of the night school.

Carter said that before deciding definitely on his future he would consult with Judge Willis of St. Paul, his attorney and friend. Leaving the prison, he came direct to St. Paul.

DIES UNDER X-SCIENCE.

Stamford Coroner Orders Autopsy, Believing 10-Year-Old Boy Was Starved.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., April 18.—Following a conference here this afternoon between Coroner Clifford B. Wilson of Bridgeport, his Stamford deputy, Dr. George Sherill; City Health Officer Thomas J. Biggs, and Prosecuting Attorney Galen A. Carter, it was decided to hold an autopsy to-morrow morning on the body of Edward Jordan, the ten-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Jordan of 54 Bedford Street, who died to-day of scarlet fever, after an eleven days' illness, during which he received only Christian Science treatment. His mother, who was quarantined with the boy throughout the illness, refused medical attendance and declined to give him medicine.

The boy died about 6 o'clock this morning. Dr. Biggs is to perform the autopsy.

"The autopsy is to be made," said Dr. Biggs, "to ascertain whether the child received nourishment. The stomach will show whether or not the child received food. The boy certainly looks as if he were starved. He is terribly emaciated, and in my judgment his life has been needlessly sacrificed."

BANKER STAYS AWAY FROM PERSCH TRIAL

President Young of the Windsor Trust Couldn't Be Found When Wanted as a Witness.

KNEW OF HEINZE STOCK DEAL

$50,000 Loan Passed Through His Hands, Says Former Employe—Defense In—To the Jury To-day.

Until 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the District Attorney's office and the lawyers for Donald Persch, who is on trial in the criminal branch of the Supreme Court, inquired vainly as to the whereabouts of John Alvin Young, President of the Windsor Trust Company.

Assistant District Attorney Nott finally subpoenaed Frank J. Van Order, the bank's credit man and one of Mr. Young's most intimate advisers. He admitted that Mr. Young went to Atlantic City on April 9, and that he had seen him there last Saturday. He said that he had been told since that Mr. Young was now somewhere in the neighborhood of City Island, having come over from New Jersey to attend a funeral.

"Why, I've been trying for ten days to capture that man as a witness for the defense," said Mr. McIntyre. "Don't you know, Mr. Van Order, that he left the State as soon as the trial of Persch began?"

"As far as I know, he did," was the reply.

Persch is one of four men indicted for grand larceny soon after the appearance on the market of $100,000 worth of Heinze copper stock, which Matthew M. Joyce had left with the Windsor Trust Company as collateral on a $50,000 loan. Joyce testified yesterday that he had supposed the Windsor itself was making the loan, and that he had never heard of the Henry Ulmann, for whose loan the Windsor understood that it was merely acting as a clearing house. He identified the copy of the collateral note he gave at the time.

"The original note was given to Persch, according to Sherwood's testimony," said Mr. Nott. "I have subpoenaed the defendant's counsel to produce it, but they have not done so, and I am forced to submit a copy."

"But we have no such note and never did have it," protested Mr. McIntyre.

Company Settled for $30,000.

Joyce said that the Windsor had settled for $30,000 after he instituted suit.

"And then I found that $10,000 went to L. J. Field & Co.," he said. "Of course I got that back."

Stirling Birmingham, manager of the department in the trust company through which the transaction passed, testified that he had every reason to suppose the loan was made in behalf of Ulmann, manager of the Eastern Brewing Company, and that because the lender wished to remain unknown to the borrower, he had simply kept their representatives in different rooms.

"The Windsor charged $1,000 for thus acting as a clearing house," he said.

In the uproar that followed the discovery of the transaction last Summer, Birmingham was discharged by the trust company and later acquitted in Special Sessions of the charge of accepting a tip from one of the brokers for putting it through. He is suing his old employer now for $50,000 damages.

"Did you do what you did in this transaction with John Alvin Young's knowledge?" asked Mr. McIntyre.

"The President of the Windsor Trust Company was carefully informed of every step in the matter. The money itself, the $50,000, actually passed through his hands. I was a mere clerk in the transaction. I put it up to him in the beginning, and he said, 'Birmingham, it looks all right.'"

The defence then put in evidence a collateral note, signed by Ulmann, purporting to pledge with Persch the very stock which Joyce pledged at the trust company. It gave the holder the right to do as he pleased with the securities pending its expiration. Ulmann testified yesterday that he signed the note at the request of Persch, but that he had never had the securities, did not know his name had been used as the lender at the Windsor, and never received any consideration from Persch for signing it.

"I was promised $501, but I never got it," he said. "At first I told Persch I would not sign the note, but I telephoned Mr. Katz, who was then President of the Eastern Brewing Company, and after I read a little of it over the wire to him he told me to go ahead and sign it. So I signed it, but I never read it all the way through."

Defense a Short One.

With this testimony, Mr. Nott rested, and Mr. McIntyre announced that there would be no opening for the defense.

"Why, I think the District Attorney and the jury have a right to know what the defense is to be," protested Mr. Nott.

Persch's defense lasted less than thirty minutes. Helen H. Persch, the slender, sweet-voiced wife of the defendant, testified that Walter L. Clark, the man who turned State's evidence, had been a guest at her house, 533 West 112th Street, last Tuesday.

"And at that time did he say to you, 'Donald need have no fear. Donnie has done no wrong. The note Ulmann gave him protects him. Donnie was used as a tool, a dupe, by others?'" asked Mr. McIntyre.

Mrs. Persch remembered the remarks well, and Mr. Nott questioned her only for the purpose of pointing out that Clark had been her guest two weeks ago instead of last week. A Mr. Demarest, who dined with the Persches that same night, testified that he, too, heard the words which Clark, when he was on the stand, stoutly denied ever having said.

With his second witness finished, Mr. McIntyre whispered something to Persch, who whispered back, "I'm satisfied." Then, to Mr. Nott's evident surprise, the defense rested, and the case will go to the jury to-day.

Mr. Nott asked the court to order a special panel of 150 jurors to report on Monday for the trial of Charles Katz, indicted for complicity in the same transaction. A most interested spectator of yesterday's proceedings was Irwin Untermyer, whose father, Samuel Untermyer, is counsel for L. J. Field.

MURDERED IN HIS SLEEP.

Macon Merchant Is Killed by Shots from the Street.

MACON, Ga., April 18.—J. W. Tonney, a well-known merchant, was murdered early this morning at his home here. While asleep he was shot from the street.

J. G. Garrison, a telegraph operator, 19 years of age, who is charged with the murder, surrendered to the police to-day, stated that he understood he was wanted, but denying the crime.

More Pay for Government Men.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—A bill to give a 10 per cent. increase of pay to all employes of the Government except the President and his Cabinet, the Vice President, members of Congress, and the army and navy, was introduced in the House to-day by Mr. Southwick of New York.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

SUFFRAGISTS STORM NATIONAL CAPITOL

In 45 Autos They Bring Petition of 500,000 Names to Senators and Representatives.

DARE TO LAUGH IN SENATE

Acting President Kean Has to Threaten to Clear the Galleries to Quiet Delighted Delegates.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The female suffragists now in Washington moved on Congress to-day, and their repeated applause in the Senate galleries as the Clerk announced the presentation of their petitions for the amendment of the Constitution to guarantee to women the right to vote called for repeated chidings from the presiding officer, Senator Kean. The greatest outburst came when Mr. La Follette, presenting a petition, declared that he hoped it would not be long before, in response to the petition, Congress would take steps to give the ballot "into the hands of an intelligent part of our citizenship that should have received it long ago."

Mr. Kean, who is one of the most quiet of the Senators, rapped loudly for order and told the crowded galleries that demonstration of any sort of emotion was strictly against the rules of the Senate. When Senator Clapp of Minnesota told the Senate that it gave him great pleasure to present the petitions which the suffragists had given to him, the women could control themselves no longer, and again they gave vent to their approval by hearty applause.

This time the Acting President of the Senate showed no little feeling at the affront to the dignity of the Senate. He rapped vigorously with his gavel, and when things had quieted down, he said:

"No applause is allowed in the United States Senate."

Thereupon two or three of the offenders laughed out loud. Senator Kean became irritated, declaring:

"If there is a repetition the Sergeant-at-Arms will be ordered to clear the galleries."

This was enough for the suffragists. They became as docile as lambs, and sat quiet until all the talk about their petitions was over, even when Senator Guggenheim spoke. It was about the first time the Colorado Senator had ever said more than ten words at a time in the Senate, and he spoke so softly that the suffragists could not hear him. For that reason he received no recognition from them.

It was a big day for the suffragists all around. They started off by re-electing the Rev. Dr. Anna Shaw President and Mrs. Rachel Foster Avery First Vice President of the National Association.

Then, at 11 o'clock, they got into automobiles to go to the Capitol. The start from the Arlington Hotel was to have been made at 11 o'clock, but there were complications of a more or less mechanical nature. The main trouble was with the petitions. They were neatly rolled up, with the 500,000 names they contain on the inside and deposited in an express wagon.

But just as the parade was about to start somebody happened to think of how each State delegation would get its petitions when the Capitol was reached. Then there was a scurrying and hurrying to get the petitions out of the wagon and into the hands of each State leader. That took half an hour, but no petition was left behind.

Straight down Pennsylvania Avenue went the string of automobiles and taxicabs, forty-five in number, each decorated with a State banner. When the parade rolled up to the east front of the Capitol a crowd on the centre steps greeted the suffragists with applause.

Entering the Capitol the suffragists scattered like a flock of quail, representatives of each State hunting down their Representatives and Senators. The petitions were given to them with a request that they be introduced to-day. They were introduced in large numbers, both in the Senate and in the House.

As the rules of the House forbid speeches on petitions, there was no stir at the southern end of the Capitol except among the members themselves. They cheerfully applauded every member as he strode bravely up to the Speaker's desk and deposited his package of petitions. Pages in both houses were kept busy all the afternoon carting the petitions out to the filerooms.

To-morrow the visitors will be heard by the Senate Committee on Woman Suffrage and the House Committee on the Judiciary, before which bills for woman suffrage are now pending.

CORPORATION TAX UPHELD?

Action of Supreme Court in Two Cases Taken to Indicate Decision.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The Supreme Court mystified corporation lawyers to-day by setting for argument at the beginning of the October term two cases questioning the constitutionality of the corporation tax provisions of the Payne-Aldrich Tariff act. At first this action was interpreted as meaning that a decision in the fifteen cases involving the constitutionality of the tax already before the court was to be postponed until next October or later. Such an interpretation would mean that there would be no judgment on the law before the date on which the tax is to be paid, June 30.

Another view, however, was that the two cases, advanced to-day involved, in addition to questions of constitutionality, the application of the law to specific organizations. The action lent itself to a rumor that the court had decided the question of the constitutionality of the tax in favor of the Government. It was argued that if the court had not acted already on the cases before it, the two cases vor of the Government. It was argued ment. Another step in the argument was that, the court having passed on the validity of the law, in conference, it would not have set the two cases for argument next Fall if the tax had been found unconstitutional.

The rumor had no confirmation.

A FAMOUS PLACE TO DINE
or Lunch, Hofbrau Haus, B'way & 30th St. Music.

WALDO TO MARRY MRS. J. G. HECKSCHER

Fire Commissioner's Marriage to Third Wife of Late J. G. Heckscher to Occur To-morrow.

HECKSCHER WILL CONTEST

His Daughters, Mrs. George B. McClellan and Mrs. E. L. Winthrop, Never Recognized Their Young Stepmother.

Mrs. Virginia Otis Heckscher, the third wife of the late John G. Heckscher, father of the wife of ex-Mayor McClellan, will be married to Rhinelander Waldo at Mrs. Heckscher's country place at Greenwich, Conn., Wednesday afternoon. The wedding will be a very quiet one, only a few of the most intimate friends of the couple being invited. They will not go away until Summer, the Fire Commissioner declaring last night that he expects to be back at his desk in three days.

The announcement of the marriage last night was a surprise, although it was rumored a few weeks ago that Mrs. Heckscher and the Commissioner were engaged. They both denied the rumor most emphatically at the time, declaring that they were only slightly acquainted.

Commissioner Waldo has been regarded for some years as one of the "catches" of society. He is one of the best known young men of the Rhinelander-Gallatin-Stewart family, and besides having a large personal income, will some day receive a good portion of several of the oldest and largest fortunes in the city. He has never married, although rumor has had him engaged to several young women in the past few years, daughters of old Knickerbocker families, and the daughters of Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, and Percy Nagle, the Tammany leader.

John G. Heckscher's third marriage was a great surprise. He was 70 years old and his bride less than 30. Mr. Heckscher was one of the best-known devotees of sport, art, and literature in the city. His first wife was the granddaughter of Stephen Whitney. They had two daughters, Mrs. George B. McClellan and Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr. Mr. Winthrop is now President of the Board of Education. The second Mrs. Heckscher was the divorced wife of Henry Winthrop Gray. She was Miss Marie Travers, the daughter of William R. Travers, the noted banker and wit.

The Grays and Heckschers had been the closest friends, but ugly rumors had been about, and after the two men had had a personal encounter in front of the Union Club they fought a duel in Canada. The story went that Gray fired first and missed and that Heckscher then fired into the air.

After the first Mrs. Heckscher had been dead some time Mr. Heckscher and Mrs. Gray were married in Philadelphia in 1892. She died six years later. Mr. Heckscher then went on a trip around the world with his nephew, Capt. Philip Lydig. On returning, the old gentleman settled down to a round of club life, busying himself apparently only with his hobbies.

In October, 1905, Mr. Heckscher's third marriage was announced. It was said that it had taken place over a year before. Mrs. Heckscher was Miss Virginia Otis. She was born in Richmond, Va., the daughter of Robert M. Otis, a planter, and Helen Gordon of the old Virginia family of that name. She had been living in New York for some time previous to the marriage at 75 West Sixty-eighth Street, and 10 West Sixty-fifth Street. Mr. and Mrs. Heckscher took up their abode at 18 West Eighty-eighth Street.

Both Mrs. McClellan and Mrs. Winthrop were estranged from their father for some time after the marriage, but became reconciled with him before his death. They never recognized his wife, however. The effect of this became known when Mr. Heckscher's will was opened after his death in the Spring of 1908. He bequeathed only $100 to each of the daughters, gave his wife $50,000 outright with $100,000 in trust, and bequeathed $10,000 to each of his three nephews and three nieces. He also left all his personal property, library, and household effects to his wife.

A contest was started to break the will, Mrs. McClellan and Mrs. Winthrop being particularly anxious to obtain possession of the jewels which had belonged to their mother. While these proceedings were on Mrs. Heckscher anounced that a case containing the jewels, valued at $10,000, had been stolen from a country house which she had rented at Mamaroneck. The robbery was a nine days' wonder, and no clue to the thief was ever obtained. The contest never came to open court proceedings, and it had always been understood that some compromise was arrived at.

Mrs. Heckscher has been living of late at 210 Fifth Avenue. She is a tall, dark woman of striking type, and looks to be in her twenties, although she is nearly 35.

Commissioner Waldo is 33 and has had an unusual career for so young a man. Although related by blood and marriage to nearly all the old Knickerbocker families and having a large personal income, he has never cared particularly for society, as the term used. Besides having a membership in practically all the exclusive clubs, he has had little to do with Fifth Avenue.

The Commissioner was born in this city, the son of Francis W. Waldo and Gertrude Rhinelander. His father was of the old Waldo family of New England. He was educated at the Berkeley School, the Columbia School of Mines, and West Point. On being graduated from the Military Academy he decided on a military career, and was assigned to the Seventeenth United States Infantry as Second Lieutenant. He was promoted to a First Lieutenancy in a short time, and went to the Philippines with his regiment. He served all through the Northern Luzon campaign, and for meritorious service was assigned to the staff of Gen. "Hell-Roaring Jake" Smith, and afterward to that of Gen. Wood. As Captain of the Constabulary, Filipino Scouts, he was the Military Governor of Mindanao, a city of 40,000 inhabitants, when he was barely 25. After fighting through the campaign against the Moros in 1903-5 he resigned from the army and returned to New York.

Only a few weeks after his return Gen. Bingham selected him for his First Deputy, but he resigned in 1907 on account of friction in the department. Mayor McClellan then selected him to organize the new water police for the Catskill Aqueduct.

In the meantime the Commissioner had become interested in politics and identified himself with Tamamny Hall. He resigned as the head of the Catskill police to accept a Tamamny nomination for Congress in a strong Republican district. He was naturally defeated, but did not give up his interest in the game.

His appointment as Fire Commissioner was one of the first which Mayor Gaynor announced. The latter has taken occasion several times to show the high regard he has for the young man. There have been rumors of late that the engagement of the Commissioner and the Mayor's eldest daughter, Gertruda, might be expected.

The Commissioner has been living for several months at the Hotel Knickerbocker, although his favorite haunt is the Army and Navy Club. He is also a member of the Union, Riding, Automobile, New York Athletic, and Badminton Clubs and the Society of the Colonial Wars. The Commissioner is an enthusiastic automobilist, and drives several high-powered cars.

FEARED FOR ROOSEVELT.

Swiss Police Arrested Armed Italian on Frontier—Said to be Black Hander.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, April 18.—A dispatch from Chiasso on the Italian frontier says the police have been detaining there for some time past an Italian named Anello, who, they believe, is a member of the Black Hand with a mission to kill Theodore Roosevelt.

According to the story current Anello came recently from the United States. On him were found cipher telegrams from Washington, Liverpool, London, and Brest, as well as a loaded revolver.

The Chiasso police with whom I have been in telephonic communication refuse any information about the case.

PAULHAN FLIES 125 MILES.

Breaks All Records for Cross-Country Trips in Aeroplane.

PARIS, April 18.—Louis Paulhan, the aviator, who returned only recently from a visit to the United States, made a sensational cross-country flight to-day, beating all previous records. He started in his machine from Orleans and made a flight to Arcis Sur Aube, a distance of about 125 miles. The time occupied in the flight was three and a half hours.

The best previous cross-country record was the forty-seven and a half miles made by Paulhan recently in California.

Yesterday at Orleans Henry Farman flew forty miles across country, carrying a passenger.

WAR BALLOON OVER FRONTIER

German Dirigible Sails to Holland and Performs Evolutions.

COLOGNE, April 18.—During aerial army manoeuvres to-day the dirigible balloon Zeppelin II. crossed the Dutch frontier and went through evolutions for a long time over Vaals. The cruise began about 11 o'clock this morning. The airship passed over Duren and then entered Holland. It proceeded along the frontier, returning by way of Julich, in Rhenish Prussia, and reached Cologne at 7:30 this evening.

The dirigibles Parseval II. and Gross I. at the same time carried out a scheme of reconnaissances in the neighborhood.

HURT IN AEROPLANE FALL.

Louis Breguet Gets Fractured Skull When Machine Capsizes in Strong Wind

DOUAI, France, April 18.—Louis Breguet, the French aviator, who has appeared in numerous aviation contests, suffered a fractured skull to-day from a fall while making a flight.

His aeroplane capsized in a strong wind at a height of 60 feet. Breguet is in a very serious condition.

NOT STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Aeronauts Say Exterior Pressure Burst Balloon Which Killed Four Persons.

ESCHWEGE, Prussia, April 18.—A commission of aeronautic experts has investigated the wreck of the balloon Delitzsch when four lives were lost, and has decided that the balloon was not struck by lightning, but that the envelope probably burst through exterior pressure.

The apparatus recovered from the wreckage had registered a hurricane wind, and indicated that the gondola began to fall from a height of 3,445 feet.

AEROPLANE DROPS INTO SEA.

Aeronaut Rougier Only Slightly Hurt—Machine Sinks in Water 70 Feet Deep.

NICE, France, April 18.—M. Rougier, the French aeronaut, had a narrow escape from death to-day when his aeroplane, in which he was making a flight, fell into the sea. Rougier was rescued and is suffering to-night from slight injuries which he received.

Where the machine fell the water was seventy feet deep. Recounting his experiences, the aeronaut said that for some unknown reason the motor suddenly failed and the machine dropped like a stone. It struck the water with considerable force and sank almost immediately. Rougier became entangled in a stay, but succeeded in breaking it, and rose to the surface. His head, however, struck a cross piece and was slightly cut. He managed to keep himself afloat until taken into a boat.

Hubert Latham, who fell into the English Channel while attempting a flight last Summer, called on Rougier to-night. He referred to his own adventure, saying laughingly: "It's all in the game; it is your turn now."

'SIAMESE' TWIN A MOTHER.

One of the Sisters Blazek Gives Birth to a Boy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 18.—A dispatch from Prague says the twin sisters Blazek, who are known as the successors of the famous Siamese Twins, being joined together inseparably, recently entered a hospital at Prague.

There Wosa, one of the sisters, yesterday became the mother of a fine boy.

MODEL SALOONKEEPER DEAD.

Larry Gatto Started as a Bootblack and Became a Baseball Magnate.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 18.—Larry Gatto, who originated the gift of an oyster with every drink and made a fortune in his model saloon as a result, died last night of heart disease.

Gatto started as a bootblack. He would not allow one man to be introduced to another in his saloon, would not allow treating, and would not sell to a man who was intoxicated.

He was half owner of the Louisville Baseball Club when it won the pennant in 1890.

GUARD GOULD WEDDING CAKE.

Policeman Detailed to the Bakery Where the Confection Was Made.

Helen C. Browne, who has a bakery at 217 West Sixty-eighth Street, called at the West Sixty-eighth Street Station last night and asked that a policeman be detailed to watch her shop last night. She explained that in her shop she had 800 white satin, heart-shaped boxes, which are to contain pieces of the wedding cake to be distributed to-day at the wedding of Marjorie Gould and Anthony J. Drexel, Jr.

Miss Browne told the police that her place was entered about a year ago and robbed, and she feared some one might try to get at the Gould cake boxes, which she values at $2,600.

A policeman was detailed to watch the shop through the night and until the opening hour this morning.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.
"Its Purity has made it famous."—Adv.

HALE WILL QUIT WITH ALDRICH

Maine Senator Decides to Withdraw from Contest for Re-election.

ILLNESS GIVEN AS CAUSE

Tells Supporters That Doctors Forbid His Entering Into Political Fight.

ALDRICH ADMITS HE'LL GO

Withdrawal of Leader and Chief Lieutenant Means Collapse of Present Organization in Upper House.

Special to The New York Times.

BANGOR, Me., April 18.—Senator Eugene Hale will not be a candidate before the Legislature next Winter to succeed himself in the upper house at Washington, but will retire at the end of his term, on March 4, 1911. Within twenty-four hours he will formally announce his withdrawal from the campaign for re-election on account of illness.

Rumors that Senator Hale would withdraw have been current here since Saturday, and have created a sensation in political circles. Several weeks ago friends of Senator Hale went to Washington to acquaint him with the progress of the canvass in Maine, and at that time the Senator was far from well, complaining of an intestinal trouble.

The Maine politicians assured him that everything was moving satisfactorily, and that he would undoubtedly have a majority in the Republican legislative caucus next Winter. There was considerable doubt, however, as to the Senator's physical ability to take part in the somewhat arduous campaign that has been precipitated by the candidacy of Judge Frederick Powers, and nothing could be determined on this point until his physicians had made their report.

On Wednesday of last week several leading Republicans of Maine were asked by Senator Hale to meet him in Boston on important business, and on Thursday a conference was held in the Parker House at which Senator Hale informed those present that his physicians had given it as their opinion that he should not enter into a heated campaign, that his life would be endangered, that in fact he would probably not live six months.

The Maine delegation thereupon withdrew for conference, the result of which was that they informed Senator Hale that while they believed his success certain, they did not feel like taking the responsibility of urging him to enter a fight that would imperil his life and that, accordingly, they would leave the matter in his own hands for decision. The Senator returned immediately to Washington, promising that he would make a final decision and notify his supporters within a few days.

A prominent Republican and supporter of Hale made it known here to-night that the Senator had decided to withdraw and that within twenty-four hours formal announcement of the fact, over his signature, would arrive in Maine. This is authoritative without doubt, assurance to that effect having been received by telegraph direct from Senator Hale.

Mr. Hale's friends desire to emphasize these points: First, that he has not withdrawn under fire; and, second, that while his success in the canvass seemed assured, his physical condition is such as to make it unwise if not dangerous for him to enter a fight to retain his seat.

Already speculation is rife as to other candidates for Hale's seat, and among those mentioned are former Gov. William T. Cobb of Rockland, Congressman E. C. Burleigh, H. M. Heath, a prominent lawyer of Augusta, former Gov. Henry B. Cleaves of Portland, G. H. Murchie, G. A. Curran, G. H. Eaton of Calais, and former Gov. John F. Hill of Augusta.

MEANS OLD GUARDS' COLLAPSE.

Retirement of Hale and Aldrich Leaves Leadership in Doubt.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—It was learned to-night that Senator Eugene Hale of Maine, next to Senator Aldrich the chief figure on the Republican side of the Senate, will soon announce his retirement from the canvass in his State for re-election. Coming so soon after the news that Senator Aldrich will not be a candidate for re-election, the news about Senator Hale was nothing short of sensational in its bearing upon the whole political situation here. It has an important effect upon the Republican organization in the Senate, upon the situation in the party throughout the country, and especially upon the relations of the Administration with Congress.

Next to Mr. Aldrich, Senator Hale fills the most important niche in the Senate to-day. His place at the head of the Appropriations Committee gives him tremendous power, and he does not hesitate in the least to use it. He seems to delight in riding roughshod over his opponents and gibing them sarcastically as they go down.

News from Maine that the defeat of Senator Hale for re-election was rapidly becoming a probability had been brought here early in the day by Frank L. Dingley, editor of The Lewiston Journal, a brother of the late Nelson Dingley, for years a member of the House and author of the Dingley tariff law. Mr. Dingley's report of the conditions in the Pine Tree State was about the most cheerful intelligence that the Senate insurgents have had in a long time.

It has been known to some of the friends here of Senator Hale that at times during the last few weeks he has been somewhat downcast over the Maine situation. His supporters have been working hard, however, and in the last day or two he has received more satisfactory reports as to the condition of his fences. This knowledge made it more difficult for some of his friends with whom the matter was discussed to-night to accept the information that he had determined to withdraw. But it can be stated with entire confidence that such a determination has been reached by him and that the announcement will not be long delayed.

The retirement of Aldrich and Hale

will be the downfall of the citadel of the Old Guard. The outposts and outer works were lost or abandoned some time ago. The deaths of Senators Hoar of Massachusetts and Platt of Connecticut were the first serious breaks in the compact little group that had for so long dominated the Republican organization in the Senate. Then came the retirement of Spooner and the death of Allison. That left on duty Aldrich, the undisputed leader, Hale, his chief aid; Lodge, who hardly ranked higher than a lieutenant, and the group of high privates in the rear rank, consisting chiefly of Burrows, Carter, Penrose, Depew, Gallinger, Bulkeley, Kean, and others of that kind.

With Senators Aldrich and Hale now both going out the leadership of the Senate will be an open problem again. If the insurgents can manage to re-elect all their men who are now in danger and secure a few more seats as well they will be in a first-class position to make themselves the "regulars" of the next Congress and put President Taft in the somewhat awkward position of having to deal with them. There is small prospect of that, however, and the probability is greater that the insurgents will lose some seats than that they will gain any.

One of the most prominent of the insurgent Senators said to-night when he heard the news that there had been for some time evidence of a tremendous upheaval in Maine, that it is due "to the great unrest over the tariff and the accumulated abuses of bossism." Then he chuckled and added:

"Our Chief Magistrate will need some good advice."

Just what Mr. Taft will do when men on whom he has placed his chief reliance go out of the Senate it is entirely too early to speculate about, although that is almost the first question asked by every politician who talks about the situation. The House organization has been disrupted by the Democratic-Insurgent coalition, and it is practically certain that before the end of this session the Speaker will be deposed and a new man chosen in his place.

The disruption of the Senate organization, too, will bring the President face to face with a new problem in the Sixty-second Congress, although it was said by one of his close friends to-night that the situation then would not be materially different, from Mr. Taft's point of view, from what it is now. This means that the President has all along contended that he was merely dealing with the established and recognized leadership of the two houses, and that he had nothing to do with the selection of that leadership. On that principle he will be in a position to go ahead and work with the new Speaker, whoever he is, and with the new leader of the Senate, if any Senator develops sufficient strength to take that place.

Senator Hale has been in Congress for forty years. Before that he served two terms in the Maine Legislature. He was elected to the Forty-first Congress and re-elected four times. Then, in 1880, he was selected to the Senate, and he has been re-elected five times in succession.

Already the insurgents are claiming the credit for the defeat of Senator Hale. The fight which has been waged against him by Judge Powers has been largely on an insurgent platform, and it will be interesting now to see whether the retirement of Hale and his recommendation of the candidacy of ex-Gov. Cobb will enable the Maine regulars to hold the Senatorship.

The disappearance of both Hale and Aldrich from the Senate is bound to leave a number of men who have been acting with the regulars very much up in the air, and the insurgents are confident that they will receive valuable recruits from that cause alone. It is expected also to give their campaign this Summer a decided impetus, and altogether it adds to the complications and uncertainty of the approaching elections.

ALDRICH SAYS HE WILL QUIT.

Condition of His Health Makes Another Term Impossible.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Senator Aldrich authorized the announcement to-night that he would not be a candidate for re-election to the Senate, and that he will positively retire at the expiration of his present term on March 4, 1911. This announcement was made by the Senator upon his return to Washington from Rhode Island, where he had been in consultation with his political associates.

"I have decided not to be a candidate again," said the Senator. "Since something of my plans has leaked out already, I would be glad to have you make that statement. I had not intended to say anything for a few days, as I would have preferred to apprise my friends in Washington of my plans personally, but I suppose it is just as well as it is."

Mr. Aldrich talked freely of his determination to retire. Ill health alone dictated his decision, he said. During his service in the civil war he had a long siege of typhoid fever, and as a result of that illness he has suffered periodically with intestinal trouble. These discomforts have manifested themselves when he has worked particularly hard, and have caused him considerable worry.

One week ago the Senator went to New York, where he consulted his physicians. They were insistent that he rid himself of the more exacting of his burdens and devote a large share of his time to outdoor exercise. He could see no way to lead such a life if he accepted another term of six years in the Senate, and therefore he decided to retire.

After talking the situation over with members of his family the Senator went to Rhode Island last Friday to make the necessary arrangements. He wanted to confer with his Republican associates and to insure the election of a Republican to the Senate to succeed him.

"As a matter of fact, I think practically the whole of the Administration legislative programme will go through during the present Congress, most of it at this session, except currency legislation. I believe that partisanship can be eliminated very largely from the question of reforming the currency system, and that is what I am counting upon."

It was suggested that the Democrats might carry the next House of Representatives. He said that even in such an event the work of the Monetary Commission would proceed just the same and that he felt the Democrats were just as much interested in the subject as the Republicans. Thus far, he pointed out, no political question had been injected into the work, although the commission is made up of members of both parties.

After Mr. Aldrich has talked with President Taft and his closest friends in the Senate he expects to write a letter to Gov. Pothier of Rhode Island, setting out in greater detail his reasons for retiring. That letter in all probability will be made public.

It is expected that tremendous pressure will be exerted to induce Senator Aldrich to change his mind, but that it will be without effect is certain. His leadership has been so bitterly attacked, especially during and since the enactment of the Payne-Aldrich tariff law, that in some quarters it will be charged, it was suggested, that he has decided to leave the Senate because of this opposition.

"Have you considered that phase of the question?" he was asked. Mr. Aldrich laughed.

"Of course, some folks will say that I was forced out," he said, "but I don't think any one who knows me will believe it."

"And there is no doubt of the result," he said. "The party leaders have canvassed the situation, and there is no doubt that a Republican will take my place. All of my associates in the State are just as confident as I am on that score."

It is a well-known fact that it has been the ambition of Mr. Aldrich to crown his legislative career with a thorough reform of the currency system of the Government. It was with that end in view that he became the moving spirit in the National Monetary Commission. He has directed the work of that commission since its inception, and he expects to continue his work along that line, although his retirement next March probably will deprive him of the distinction of having such currency legislation bear his name.

There are now several former members of Congress serving on the Monetary Commission. It was formulated on lines which contemplated continued service of its original membership until its work is completed. The foregoing facts were brought out when Senator Aldrich was asked what he intended to do regarding currency reform.

"I would retire from Congress with the greatest reluctance if it were not for the thought that I can continue with the National Monetary Commission," said the Senator with a display of feeling that he has not exhibited in connection with any other phase of his plans.

Verdict Against Tammany Leader.

Michael J. Garvin, a Tammany district leader in the Bronx, must pay $7,000 to Oscar Bluemner, who drew plans for the two-million-dollar Bronx Borough Court House, according to a sealed verdict delivered by a jury to Supreme Court Justice Davis yesterday. Garvin was chosen as official architect, but his plans were turned down by the Municipal Art Commission. He got Bluemner to prepare a new set of plans, which passed the commission, and he collected $20,000. His defense was that Bluemner was merely a draughtsman in his employ.

MINNEHAHA STICKS FAST ON THE ROCKS

Seems Doomed—Sixty-six Passengers, Landed on Scilly Islands, Still Wait There.

LOST IN FOG THREE DAYS

No Panic and No Lives Lost, and Though Cargo Is Being Jettisoned Owners Still Hope for Ship.

HUGH TOWN, St. Mary's, Scilly Islands, April 18.—The Atlantic Transport liner Minnehaha, which went aground at an early hour this morning off the Scilly Islands, is still fast on the rocks, and there is little likelihood of saving the steamer. All the passengers, numbering sixty-six, were taken off in safety, as well as about one-third of the cattle. Should the sea continue smooth, as now seems probable, the greater part of the cargo will be salved, but a change of the wind to the northwest would expose the Minnehaha to heavy seas, with hardly a chance of saving either ship or cargo.

No attempt was made to-day to get the liner off the rocks. She lies on a big, jagged pinnacle nearly a mile from Bryher Island. From the first prospects of floating the steamer looked hopeless, and at high tide she was still held fast forward of the bridge. The engine room and stokehold, and after part of the vessel, however, are still dry. All of the baggage belonging to the passengers has been brought to St. Mary's.

The sun has been invisible since Wednesday, and observations by the officers of the Minnehaha were impossible, but the lead had been kept going since noon Sunday, when Shipman Head was sighted. Capt. Layland, thinking himself southward of the island, after backing out, headed in a southwesterly direction when suddenly his vessel grounded. She grated along for a few yards and then crashed into the solid rock. There was no mistaking the fact that the vessel had hit hard, and wireless messages and signals of distress were immediately sent out. Boats from Bryher Island put out, and the steamer's boats were made ready and filled with women. There was no panic, both the men of the ship and the passengers showing the utmost bravery.

A Passenger's Story.

Robert King of Schenectady, N. Y., one of the passengers, describing the accident, said:

"The first three days out from New York were fine, but the last three or four days the weather was overcast, and I think that the Captain was unable to take observations. I had turned in about 1 o'clock this morning, and the first intimation I had that anything was wrong was when I heard the officers ordering all hands on deck. The officers assured the passengers that there was no danger.

"The women were put into the boats before they were lowered, and half an hour after the ship struck boats arrived from Bryher. All the passengers were landed on that island, which is less than a mile distant. We were well taken care of and excellently treated by the inhabitants. We left Bryher at noon and were landed on St. Mary's Island at 4 o'clock.

"The Captain of the Minnehaha, as well as the other officers, displayed great coolness, while the discipline of the crew was perfect."

All the passengers are now comfortably housed in hotels here and to-morrow will proceed by steamer to Penzance, and thence to London. The Captain, officers, and crew of the Minnehaha left the vessel for the night, landing on St. Mary's. They will return to-morrow to resume salvage operations.

The ship struck the rock about 2 in the morning and the water began at once to pour into the forward hold. The lifeboats were swung out promptly at the first shock, and then Capt. Layland, the officers, and crew passed among the passengers, who had hurriedly rushed on deck in the clothing in which they had slept, quieting their fears and pursuading them to return to their cabins and dress themselves warmly for the trip ashore.

Boats from St. Mary's.

Wireless messages were sent at once to Lloyd's signal station at the Lizard, from which point they were passed on to Falmouth. The wireless calls and signal guns from the distressed vessel brought quick responses from all directions. The guns were heard on St. Mary's Island, and a lifeboat was promptly dispatched, together with all the available fishing boats. The wireless stations on the mainland picked up the ship's alarms, and tugs were soon on their way to the wreck from Plymouth, Falmouth, and Penzance.

Before the tugs arrived the passengers, accompanied by some of the crew, were taken off in the Minnehaha's boats and those of the Islanders, and landed at Bryher, where they were made as comfortable as the resources of the little island permitted.

Capt. Layland and his crew and the cattlemen stood by the vessel, which at daylight showed a slight list to port. As soon as the passengers were sent away the work of lightening the ship was begun. The weather continued thick and rain fell, but the sea was fairly moderate. Two lifeboats stood by. Some of the live stock, which made up a large part of the cargo, was landed on Sampson Island. Shipments of wax and machinery, which filled holds 1 and 2, were jettisoned as the vessel continued to make water forward.

An early examination of the engines and boiler rooms appeared to show, however, that their equipments were intact and that the damage to the vessel was limited to the forward holds.

The Minnehaha struck at almost the identical spot where her namesake, a sailing ship, was driven ashore some thirty-seven years ago.

In spite of the precarious position of the steamer the Captain says that he is hopeful that it will be possible to lighten her sufficiently to get her off the rocks to-morrow. Though the weather was fairly moderate this afternoon the steamer bumped heavily on the rocks and water continued to pour rapidly through the bad rip in her hold.

EXPECT TO SAVE VESSEL.

Officials of Line Say Passengers Will Be in London at 9 To-day.

The officials of the International Mercantile Marine Company are hopeful that the stranded Atlantic Transport liner Minnehaha may be floated some time to-day, and, though seriously damaged, reach London without further accident. The following message from Capt. Layland was received early yesterday morning:

> Passengers all safe. Minnehaha struck at 2 this morning in dense fog. Passengers landed promptly, Bryher Island. Fully expect to float, high tide noon to-day. Condition good.

There were few inquiries as to the safety of passengers, and this is accounted for by the fact that the early cables stated that every one had been rescued. There were, however, a number of inquiries from shippers as to the chances of saving their shipments. The Minnehaha carried a general cargo of 5,000 tons of merchandise.

According to the officials, the passengers should be at Paddington station, London, about 9 A. M. to-day. They have been transferred from Bryher Island to St. Mary's, with their baggage, and provisions are reported to have been landed from the stranded vessel. They will leave St. Mary's about 9 A. M. today on the little steamer running to Penzance. From there they will immediately take the London train and make the eight-hour run in time to reach London in the early evening.

If necessary, it is said, the whole cargo will be jettisoned, but the line officials do not think this will be necessary. Much freight, however, will have to be taken out to lighten the vessel. They say that at Bryher Island there are four tides a day and the highest is in the afternoon, and they judge that Capt. Layland will take advantage of the afternoon tide.

The dense fog was responsible, they say, for the accident. The place is dangerouse because of the strong north current sweeping alox the islands.

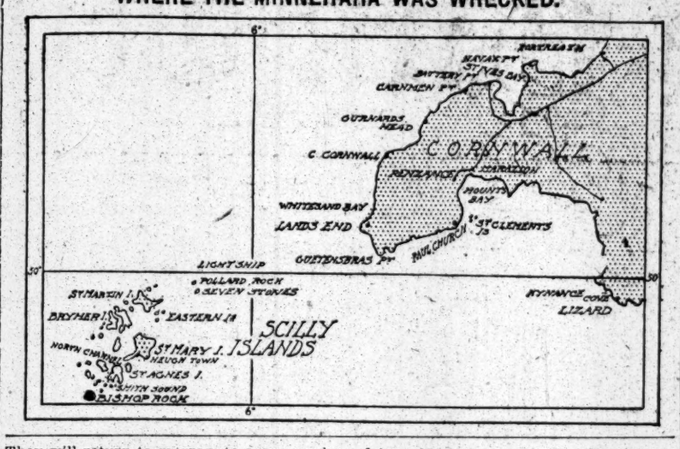
The Minnehaha, which sailed from New York on April 9, is considered one of the stanchest vessels of the line, and Capt. Layland is regarded as a careful and experienced navigator. Since she was built at Belfast, in 1900, she has been concerned in several accidents. On Dec. 26, 1901, she was damaged in collision with the British steamer John Sanderson off Gravesend, in the Thames. In January, 1908, she lost her propeller and made the trip from New York to London with one propeller, but carried no passengers. Her last previous accident was on April 17, 1909, when she went aground in Gedney Channel. She was refloated on the following day, which happened to be just one year ago yesterday.

The Scilly Islands and rocks in their vicinity occupy about forty-seven square miles and lie about thirty miles westward of the southwest extremity of England. The group consists of forty-eight islands, of which only St. Mary's, St. Agnes's, St. Martin's, Trescow, and Bryher are inhabited. The principal landmarks are the telegraph tower on the highest part of St. Mary's, the first object that appears above the horizon to one approaching from the southward; the Star Fort, Lloyd's signal tower and flagstaff, also on St. Mary's; the lighthouse ot St. Agnes, Round Island, and Bishop Rock, and the red and white day mark on St. Martin's Island. In clear weather these may be seen from a distance of fifteen miles, and the lights from eighteen to twenty miles.

A near approach to these islands from the southwestward to westward requires caution in hazy or thick weather in consequence of the rocky ledges which project in those directions, the principal of which are the Nundeeps, Crim, Bishop, Crebinack, Bishop's Ridge, and the ledges westward of Pednathias Head. Bishop Rock, near which the Minnehaha struck, is the highest of a cluster of rocks forming the southwesternmost of the Scilly group. These rocks are about half a mile in extent and covered at high water. There is a stone lighthouse on Bishop Rock.

On Oct. 22, 1707, four vessels of the British squadron under Sir Cloudesley Shovel, were wrecked on the Scilly Islands when returning from an expedition against Toulon. Sir Cloudesley, with his 900 men on the flagship Association, were lost, as were the crews of the Eagle, Romney, and Firebrand.

WHERE THE MINNEHAHA WAS WRECKED.



KITCHENER A HERO AT PILGRIMS' DINNER

England's Field Marshal Hailed as the Greatest Soldier of Modern Times.

WEST POINT HIS MODEL

Has Already Recommended That Australia Build Its Military School on the Same Lines—Gaynor Praises Him.

Many men prominent in politics, literature, and law gathered last night in the Waldorf-Astoria at the dinner of the Pilgrims of the United States to honor Field Marshal Viscount Kitchener. They told him he was the greatest living soldier, and that as an administrator he was surpassed by few, if any. In fact they said so many nice things about Lord Kitchener that he blushed like a schoolboy, and in a speech of few words but to the point, as is characteristic of the fighting man, he promised to become a Pilgrim himself as soon as he gets back to England.

It was the first opportunity that any gathering of representative New Yorkers had to give Lord Kitchener a real welcome since he reached town a few days ago on his way home. It was also the first time Lord Kitchener has made a public address in America. While of few words, bluntly said without any of the flourishes of the orator, Lord Kitchener's speech made an agreeable impression on the 500 or so men, who cheered him to the echo when he sat down.

He told the Pilgrims that he was pleased with West Point. His characterization of the Nation's Military Academy was that it was "thorough." And the speakers who followed him said that if Lord Kitchener had hunted a week for a more appropriate word he could not have found a better one. He told them that he thought so much of West Point Academy that he had recommended it as a model to the Governments of Australia and New Zealand.

Enthusiasm was lacking at no stage of the dinner last night. The Pilgrims cheered Lord Kitchener and they drank his health and the health of his King. Even the women in the galleries which skirted the dining hall applauded him whenever there was a chance to do so.

Among those who paid compliments to the guest of the evening were Attorney General Wickersham, Secretary of the Navy George Von L. Meyer, Joseph H. Choate, Mr. Mitchell-Innes, Chancellor of the British Embassy in Washington, Mayor Gaynor, President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia, and Patrick Francis Murphy. Each vied with the other in placing verbal laurel wreaths upon the brow of Lord Kitchener.

Mr. Choate presided in the absence of W. Butler Duncan, President of the Pilgrims. Mr. Choate read a cablegram from Lord Roberts, President of the British Pilgrims, which said:

> Best things are often kept until the last. The British Pilgrims are sure that in his wide tour Lord Kitchener has found no warmer welcome than he will receive from the American Pilgrims to-night.

"We have gathered to welcome on his way home from exile the greatest living soldier in active service," said Mr. Choate. "And these representative women of New York who are in the balconies—what are they here for? Nothing would have kept them from being here to look upon a man of whom they have heard so much. These men and women have gathered to express their admiration of this hero. You need not be told of the tremendous service he has rendered the countrymen in the last thirty years. He has never gone into action until he has got ready, and has never fought except to win. Permanent and abiding peace has always followed in his wake.

"On whatever service, wherever he is, his first service is to take good care of his men. Wherever he is Tommy Atkins is the best fed, the best taken care of, and the most popular fellow in the world. We could have made him happy here four months, but he has confided to me that he is homesick. Who blames him, for he's been away so long?"

When Mr. Choate introduced Lord Kitchener the Pilgrims got up and sang "He's a Jolly Good Fellow," and gave him three cheers.

"I am most grateful to the Pilgrims for their kind and lavish hospitality with which they have entertained me this evening," said Lord Kitchener. "The more so as it has given me the opportunity of meeting so many distinguished citizens of New York and of renewing my acquaintance with several gentlemen whom I have met in various parts of the world. Mr Choate has referred to my old chief, Lord Roberts, under whom I had the honor and pleasure of serving in South Africa. I hope in a few days now to be able to tell him how splendidly the Pilgrims on this side maintain the hospitable tradition of the society, and with what a kindly greeting and cordial welcome they receive Englishmen visiting the United States.

"I sincerely thank Mr. Choate for the kind and too flattering remarks he has made about myself. Mr. Choate is a brilliant orator, and when I was last in England ably represented his country there and charmed by his eloquence every society he met. After the peace diploma Mr. Choate has given me, this evening, I think I may claim to be entitled to become a Pilgrim myself, and on my return to England I intend to seek admittance to a society which has done so much to bring us together and unite us in ever closer bonds of friendship by means of a better knowledge and mutual understanding of each other.

"I have recently been in Australia, and naturally heard there a good deal about the visit of the American fleet. What seems to have struck every one in the Commonwealth was not only the great courtesy and frank good-will of the Admiral and his officers, but also the good behavior and smartness and preparedness for war of the men and ships of the fleet. The visit undoubtedly created an excellent impression, for while it demonstrated to the world the power of the American Navy, it brought home to the people of Australasia the kindly feelings entertained toward them by the people of this country.

"I greatly regret that my visit has been so short that I have been unable to see many points of interest, but I am glad to have had the opportunity of personally visiting your Military College at West Point, an institution in which I have always felt the keenest interest. I was struck by the smartness of the cadets I saw on parade, and also by their movements and good marching. I think my opinion on the institution may be summed up in one word, 'thorough.' It takes in raw lads, and forms their characters, instructs their minds, and, while attending to their physical development, impresses upon them that most essential attribute of the soldier—discipline.

"The new buildings and appliances in every department place the college on the highest level of military instructional institutions. A few months ago I recommended the Australian and New Zealand Governments to take West Point as their model for the military college they require. I hope the ideal I have thus placed before them will not appear to them unattainable; they will have to work by degrees, for they must remember it has taken over 100 years to create West Point.

"Although my stay among you has been short, I can assure you, gentlemen, that I have thoroughly enjoyed the whole of it, and have very highly appreciated the many acts of courtesy and consideration that have been shown me on all sides during my stay in this country. These will be always a pleasant memory, together with the remembrance of your cordial greeting and kind reception this evening."

Attorney General Wickersham said that President Taft regretted not having been able to meet Lord Kitchener.

In introducing Mayor Gaynor, who arrived late at the dinner, Mr. Choate said that "most of the men present voted against him last Fall. But," added Mr. Choate, "if we had elections here every three months as they seem to have in England I feel sure most of us would vote for him."

"If you all did vote against me I hope you are all sorry for it," replied the Mayor, when it came time for him to speak. Mayor Gaynor said that the achievements of Lord Kitchener meant that he was something more than a mere great soldier on the field of battle.

"He is one of the greatest administrators of to-day, and of the last fifty years," said the Mayor. "Lord Kitchener will agree with me in saying that the greatest factor which makes for success is the genius for getting ready in time—the genius of detail. Lord Kitchener is such a man. I wish I could have been here and heard him speak." [There was a laugh at this.] "I see he made a fist of it," said the Mayor with a smile. "There are many talkers, far too many, but the man who does large things when he gets ready is the man who says little and does much. Lord Kitchener is such a man. I could not say less and I could say more than Mr. Murphy said that Lord Kitchener will be canonized as an apostle of peace rather than of war, and that the order of things will be changed so that soldiers will make peace and citizens war."

This is what they ate:

MENU.

Clovisses.
Potage Sante.
Radis. Olives. Celeri. Amandes salees.
Truite de riviere au bleu.
Pommes de terre, persillade.
Couronne, Virginienne, avec puree re petits pois,
Pointes d'asperges nouvelles au gratin.
Medaillon d'agneau du printemps.
Pamplemousse au marasquin.
Chaudfroid de canneton.
Salade de coeurs de laitue.
Mues de fraises fraiches.
Petit fours. Fruits.
Cafe.
Graves Superieur. Amontillade Pasado.
Brauneberger. St. Emilion. Champagne.
Liqueurs.
Apollinaris.

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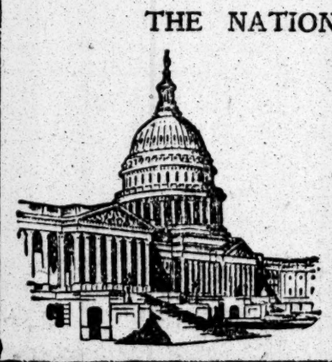

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LOW PRAISES GAYNOR TO REPUBLICAN CLUB

Calls Mayor's "Unanimity" with Fusion Board of Estimate a Gratifying Surprise.

URGES ALBANY INQUIRY

Unless Party Purges Itself It Cannot Hope to Retain Its Membership, ex-Mayor Says.

In his speech to the members of the Republican Club last night, following his election to its Presidency to succeed Robert C. Morris, Seth Low enthusiastically praised Mayor Gaynor. In referring to the unanimity with which he is working with the Fusion members of the Board of Estimate, he said:

"It is one of the gratifying surprises of the election that these gentlemen and Mayor Gaynor have been able to work together, hand in hand, as cordially as if they had been elected on the same ticket. Of the many good things which Mayor Gaynor has done and said nothing seems to me to have been wiser than his statement in relation to rapid transit, that 'nobody ever got a dividend out of a quarrel.'"

Mr. Low also praised the Mayor for the reforms which he has started with relation to the condemnation of land. He declared that he would see that the club took an active part in the political life of the City, State, and Nation, and that he would appoint committees on National, State, and City affairs.

"I hope the Republican Club will cooperate with the County Committee," said he. "So long as the County Committee is under the leadership of Mr. Griscom I think the club can do this with great advantage both to the party and to the Commonwealth.

"It is not uncommon to hear men say that the Republican Party will have a hard fight to elect the majority of the next House of Representatives and to keep its control of the State of New York. I hope it has, for a party that is worth anything is at its best when it has to fight hard to maintain its principles.

"The newspapers are asking whether President Taft has made good, and Republicans are asking themselves why such a question is even asked. It is the business of good Republicans to hold up his hands and to be calm in the assurance that he deserves our support.

"The thought is intolerable that legislation in New York can be bought and sold, and yet enough has been brought to light to convince every thinking man that legislation has sometimes been paid for. There is no more imperative duty laid upon the present Legislature than to reveal the details of this abhorrent system and make it more difficult, if not impossible, to treat law-making as if it were merchandise.

"The Republican Party cannot keep even a fraction of its membership if it hesitates to accept this duty and to discharge it. I hope that before this Legislature adjourns the party will have been placed in the position of a party that will make no terms with corruption, even though the servants of corruption are found in its own ranks. A party that shall hesitate to do this has outlived its usefulness. In the Autumn the people are to be called upon to choose between the Republican Party, thus thoroughly purged, and a Democratic Party, without the picturesque Conners, but under the control of the no less picturesque Murphy. I hope the people will do as Mayor Gaynor has done; recommend Mr. Murphy as an object for considerate study, and have nothing to do with him.

"It would be curious if Tammany could capture the minor offices of the State by the nomination of a good head of the ticket, and make good from the State the patronage it has lost in its own bailiwick. But against this may I even forfend!"

Mr. Low also paid a tribute to Theodore Roosevelt. He said:

"Every American, without distinction of party, must take pleasure in the hearty welcome which one Nation after another is giving to this remarkable man. The American people long ago have taken him to their heart, and it is gratifying to know that everywhere he is recognized not only as a most representative American, but also as the forceful and inspiring man that we know him to be."

Mr. Morris replied with a short address, outlining the progress made by the club during the last year, financially and in membership.

Other officers elected were: First Vice President, Nathaniel A. Elsberg; Second Vice President, H. H. Gibbs; Third Vice President, Edgar F. Cragin; Recording Secretary, Merritt E. Haviland; Corresponding Secretary, William W. Brown; Treasurer, James L. Wandling; Executive Committee, J. A. Dutton, Robert N. Kellyon, Reuben Leslie Maynard, Alvan W. Perry, George W. Wanmaker, Charles O. Maas, Robert C. Morris, and Howard W. Albro.

HOSPITAL TESTS ON ORPHANS.

Charges Made That Their Eyesight Was Impaired by Tuberculin.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 18.—Charges that the Advisory Medical Board of St. Vincent's Home for Orphans in this city had resigned on account of friction with the sisters managing the institution over dangerous "experiments" performed with tuberculin on the children, revived to-day by a New York newspaper in a long article, were made and denied here several months ago.

The article to-day was based upon the publication in the Archives of Internal Medicine of an article describing the experiments by University of Pennsylvania investigators of the effects of tuberculin. This article is signed by Dr. Samuel McC. Hammell, Dr. Howard Childs Carpenter, and Dr. Thomas A. Cope, all of this city. Parts of it read as follows:

> Before beginning the application of the conjunctival test, "the eye test," we had no knowledge of any serious results from its use.
>
> It is unquestionably much easier of application than the other tests, but it has the great disadvantage of producing a decidedly uncomfortable lesion, and it is not infrequently followed by serious inflammation of the eye, which not only produces great physical discomfort, and requires weeks of active treatment, but which may permanently affect the vision and even lead to its complete destruction.
>
> Permanent disturbance of vision is sure to follow in this last case from the central scar, even should the associated lesion, which is at present in a very unpromising condition, clear up eventually.
>
> In fact, we are strongly of the opinion that any diagnostic procedure which will so frequently result in serious lesions of the eye, irrespective of the way in which it produces them, has no justification in medicine.

Members of the Advisory Medical Board of St. Vincent's Home declared at the time the charges were originally made, and fully printed in the newspapers of this city, that they had resigned on account of their own dissatisfaction with the hygienic condition of the institution. In further proof of this the following copy of their joint withdrawals is now given for publication:

June 18, 1909.

Sister Marie,
St. Vincent's Home.

Dear Madam: It is the feeling of the medical staff that as long as it retains its position in St. Vincent's Home the public will eventually hold it responsible for the morbidity, the mortality, and the defective hygiene of the institution.

Inasmuch as every recent effort which the staff has made to bring about improvement in these conditions has been obstructed; inasmuch as it is practically impossible for them at the present time to accomplish anything in the way of improving the wretched conditions which exist in St. Vincent's Home, the members of the staff do hereby submit their resignations to take effect the first of July, 1909.

This was signed by William R. Nicholson, Samuel McC. Hammell, J. B. Carnett, Frank Crozer Knowles, C. A. Fife, Ralph Butler, Edward A. Shumway, and John M. Cruice.

UNTERMYER ATTACKS LIFE INSURANCE MEN

Criticises Alleged Expenditure of Money in Mutual and New York Elections.

PEABODY REPLIES SHARPLY

Says Untermyer Likes Notoriety, and Refers to Certain Proposals Made by Him.

Samuel Untermyer came out last night with a statement in which he bitterly criticised both the Mutual Life Insurance Company and the New York Life Insurance Company. It was inspired by the report made yesterday on the Mutual Life by William H. Hotchkiss, State Superintendent of Insurance. Mr. Untermyer said:

"I know nothing about the merits of the settlement with the McCurdys, but I know a great deal about the use that was made of the policy holders' money and organization to re-elect the old management in the elections of 1906.

"You ask whether I am surprised at these revelations of the use which the Trustees of the Mutual Life have made of the policy holders' money in connection with their campaign to re-elect themselves and defeat the efforts of the policyholders to dislodge them and to secure a change of management.

"I am not in the least surprised.

"This sum of $165,000 is only a fraction of the sums that were improperly spent by the New York Life and the Mutual Life. When you add to the money extracted directly out of the till the many other ways in which they squandered the funds and used the agency force in that election to prevent the disclosures that would have followed changes of management in the two companies, $1,000,000 would be nearer the cost of that election to the policy holders

A "Life and Death Struggle."

"The agency and salaried forces in both companies, besides the agency forces in other companies, were put into service in that memorable life and death struggle between the old crowd and the twenty-five distinguished public-spirited gentlemen who constituted the Policy Holders' Committee, with such men as Richard Olney of Massachusetts, Judge George Gray of Delaware, Gov. Johnson of Minnesota, Alton B. Parker of New York, and the then Governors of four great States among their number.

"If the story of that unequal struggle is ever written it will constitute one of the most disgraceful pages in our history. The policy holders were robbed of their rights and their own organization was used to accomplish their defeat. It was a shameless and desperate game. It would not have been possible if Mr. Hotchkiss had then been in office, for he is doing his duty.

"If the policy holders do not resent the defiant and insolent attitude of the President of the Mutual Life in his published interview this morning it is only because they cannot make themselves heard. It would be difficult to imagine anything more unbecoming than the characterization by a man who is supposed to be holding a fiduciary position of the report of the Insurance Superintendent on his company by such epithets as 'silly.'

"After being furnished a copy of the report weeks ago and afforded the opportunity of a hearing of which he was careful not to avail himself, he contents himself with insulting the public officer who has dared to discharge his sworn duty. There seems to be no limit to the arrogance of these self-constituted guardians of other people's money.

New York Life's Offense.

"The New York Life was, however, by far the worse offender in this matter of the elections. When an agent of that company was caught red-handed in the act of forging the names of policy holders to ballots and proof had been gathered tending to show gross frauds in the elections for Directors in thirty States, the New York Life trumped up charges against Mr. Scrugham, the then manager of the Policy Holders' Committee. A pliant, gullible District Attorney was easily fooled into assisting them in the game of covering their tracks and of discrediting the most unselfish public-spirited movement ever inaugurated in this country by the most eminent body of men ever gathered together in an effort to rescue the company from the men who had looted it or permitted it to be looted.

"It took the jury less than three minutes to pronounce the charge against Mr. Scrugham groundless, but meantime the New York Life had accomplished its malign purpose. The harm had been done.

"I allow precedence to no one in my admiration for the great constructive work of reform that was accomplished by Gov. Hughes as a result of the insurance investigation. It stands without an equal in the history of the State. It is not his fault that the conditions in the two companies are not vastly improved. In the New York Life particularly those conditions are most unsatisfactory. The companies are to-day more than ever pawns to high finance. They must be still further restricted in the character of their investments if they are to be entirely taken out of Wall Street.

"The moral obtuseness of these men is simply incredible. The New York Life, for instance, can see no cause for indignation on the part of its policy holders in its use of vast sums in the past few years under cover of a widespread campaign denouncing the laws of the State under which it lives, as though that were the legitimate province of the officers of a mutual company. Restitution should be required for every dollar that has thus been squandered, (and it runs into many tens and perhaps hundreds of thousands of dollars.)

"If the policy holders want an instructive object lesson in the extent to which these men have subsidized the press through this 'advertising' campaign, let them examine this carefully prepared report of the Superintendent and then turn to the columns of at least two of our daily papers this morning, in which the most transparent efforts are made to belittle the startling disclosures of the department and to 'whitewash' the company. The advertising patronage should be taken from the officers and put into the control of the Insurance Department.

"The Mutual Life regards the manner in which its large holdings in banks and trust companies have been privately disposed of without opportunity for competition as being beyond criticism.

"The vast amounts that have been squandered under cover of the so-called 'Association of Life Insurance Presidents,' to which the Hon. Grover Cleveland unfortunately lent the respectability of his great name, they consider legitimately expended. They will be surprised before long to find out how much they are mistaken. The day of reckoning for these and many other of their recent doings is nearer at hand than they imagine.

"Is it any wonder then that these self-constituted custodians of the policy holders' money have been able to resist the efforts to dislodge them and to force them to account for their trust so long as they are able to lavishly use the policy holders' money for such purposes?

Says the State Must Act.

"We are a callous, long-suffering people, but even with us this shocking state of things cannot last forever. The time will come when the State must take a hand in the elections of these so-called 'mutual' companies, which are mutual only in name, and help the victimized policy holder to assert his will.

"Under present conditions these elections are a farce. Even under the direction of a vigorous, irreproachable Superintendent of Insurance, such as we have now, the attempt to exclude the agency force from controlling the elections failed. This vast army of paid agents can overwhelm any movement by the policy holders, as they did in 1906. So long as the officers run the companies in the interest of the agents rather than in that of the policy holders their tenure is secure, no matter what they do.

"I hope means will be found to uncover the transactions of the past few years, to enforce restitution, and to further amend the laws so as to permit either the intervention of the State on behalf of the policy holders or the exclusion of the agency force from controlling the elections.

"The report on expenditures and the showing of increased dividends are a great tribute to the wisdom of Gov. Hughes in the face of the reactionary disposition of the management. But I dread to contemplate what is going to happen when the policy holders lose those two watch dogs of their treasury, the present Governor and Superintendent."

False, Says Peabody.

President Charles A. Peabody of the Mutual Life Insurance Company read the statement of Mr. Untermyer in the library of his own home, 224 Madison Avenue, last night. In reply Mr. Peabody dictated to a TIMES reporter this statement:

> The statement which you show me, prepared by Mr. Untermyer, only shows that he has indulged once more in his propensity for "butting in" and attaching his name to anything which may involve a little passing notoriety.
>
> His remarks are as truthful as most of his utterances; that is to say, there is not one word of truth in them.
>
> His statements as to the conduct of the election of the Mutual Life Insurance Company to my knowledge (and I have no doubt this is equally true in the case of the New York Life Insurance Company) are entirely false, and no one knows it better than Mr. Untermyer.
>
> During the campaign preceding the election of 1906 he made two proposals to me, either one of which would have involved my betraying the interests of the policy holders and indirectly contributing to his inordinate vanity and greed.
>
> He was unable then and is unable now to see why I did not care to accept his very flattering proposals, for the reason that his temperament and character make it impossible for him to understand or appreciate the ways and methods of decent business men.
>
> Fortunately the intelligence of the policy holders recognized a demagogue when they saw one, and they expressed themselves in a manner which could not be misunderstood.
>
> But I waste words in expressing my opinion of the gentleman in question. My opinion is that of the business community generally.

Mr. Peabody said he did not care to make public at this time just what proposals Mr. Untermyer made to him in the campaign which preceded the Mutual's election of 1906. He said other persons besides Mr. Untermyer were concerned whom he did not care at present to involve in a controversy. He said he would wait for Mr. Untermyer to challenge his statement before speaking further.

Mr. Untermyer's remarks seem principally to concern the New York Life Insurance Company, and I would be simply following his own bad example if I discussed his statement at greater length," said President Peabody.

Mr. Peabody added that he had made such a vigorous and personal reply to Mr. Untermyer's statement as he had dictated because he believed Mr. Untermyer had been allowed to go unchallenged long enough in his attacks.

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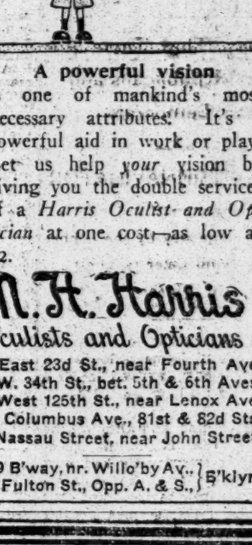

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BRYAN, HOME AGAIN, SILENT ON POLITICS

Except to Say That There Are Some Good Republicans and Some Bad Democrats.

HE'S A CIRCUMNAVIGATOR

Welcomed Down the Bay by the Globe-trotters' Club and Later Is Their Guest at Dinner.

William Jennings Bryan of Lincoln, Neb., thrice defeated Democratic candidate for the Presidency, arrived in New York yesterday after a long tour of South America.

Mr. Bryan looked fine, and although he said his trip had been one of the pleasantest and most instructive he had ever taken, he was happy to be home again. On the way up the bay he remarked that the United States never seemed greater and New York grander than it did through the mist and rain.

Down the bay the tug John J. Timmins, having on board a delegation from the Circumnavigators' Club, of which Mr. Bryan was the guest of honor at a dinner at the Hotel Astor last night, met the Red D liner Caracas. They took Mr. Bryan off and brought him up to the city, landing him in time to make many afternoon calls on old friends, among whom was Mayor Gaynor.

The home coming of Mr. Bryan was different yesterday from his return from Europe and the Orient several years ago. Then he was welcomed by a multitude. Thousands acclaimed him as he landed at the Battery, and other thousands kept up the welcoming all the way up Broadway to the Hotel Victoria, where he stopped on that occasion. Yesterday there were no brass bands and the multitudes failed to gather.

Mr. Bryan's ship arrived off the Scotland Lightship early Sunday night and anchored there. When day dawned, a dense fog blanketed sea and shore in all directions, making it impossible for the Caracas to come up early in the morning, as had been intended. The liner got under way just a few minutes before noon. It was an hour later when the Circumnavigators' tug, which had been feeling her way around in the fog of the lower bay, sighted the Caracas coming in. Col. Bryan was leaning over the rail of the ship's saloon deck when the tug came alongside. He was smiling as he did in the old campaign days and he shouted to the around-the-worlders how glad he was to see them and how happy he was to be home again.

On the Timmins to greet Col. Bryan were J. H. Birch, Jr., of Burlington, N. J., and F. H. Love, F. C. Schultz, E. H. Patterson, J. D. Morrison, and W. Tyree Stevens of New York. Mr. Birch shouted through the megaphone that they wanted to take Col. Bryan off and thus expedite his landing in New York. The Colonel smiled back his acceptance, and then he hustled about getting his hand luggage together for the customs officials.

Silent on Politics.

This ordeal over, Col. Bryan lowered himself down to the tug, and after shaking hands all around talked for a while with the reporters who had gone down to meet him. He braced himself to answer all questions except such as referred to political conditions. He had been away too long, he explained, to talk politics at this time.

"South America," Col. Bryan said, "is great, and there are vast chances there for the new settler. I expect that between 40,000,000 and 50,000,000 people will emigrate to the continent within the next fifty years."

Mr. Bryan said that he did not think this emigration would come from the United States. Then he added smilingly that all the high prices were not to be found in the United States. Some things people need very much are very dear also in South America, he said.

Somebody mentioned the Panama Canal, and immediately Col. Bryan was enthusiastic. It was plain that the opponents of the "big ditch" won't get any support from the man from Lincoln.

"The Isthmian Canal," he said, "is a wonderful piece of work, and I believe that the engineers will finish it on schedule time. The organization is truly wonderful. I was particularly impressed with the commissary department. I was on the isthmus nine days, and enjoyed every day of my stay, and I did not find the climate oppressive, as I had been led to believe it was."

Mr. Bryan then talked of Peru, Venezuela, Chile, the Argentine, and the various other South American States that he had visited, and in all of which he found many evidences of substantial progress. The islands in the Atlantic also came in for a good word, especially Porto Rico, of which he said:

"I was surprised at their beauty. Porto Rico is destined to become a popular Winter resort for those who live along the North Atlantic Coast. But it is needless to add that I appreciate the shores of the United States with gladness. Each absence increases my appreciation of our nation's wonderful advances and progress. This trip is my first experience with wireless, and I recognize the added safety which it gives to ocean travel."

Then somebody asked Col. Bryan what he thought the chances of Democratic victory in the next election were.

"The chances of the Democrats," he answered, "are always good, but you must let me get home and get the run of things before you ask me to talk on National issues."

As to the Presidency.

Next in order was a question as to whether he would ever run again for the Presidency.

"I have answered that question once, and will not discuss it again," Col. Bryan replied.

Soon after landing Col. Bryan went to the City Hall to pay his respects to Mayor Gaynor. When he came out he stopped and chatted for some time with the reporters.

He was asked what he thought of the Mayor.

"I have met Mayor Gaynor before," he answered. "In fact, he and I are old friends. I was very glad when I heard that he was elected, and I have been pleased to note the favorable things that have been said about his administration. But I am not surprised at that, for I know the man."

Mr. Bryan said that he did not intend to say and had not said in the letter read at the Jefferson dinner in Washington that free silver was an issue at this time. What he wanted to say, he added, was that the President had admitted that it was right in 1896.

There was a little messenger boy standing in front of the Mayor's office when Mr. Bryan came out. Mr. Bryan looked at the lad a moment and then extended his hand.

"Hello, Harry," he said. "When did you desert Lincoln?"

"About two months ago, Mr. Bryan," the boy answered.

Then Mr. Bryan tapped him on the shoulder and told him he must make a fine record in New York, so that the people from home would have a good reputation in the metropolis. Harry said he would try.

The boy was Harry Bernstein, 14 years old, of Lincoln, Neb. For three years, he said, he had sold papers to Mr. Bryan in the home city.

From the City Hall Mr. Bryan hurried uptown to dress for the dinner of the Circumnavigators' Club, at the Hotel Astor.

Elected a Circumnavigator.

Mr. Bryan was made a member in good standing of the Circumnavigators' Club at the dinner. Only those persons who have actually gone around the world can become members of this club, and Mr. Bryan was not eligible until his ship pursed in Sandy Hook yesterday morning, which passing completed his circumnavigation of the earth. The club is one of the most exclusive in New York, and its rules and by-laws are original. One of them that Mr. Bryan said appealed to him reads as follows:

Any one who peaches, apologizes, shuffles, sidesteps, hiccoughs, or stutters, will not be allowed to hold the floor; any orator offending in any of these ways will be gently led to a corner.

There were about sixty bona-fide globe trotters at the dinner, and Mr. Bryan was the principal speaker. He carefully eschewed references to politics, except in a jocular way.

"When I was a young man," Mr. Bryan said, "I thought that all of the good was in my own party and that all of the evil was condensed and concentrated in the opposition. As I grew older, however, I met so many good Republicans and so many bad Democrats that I have become more liberal in my views. And I think it is very fortunate that no one party contains all that is good and the other all that is bad.

"Suppose that my party contained all the good, and just imagine what the conditions would be with that party out of power, or suppose the other contained all the bad, and think of the predicament the country would be in at this time. So, after all, the thing that unites us in bonds of friendship and citizenship are much more important than the political differences that we emphasize."

Col. Bryan humorously defended his right to the title of Colonel, although he added that he had stopped court-martialing those who failed to address him by it.

"I was five months in the army," said Col. Bryan, "and the only reason I did not fight was because Spaniards did not visit Florida."

Mr. Bryan, in referring to the Panama Canal, said he believed that the waterway when completed should be free to the commerce of the world. He believed it would prove a diplomatic triumph, in that, among other things, it would make impossible agitation for the building of other canals between the two oceans, and would likewise increase the trade between the United States and the Pacific nations of South America.

"I found all over South America a friendly feeling for the United States," Mr. Bryan said, "and in Brazil I spoke in a building known as the Monroe Palace. The people there want to be our friends, and I found that every man who has been in the United States and then gone back there remains a friend of this country. If the United States spent 1 per cent. of what it spends in building battleships to bring young men to this country to study it would be doing a tremendous work for the progress and prosperity of the world."

ALDRIDGE MACHINE IN THE LAST DITCH

Continued from Page 1.

pendent thinking, in the ranks of the Republican Party. Several instances were cited the other day to show what these methods mean to the individual, and if the Havens managers were so disposed they could flood the city with stories that have come to them along these lines.

This kind of campaigning, however, Mr. Havens has absolutely forbidden, and he has even held in check a good many enthusiasts in his own camp who have desired on their own account to give spice to the campaign by introducing this element of personality. The speeches of the candidate and those of his followers have had to do merely with a record of established facts, and a very simple record at that.

There was the admitted existence of the dominant organization; there was the delivery of the Rochester delegation at Albany to the first insurance interests in 1901, and the $1,000 check that paid for it. There was the fact that the same question of principle which underlay this transaction a decade old is now involved in many vital questions which will confront the new representative of the Thirty-second District in Washington. These are the things that Mr. Havens has held up to the people, and from these he has drawn his arguments. So the querulous statement issued by the big boss last night, complaining that he had been slandered and vilified and subjected to unfair treatment generally, gave Mr. Havens to-day a splendid chance to reply. And he did, in an interview giving his last word to the voters of Monroe and to the millions outside this county who are watching with intense eagerness for the verdict of to-morrow. Mr. Havens said:

"I realize that the eyes of the Nation are upon old Monroe, and that its citizenship is asking 'where does Monroe County stand on the question of honest Government?' The press of the Nation is asking the same question and the answer will be given to-morrow. In view of this wide-spread interest I think it is pertinent to say just a word regarding Mr. Aldridge's complaint that he has not been fairly treated, and that his opponents have resorted to unfair methods.

"If Mr. Aldridge thinks that he is abused in this campaign he ought to see the things I have stopped. If his supporters are not satisfied with what I have said about them I hope they will call on me after election and let me tell them what I have refused to say, what I have refused to permit any one to say.

"To be sure, I have not been hanging wreaths of flowers about the head of anybody. This is no contest over a game of parlor croquet. Campaigns are not waged in dress suits and patent leather pumps. I have been called a silk-stocking. It is possible that Mr. Aldridge now thinks I am something worse than that. I have talked to the people of Monroe County as I would talk to a jury in a courtroom. No better, no worse. I have resorted to no argument that was not supported by the facts, and admitted facts.

Recognizes Strength of Aldridge.

"Mr. Aldridge pays me the high compliment of saying that he cheerfully admits all the good qualities of the Democratic candidate, and I return the compliment and say again what I have said every time that I have spoken in the campaign—that I have no word of abuse for Mr. Aldridge. I have said over and over again that Mr. Aldridge was a man of pleasing personality, of great magnetic power; that he was a shrewd and skillful politician, and that I knew when I entered the campaign that I was pitted against the ablest politician and the most powerful machine in the State. I knew, however, that if I defeated him in this county in a campaign of only two weeks' duration I could feel that I had led my supporters to a victory the more glorious because of the might of the opposition.

"Mr. Aldridge denies that I am any more anxious than he to promote the welfare of this district. Very well. If we are both attempting to do our best to promote the welfare of this district that is all anybody could ask of either of us. We seem to differ somewhat as to the way to do it, and I want every voter in this county to vote fearlessly and conscientiously upon that difference.

"And one thing more. Mr. Aldridge sneered unmistakably when he said in his statement that I had repeated day after day my lofty aims and purposes. I am sorry that he did so. He ought not to have done it. And he certainly regrets it, even if he wins. No man can advance the welfare and interests of Monroe County who sneers at aims and purposes which he admits to be high. He cannot 'cheerfully admit all the good qualities of the Democratic candidate' and then sneer at the candidate's aims and purposes because, as he says, they are high. He must take one horn or the other of the dilemma. The two positions are too far apart for any man to straddle them.

"So far as the result of the voting to-morrow is concerned, I can only say this: When I was nominated and considered the odds against me I couldn't see how I had a chance. At the end of a week I came to the conclusion that if conditions continued making for me I had a possible chance to win. To-night I believe that I shall win, but whether I win or lose I shall not feel that this fight has been made in vain."

Betting Favors Aldridge.

Around the hotels to-night and in many of the saloons where the sporting fraternity of Rochester gathers there is some show of Aldridge money at odds of five to three. But while the Havens people are not making any effort to create a counter demonstration, it looks very much like the usual play that Tammany Hall makes at the Hoffman House on election eve, or out on the Curb earlier in the day before the votes are cast. For instance, there has been a fifteen-hundred-dollar-a-year clerk going around offering $5,000 on Aldridge. Where the money comes from, he has not explained.

In response to the wishes expressed by many consumers, Apollinaris Water is now imported in the old-fashion Stone Jugs, so familiar to Americans when visiting Germany. The jugs are stoppered with a new Patent Cap which greatly facilitates opening. These earthernware jugs have the advantage of preserving Apollinaris Water in cool and sparkling condition throughout long Dinners in heated rooms.
Packed in Hampers containing 25 Large, or 50 small, Jugs. Of all dealers.
Importers Apollinaris Agency Company, 503 Fifth Avenue, New York.—Adv.

FEDERAL INQUIRY FOR COTTON MARKET

Hayne and Brown Defendants in an Investigation of the Bull Campaign.

MARKET DROPS 30 POINTS

Twenty Brokers Subpoenaed to Take Records to Court—Spinners Blamed, Owing to Rise in Price.

The cotton market, which has become accustomed to seasonal upheavals against Exchange as a "gambling centre," and has been through a Government investigation, received a jar yesterday when Federal subpoena servers invaded the financial district with a batch of papers in criminal proceedings against the leaders of this season's bull movement.

Cotton began moving up last Summer, when it became evident that the crop this year was a failure, and that a famine was likely to result. The public came into the market more heavily than it has since the Sully pool, in 1903-04, and the price rose from around 8 cents per pound to nearly 16½ cents at the crest of the movement in December.

A series of heavy recessions during the Fall and Winter discouraged the outsiders, and a setback early this year, of more than $10 a bale from the high level, helped to reduce the speculative interest to the professional element.

In previous agitations against the cotton market it has usually been the Southern planters who have complained, accusing the speculators of conspiring to reduce the price. This season the South has complacently regarded the rise, and the grumbling has come from the spinners and mill operatives.

For the last two months the market attention has been centred on the May and July options, which the leaders of the bull movement are believed to have cornered. The price has fluctuated between 14 and 15 cents, and the spot cotton interests and the speculators on the bear side of the market have been bringing American cotton back from Liverpool at a loss of from $4 to $5 a bale, and rushing cotton here from the South in efforts to break the market.

Many Workers Out of Work.

Whether an actual corner of cotton for May and July delivery exists or not, one result of the high price of these options has been to curtail operations at the mills in New England. More than 50,000 operatives in Fall River alone were reported to have been thrown out of employment last week.

The spinning industry all over the country has been affected similarly, and estimates of the reduction in output, with cotton goods at present selling below the cost of the raw material, run from 25 to 50 per cent.

It is against two of the leaders of the bull campaign, which is blamed for these conditions, that the Federal proceedings have been brought. The Federal subpoenas served on cotton brokers yesterday describe the action as "a grand inquest of the body of the people of the United States" against "Frank P. Hayne and William P. Brown of New Orleans." Eugene P. Scales of Texas and James A. Patten of Chicago, better known as a grain speculator, are the other two members of the pool.

Frank B. Hayne and Eugene P. Scales spend most of their time directing their cotton operations in New York, and James A. Patten makes frequent trips to and from Chicago. When he heard in Chicago yesterday that the Federal authorities were after the bull pool he wired his brokers that he would be here Wednesday.

When the market first heard of the criminal action against the bull leaders, the market sold off from 25 to 30 points, or from $1.25 to $1.30 a bale, and there was a disposition, on the part of the brokers, to believe that the spot cotton interests and the bears had been instrumental in setting the authorities after their market enemies, but there was nothing in the subpoenas to indicate what had brought the storm down.

Estimates of the number of brokers called as witnesses yesterday run as high as twenty, but Nathaniel L. Carpenter, J. Temple Gwathmey, and Norrie Sellar are the only ones whose names were mentioned definitely.

The witnesses are directed to appear in the United States Circuit Court on April 19, at 11 o'clock to give evidence "in an action brought by the United States, as complainant, and Frank B. Hayne and William P. Brown of New Orleans and others, as defendants, and to bring with them and produce records and papers as follows: The original, or copies of, an agreement made Feb. 26, 1910, by the defendants and others, who did thereafter sign, or subscribe to, an agreement by which it was provided, among other things, that the parties of the first and second parts should each purchase 150,000 bales of cotton for delivery during the months March to July, 1910, at certain prices and under certain conditions named in the agreement."

They are also directed to bring with them any other agreements pertaining to the first agreement or supplemental thereto, as well as all letters, papers, records, and memoranda relative to the transmittal, receipt, and custody of the contracts.

It was taken in the trade yesterday that the agreement referred to is one which has been the subject of rumor for some time, and which it was suggested in THE TIMES yesterday, might be considered by the authorities as in restraint of trade.

These rumors, which were commonly accepted, were to the effect that the bull leaders had formed a combination with mill interests by which they were to deliver to the spinners cotton at the prevailing prices, the spinners to receive a share in the profits of the pool in consideration of their aid in absorbing enough to maintain prices and prevent the breaking of the pool. It is estimated that there may be need to finance the purchase of from 250,000 to 350,000 bales. At 15 cents per pound this would amount to $18,750,000 to $26,250,000.

An Outrage, Says Hayne.

The reimportation from Liverpool of cotton thus far has amounted to 34,016 bales, all but about 3,000 bales within two weeks. More is on the water. It is estimated that more than 40,000 bales will be brought back. This movement has not materially affected the price here. The visible supply of cotton here is now 129,000 bales. The visible supply in the United States is about 2,500,000 bales, with a possible additional 1,000,000 bales not yet in sight. This season the spinners have taken 8,481,161 bales, against 9,895,064 in the same time last year.

Frank B. Hayne at the Cotton Exchange said yesterday that he had had no news of the Government's action other than what he had read.

"Every honest man on the Exchange to whom I have talked," he said, "considers the move uncalled for and outrageous. Many have stated that if any member started it he should be expelled. In October we received and shipped between 65,000 and 70,000 bales, but made no attempt to corner it. That is proved by the fact that in December the May option sold 150 points higher than the price at which the October option had closed.

"During March we received and shipped about 65,000 bales, but there was no attempt to corner March, and I don't know how the Government or any one else can guess what our intentions are regarding the May or July options."

The feeling against the bull leaders has been bitter among spinners and mill operatives, not only in this country but in England. James A. Patten, whom the English spinners held responsible for high prices, was mobbed in Manchester, England, a month ago, and was hooted from the floor of the Cotton Exchange there.

FOG DELAYS STEAMSHIPS.

Liners Anchored Outside—Rain Ends Brush Fires.

A typically bad April day was yesterday when the New Yorker in rain coat and rubbers could only find comfort in the thought that the showers were bringing May flowers. The skies were leaden, and fog hung heavy over the waters.

There is to be no immediate change in existing conditions. The forecast is for rain to-day and until Wednesday, when the wind will get around to the northwest and become brisk enough to drive the storm to sea. A rise in temperature is promised to-day. The humidity was great yesterday. At 8 A. M. 100 per cent. was reported, and it stayed around 95 per cent. all day. An added discomfort was a very light wind which did no more than cause the fog banks to shift.

A dense fog was reported off the coast in the early morning, and the fleet of incoming vessels was held up. Some of the early arrivals took advantage in the slight lifting of the musty curtain for a while in the middle of the day to cautiously feel their way into Quarantine.

The Caracas, with William Jennings Bryan aboard, had to anchor off the Ambrose Channel Light during the forenoon.

Late in the afternoon the fog began to bank up again.

It was hazy enough late last night to cause a delay of some minutes in the ferryboat schedules.

The official record of rainfall from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. is .32 of an inch. The lowest temperature was 30 degrees, at 12:10 A. M.

The rain had one beneficial effect in Eastern New Jersey. All along the railroad tracks the scrub timber and undergrowth had been burning. In some places the fire assumed alarming proportions, and the farmers had to turn out to prevent the destruction of their property. The continual rainfall, it is reported, has extinguished many of these fires, and in some places seconded the efforts of the rural firefighters so well that the fires are under control.

So much damage has been done to the valuable forest interests of Atlantic County, N. J., by recent forest fires, which devastated 5,000 acres of woodland, that the authorities are making a rigid investigation of the cause of the fires, and arrests are likely to follow. Some of the fires are caused by farmers burning brush, which gets away from control and quickly spreads; but it is said by Fire Wardens that a large number are caused either by incendiaries with grievances against land owners, or by berry pickers to insure a big crop of huckleberries.

Five fires were burning Saturday in the vicinity of Richland, one near Somers Point City, three near May's Landing, at Absecon Crossing, Reega, and Cologne, and a large one near Egg Harbor City.

A strange condition is reported from the Middle West. The southern passage of the high pressure area has permitted the eastward movement of a storm which formed further westward and in consequence snow has fallen in the middle section as far south as Louisville, Ky. Freezing temperatures were reported yesterday morning from the upper Lake and upper Mississippi sections.

NEW BUILDING DYNAMITED.

Second Explosion Follows Trouble Over Non-Union Labor Employed.

SALT LAKE CITY, April 18.—An explosion of dynamite under the framework of the Utah Hotel Building shook the city early this morning and shattered windows in all the surrounding structures. The steel work of the hotel does not seem to have suffered great damange. No one was hurt.

A similar attempt to wreck the new hotel was made a few months ago, and two men were convicted of the crime. The steel work is being done by non-union workmen, and this has caused much feeling on the part of the unionists.

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GUARD FOR JURY IN QUEENS GRAFT TRIAL

Justice Clark Takes Extra Precautions in the Case of Brewer John Welz.

AN ECHO OF BERMEL'S RULE

But Gresser's Opponents Hope It Will Help ALong the Inquiry Into His Administration.

Justice Clark in the Supreme Court at Flushing took official cognizaance yesterday of the inflamed state of public opinion in Queens County when he ordered that the jury which is to try John Welz on graft charges growing out of the scandal following the sale of Kessina Park to the city, be locked up whenever not in the courtroom, and kept at all times under the surveillance of a court bailiff.

The order breaks all Queens County precedents, as even the jury in the celebrated Hains trial was allowed to separate at night, each of its members going to his own home.

Throughout the opening day of Welz's trial, which began at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, with Deputy Attorney General Philip Frank in charge of the prosecution by special direction of the Governor, the reawakening of an insurgent spirit in Queens continued to figure.

It was first formally mentioned when lawyers for the alleged graft agent of the old political régimes attempted to have the trial postponed until public sentiment should subside. Failing in this, they urged that a stay of a week be granted while affidavits could be prepared showing that the prevailing mood of the people was not one in which the interests of the defendant were likely to be conserved.

"The case has been hanging fire for two years," said Justice Clark, "and during that time the defendant has had ample time and opportunity in which to protect his rights. At the same time cognizance will be taken of present conditions, and the jury will remain in the custody of officers of the court until the termination of the trial."

Welz, who is a member of the brewing firm of Welz & Zerweck, with a brewery in the Ridgewood section, had visibly aged in the two years since his indictment. Near him sat George L. Glaser, also under indictment and awaiting trial at the conclusion of the present case. Glaser has spent the two years since he fell into the drag net of the aroused citizens quietly farming on a Florida plantation, and he seemed less broken in spirit than Welz.

Vidaver a Looker-On.

Nathan Vidaver, once a Deputy Attorney General, who has fallen upon evil days since he succeeded in having the indictments brought against Welz and Glaser, was on hand as an interested spectator, watching the new Deputy Attorney General handling the case that once was scheduled to be his.

The questions asked the talesmen showed well enough the kind of cases these two preliminary graft trials are to be. Hardly a political leader but was mentioned to each prospective juror, with a question as to whether he was a friend or foe. And the big firms of contractors whose names loom large through the present agitation were mentioned one by one, while the lawyers sought to find how the likely jurors felt about them.

One juror was rejected because he said he believed in temperance and favored the propaganda of the Prohibitionists.

These are the names of the famous men of Queens who were mentioned to men attempting to qualify in the jury box:

Patrick J. Mara, the celebrated "Paddy" of Queens politics, a former Sheriff; Herbert S. Harvey, ex-Sheriff and present Jess; Joseph Cassidy and Joseph Bermel, ex-Presidents of the borough; John W. Paris and Edward McDougal, who sold Kissena Park to the city in the Bermel administration, and who are now selling the dirt to fill in Jackson Avenue under the Gresser administration.

The fact that President Lawrence Gresser was a high official in the Bermel administration and continued in office most of his old associates for whom Bermel had been originally responsible linked the trial in the minds of all those present with the demand now made for another intervention by the Governor, and another series of trials following Grand Jury presentments.

Three Jurors Accepted.

On account of the many questions it was necessary to ask each man, only three jurors were accepted yesterday. These were Benjamin Merkler, Jr., an insurance clerk, of 1,529 Green Avenue, Wyckoff Heights; Henry Schnabel, a builder, of Green Avenue, Ridgewood Heights, and Edward Clifford, a stationary engineer, of 164 Barclay Street, Flushing.

The three men, at the conclusion of the afternoon session, were taken to Garrison's Hotel at Auburndale, which, it was announced, would be the official headquarters for the jurors.

As the news spread through the long avenues of Queens yesterday that the Welz trial was really going to proceed and that no more delays were to be granted, groups of citizens began to discuss the point of whether it would be better to delay the demand for another intervention by the Governor until the Welz and Glaser cases are out of the way, and the Fosdick investigation has had a chance to show what it can do.

While some few favored a slackening of clamor for a time, most of those interested urged that such a policy would allow many who could now be caught to escape. They insisted that the present Grand Jury should occupy all of its remaining time in graft investigation, as it has only until April 29 to serve, and after that there will be a long Summer of inactivity, followed by an open political season that will make all disinterested graft-hunting impracticable.

"We don't know what kind of a Governor we will get after Hughes," said one of the citizens' committee that asked the Governor to intervene. "When the present Grand Jury adjourns there will be good reasons why the matter should go over until after the election, and after the election Gov. Hughes may wish to see his successor take up the case.

"If he takes it up we will feel assured of the service of a man who can't be influenced and of the proper use of the vast volume of evidence now only awaiting the news that a representative of the Governor is going to take action to make itself heard."

Nelson Balks at Telling All.

The affidavit which it was thought Joseph Nelson, deposed from his position in the Sewer Department, was ready to make is not yet forthcoming. Nelson has hired a lawyer, and it is understood he has decided to insist on more assurances of immunity than the citizens' committee can offer before he will make in writing a statement of his experiences in the Queens graft ring.

A man signing himself "Taxpayer" wrote to THE TIMES yesterday, inclosing the names of ten men whom he says had "fake" jobs on the payrolls last election season and of a saloon keeper whose name he says was carried on the city payrolls for two years while he continued to tend bar in his saloon. This evidence the writer is anxious to give to a Deputy Attorney General if assured that a real investigation is to be made.

Lawyer Charles Pope Caldwell, representing the citizens who have joined in filing charges with Gov. Hughes, said last night that a number of men named in the document presented to the Governor as witnesses had been threatened by the Queens politicians, while others had been approached by officeholders with a plea that if the furor were not silenced they would lose their jobs.

Two hundred property owners of Richmond Hill, one of the most substantial residence districts of Queens County, met last night to protest against the official conduct of Borough President Gresser and to forestall efforts said to be under way to get concessions from the Board of Estimate which would lay, it is alleged, a heavy graft toll upon the Richmond Hill taxpayers.

MARTIN HOMESTEAD SOLD.

Mother of Ocey Snead Will Use Money for Murder Defense, It Is Believed.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 18.—The old mansion of the late Col. R. M. Martin, father of Mrs. Ocey Martin Snead, who was found dead in a bathtub in East Orange, N. J., and whose mother and her two sisters, the Misses Wardlaw, are now in jail charged with her murder, was sold at private sale to-day. The house is in Wilder Park, a suburb.

The sale was made on instructions from Mrs. Martin, Col. Martin's widow and Mrs. Snead's mother, and the deeds are on their way to the New Jersey jail, where she is awaiting trial, to receive her signature.

The Martin mansion occupies an entire block, which was purchased by Col. Martin, who was a wealthy tobacco man, and was one of the handsomest homes in this section when it was built. Neither the agents of Mrs. Martin nor John A. McDowell, the purchaser, will tell the price paid for the property till the deeds are returned. The house originally cost $30,000 and the barns and stables $8,000.

It is supposed that the money received for the property is to be used by Mrs. Martin to help pay the expenses of the defense of herself and her sisters.

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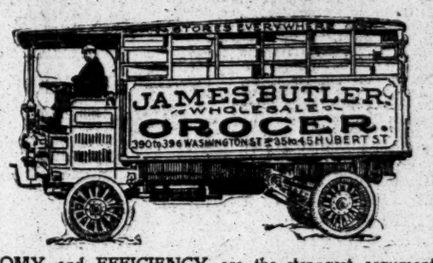

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1920 Broadway, New York.
Garage and Maintenance Station, 12th Ave. 51st St.

MARCONI WIRELESS CUTS CAPITAL STOCK

Squabble in Meeting When Proposal Is Made to Reduce Par Value of Shares to $25.

WOMEN ENLIVEN OBJECTIONS

Jones Says Stockholders Get "Hot Air" and They Want Dividends—Majority Against Dissenters.

After the annual meeting of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company in Jersey City yesterday, at which there was a wordy protest from a number of small stockholders against the scaling down of the capital stock of the company from $6,500,000 to $1,625,000, a special meeting was held, at which the reduction was made by a vote of 40,020 shares against 64. The curtailment was effected by the reduction of the par value of the present stock from $100 to $25.

John Bottomley, Vice President, General Manager, and Secretary of the company, explained that the capital reduction would have the immediate effect of reducing taxation in a number of States where the company is compelled to pay taxes on its capitalization.

One of the protestants, William R. Jones, who lives in South Brooklyn, refused to be convinced. "We are innocent victims, voting for our finish," he said. "The time will come when this State will grant the Public Service Commission added power to what it has now, and this sort of thing will be impossible."

The squabble was enlivened by a number of women stockholders who agreed with Mr. Jones. They applauded when he said that he had been in the company for eight years and had never received a dividend, and that if the par value was reduced he was of the opinion that he would never receive a dividend. "The company gets a lot of notoriety," he said, "because of the aid of wireless in making spectacular rescues at sea, but that is all.

"The Government has given this company the right of the air, but all the company gives its stockholders is hot air. I think it is about time that dividends were paid, and I want to go on record as strongly opposed to the proposed change in the par value of the stock."

After Mr. Jones and the applause brought out from his last shot had subsided, one of the women got up to protest against the issuance of common stock. The stock she owned she said was "capital stock." Mr. Bottomley explained that the present issue was common stock and that the company had no preferred, and that all stock was capital stock, whether common or preferred. She was not satisfied with the explanation and left the meeting when it became evident that the proposal to reduce the capitalization would go through.

Two new Directors were elected, Edward Young and George S. De Sousa. The Directors received 35,404 votes out of the 35,707 cast.

Mr. Bottomley read a statement saying the company had had a better year in 1909 than ever before. The receipts last year exceeded those of 1908 by $25,000. He said that it was the first year in the company's history that it had done a little better than be self-sustaining. Profits of about $18,000 had been earned, he said, out of which $15,000 had been charged off for depreciation, leaving about $3,700 net.

Judgment Against Laura Biggar.

A transcript of a judgment from Kings County was filed in the New York County Clerk's office yesterday against Laura Biggar for $30,679, in favor of Agnes M. Hendrick. Mrs. Hendrick recently obtained a verdict against Miss Biggar for alienating the affections of Dr. Hendrick, husband of Mrs. Hendrick, formerly of Freehold, N. J.

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Quality of fabrics is confined to no one clothes shop—in fact, the merest suggestion of its absence puts that shop which is under suspicion beneath the level of reliability.

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PLAIN MODELS, 4 FOR $10
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In a way, our prices are somewhat revolutionary, being the lowest ever quoted for To-order Shirts of high grade--both in materials and workmanship. Fit guaranteed.

WILL CONTINUE TO-DAY
THE SALE OF
25c & 35c Half Hose
for Men, 3 pairs for 50c
18c pair

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In plain black or plain colors; also black with embroidered fronts, and in colored grounds with fancy stripes or checks. Sizes 9½ to 11½.

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In these sizes:

2.3x 4.6	$3.50
3. x 6.	6.00
4. x 7.	9.50
6. x 9.	18.00
7.6x10.6	26.50
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Have white teeth—it pays.

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More healthful than Tea or Coffee.
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CHINESE RIOTS OVER, SHANGHAI REPORTS

Three Missionaries Drowned in Flight Not Americans, but Spanish Priests.

GUNBOAT RAN DOWN JUNK

Said to Have Been British Thistle, Though London Has Had No Report —Death of Governor Now Denied.

SHANGHAI, April 18.—The rioting at Chang-Sha has ceased. The Governor reported killed is said to be alive. The offices of the Standard Oil Company were destroyed. The military reinforcements sent by the Viceroy from Wu Chang have arrived at Chang-Sha.

The missionaries who lost their lives when the junk in which they were fleeing was run down by the British gunboat Thistle last night were Spanish Augustinian priests. They were Bishop Peroz and Fathers Gonzales and Delapaz.

LONDON, April 18.—The China Inland Mission received a cablegram from Hankow to-day announcing that Dr. Keller, the American missionary, and the German missionary, Herr Hollenweger, were still aboard a steamer at Chang-Sha.

The British Government has received no confirmation of the report that the British gunboat Thistle ran down a junk, resulting in the drowning of three German missionaries. The official information indicates that the British Consulate was not destroyed.

PHILADELPHIA, April 18.—The offices in this city of the China Inland Mission to-day received the following cablegram from Shanghai with reference to the rioting in Chang-Sha:

"All missions rioted at Chang-Sha. All destroyed. Friends safe. Personal effects all lost. China Inland Mission workers arrived safely at Hankow with exception of Dr. F. A. Keller and O. Hollenweger, who are remaining there for the present on steamer. Position is not encouraging in whole district."

The cablegram was sent from the office of the Director of the Inland Mission at Shanghai, and came by way of the London office of the mission under to-day's date.

Dr. Keller mentioned in the cable is the only American at the mission, and his home is in Fort Plain, N. Y. His wife was with him at Chang-Sha. Mr. Hollenweger is a German.

YALE MISSION SOCIETY ACTS.

Asks if One of Escaped Missionaries Can Return to Chang-Sha.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 18.—The Executive Committee of the Yale Foreign Mission Society met this afternoon and prepared a cablegram, which was sent to the Yale men at Hankow, expressing sympathy with them, asking what they need, and whether one of their number can return to Chang-Sha soon to represent the society.

No action, it is stated, can be yet taken on the question of restoring the mission buildings. When the question of indemnity has been settled by the Government, negotiations can be opened for rebuilding the mission, but it is pointed out that in China matters of this kind are long drawn out. Those who met this afternoon were Prof. W. W. Williams, H. P. Wright, Williston Walker, the Rev. Anson P. Stokes, Jr., Lewis S. Welch, and Dr. W. H. Sallmon.

The latest information from the Yale Mission at Chang-Sha prior to the disturbances in that city gave the names of those in the work there as follows: Brownell Gage, Yale, '98, wife, and three children; Dr. E. H. Hume, '97, wife, and three children; Mrs. Thurston, widow of Lawrence Thurston, '98; William J. Hall, '04, a former champion runner at Yale; Dickinson H. Leavens, '09, and Miss Nina D. Gage, nurse. Dr. Fu-Chun Yen, who was graduated from the Yale Medical School last June, had just arrived at Chang-Sha to take up his work. T. T. Giffon, '07, was probably there as an instructor.

The Wesleyan Mission is headed by the Rev. Gilbert G. Warren, with four or five assistants—probably all Englishmen. The China Inland Mission is headed by Dr. Frank G. Keller, Yale, '92. His immediate assistants are probably Englishmen.

LITTLE FEAR FOR MISSIONARIES.

Home Church Authorities Say Riots Are More Industrial Than Anti-Foreign

Little fear is felt by those in touch with the field of Chinese missionary work at the New York headquarters that the riots at Chang-Sha will take on the character of a general anti-foreign demonstration. The press dispatches and the few details obtainable from the workers in China have convinced the missionary authorities that the trouble was due to the dissatisfaction of the laboring classes with conditions, and more particularly to the high price of rice, and that the attack on the missionaries was an afterthought.

The Rev. F. L. H. Potts, President of the American St. John's College at Shanghai, said yesterday at the offices of the Protestant Episcopal Mission Board: "We do not for a moment suppose that this riot in Chang-Sha is the prelude to another uprising even remotely like the Boxer outbreak of 1900. That was rendered possible by the fact that many of the officials of the empire, in their ignorance, sympathized with the aims of the Boxers. No earnest attempt was made to oppose the spread of Boxer outrages until it was too late.

"The humiliation China suffered on that occasion has not been forgotten, and whenever a local disturbance occurs at the present time the Government is most prompt in putting it down, and cashiers those officials in whose district it took place. There is no connivance on the part of the Government with the lawless element in China."

Details as to the losses of the American missionaries who had to flee from Chang-Sha when the rice riots broke out have not yet been reported to the home offices of the various mission boards and societies who have offices in New York. The Protestant Episcopal Mission yesterday received a cablegram from the Rev. Dr. A. A. Gilman in Hankow, where the misisonaries have found shelter, which reads:

Rice riot everwhelms Governor. No telegraphic communication for several days. Building is likely to prove a total loss. Workers at Hankow.

This is taken as a confirmation of the news dispatches as regards the amount of damage done and the escape of all the missionaries in safety to Hankow.

The Rev. Dr. F. B. Carter of Montclair, N. J., has also received a cablegram from Mrs. Gilman, his daughter, to the effect that all their belongings were destroyed, but they were safe in Hankow. The missionary boards do not expect to hear further from their agents until telegraphic communication is rendered more easy.

There were nine missions represented in Chang-Sha and thirty-three workers are known to have been there at the time of the trouble. The following is the most complete list that can be obtained at present: At the Christian and Missionary Alliance, (American,) the Rev. and Mrs. M. B. Birrel and Miss B. D. Henshaw; at the Protestant Episcopal Mission, (American,) the Rev. and Mrs. A. A. Gilman; at the Mission of the United Evangelical Church, (American,) the Rev. and Mrs. C. Newton Dubs, Miss Marie T. Hasenpflug, and Miss Irene Poling; at the Yale Mission, (American,) Prof. and Mrs. Brownell Gage, Dr. and Mrs. Edward H. Hume, the Rev. William J. Hail, and Mrs. J. Lawrence Thurston; the Seventh Day Adventists, (American,) Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Laird; at the London Missionary Society, (English,) the Rev. and Mrs. J. W. Wilson; at the China Inland Mission, (English,) Dr. and Mrs. F. A. Keller, W. E. Hampson, R. K. Verrard, and Miss L. Tilley; at the Wesleyan Methodist Mission, (English,) the Rev. and Mrs. W. H. Watson, the Rev. and Mrs. G. W. Warren, the Rev. J. Alexander, and the Rev. W. H. Pillow, and at the Norwegian Missionary Society, the Rev. J. A. O. Gotteberg, Miss Hansine Heimbeck, and Sister Emilie Casperson.

Chang-Sha has always been known as one of the most rabid anti-foreign cities of China. It was never though possible to obtain a foothold there until after the Boxer uprising of 1900. According to the Rev. M. E. Ritzman, who has only recently returned from there and yesterday wrote a report of conditions at the request of the Methodist Board of Foreign Missions, the Americans were the first to gain entrance. The Christian and Missionary Alliance sen the Rev. Mr. Alexander there in 1900, and he and the American, Dr. Keller, representing the China Inland Mission, established a position of toleration for themselves through the doctor's medical work.

At first it was found impossible to buy, or even rent, property for the missions. As recently as the Summer of 1908 a Chinaman was thrown into prison, where he died, for renting property to a foreign business man. Lately there have come evidences of modernity. The missionaries have been influential in introducing the telegraph, a post office, and a daily newspaper, and the streets are patrolled by modern policemen. American flour, English shoes, and French perfumes are now purchasable, and the Standard Oil Company had erected large oil tanks—which are reported destroyed—for supplying the neighboring region.

STEINWAY TUNNEL BILL IN.

Would Permit Interborough to Get Tube —Might Extend It to Times Square.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 18.—A measure which would permit the Interborough Company of New York to operate the unused Steinway tunnel under the East River was introduced to-day by Assemblyman Parker. The bill provides that if a railroad company has constructed a tunnel and a portion of its railway the franchises are to be vested in the Directors of the corporation or their successors. It is provided, further, that with the consent of the Public Service Commission they may assign such property to any railroad corporation which receives a franchise or contract for the construction and operation of a railroad upon the whole or a portion of the route of the tunnel railway constructed.

It has been intimated that the Interborough might undertake to extend the Steinway tunnel from the Grand Central Station, its present terminal, to Times Square.

When assigned the tunnel railway is to be deemed to have been constructed under the franchise of the corporation to which it has been assigned. The effect of the proposed legislation would be to provide for the disposition of the property of a corporation, the corporate existence of which has ceased because of failure to complete its work within the time specified by law.

Another bill introduced by Assemblyman Parker would give relief to the Third Avenue elevated railway, in the matter of building an additional track, by permitting a railroad corporation operating under the Rapid Transit act and which has instituted condemnation proceedings for the acquisition of property for the construction of additional tracks of an existing elevated railroad and facilities in connection therewith, to enter immediately upon the property to be taken and devote it temporarily to the use sought.

Such action is to be taken upon an order of the Supreme Court, after notice to the property owners concerned, where it appears to the satisfaction of the court that public interests will be prejudiced by delay. The company receiving such a court order must file with the court an undertaking to secure the payment of awards and the cost of the proceedings.

HAMMERSTEIN DIVORCE SUIT.

Mrs. Arthur Hammerstein Starts Case in Reno, Alleging Non-Support.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., April 18.—Mrs. Jean Allison Hammerstein this morning filed a suit for divorce in the District Court against Arthur Hammerstein, a son of Oscar Hammerstein of New York City. She has lived here for more than six months with Mrs. Albert D. Ayers, formerly Mrs. Enola Sims of New York, who married her attorney after getting a divorce.

Mrs. Allison Hammerstein registered at the University of Nevada and took up the study of French and German, and although she has dressed well and spent money freely, she never entertained and has lived very quietly compared with the other New York divorcees in Reno. She lived so quietly in fact that no one but her attorney and a few friends knew who she really was until to-day when she filed her suit for divorce.

She alleges in her complaint that she married Arthur Hammerstein at Jersey City, N. J., on Feb. 19, 1893, and that they have one daughter, 14 years old, who now is attending school in the East. She does not ask that she have the custody of this child, but asks that the court make no disposition of the daughter, leaving her to choose whom she may desire to live with in later years.

She states that her husband has a fortune, but for the last three years has failed to provide for her.

Mrs. Hammerstein is the daughter of James Allison of New Jersey and is a granddaughter of Alexander Kent of Edinburgh, Scotland. Mrs. Hammerstein and Mrs. Ayers are constantly together, and during a murder case in this city recently could be seen in the court room almost daily.

Mr. and Mrs. Hammerstein separated in 1905, and Mrs. Hammerstein brought suit for divorce in New York State, naming "Jane Doe" as corespondent. She obtained an interlocutory decree of divorce in January, 1907, the decree being signed by Justice Fitzgerald in the Supreme Court. The differences were patched up, however, and no request was made for a final decree.

Mr. Hammerstein is a son of Oscar Hammerstein, manager of the Manhattan Opera House, and himself a theatre manager.

MINE ON HARRIMAN ESTATE.

Old Indian Who Claimed Land Carries Secret of Location to Grave.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., April 18.—The last person who was supposed to have a clue to the lost silver mines of the Ramapo Mountains died in this city to-day. He was Robert S. Peterson, an Indian, who had made his home in the Shawangunk Mountains for the last seventy-three years.

His father was a full-blooded Indian. His mother was a Scotchwoman connected with the Babbitts and Hollingsworths, two of the most prominent families in Southern New York seventy-five years ago.

Peterson's father claimed all the land in the vicinity of Ramapo, Sloatsburg, and Tuxedo, much of which now belongs to the estate of E. H. Harriman. A century ago it was common knowledge that the Indians of which Peterson's father was a chief worked a silver mine in the Ramapo Mountains. The elder Peterson was the last of his tribe and the last who had knowledge of the silver mine. On his death he left his son a deed, written on buckskin, to the lands now in the Harriman estate.

The son tried to get title to the land, but failed. He said he believed he knew the location of the mine, but was pledged never to tell the secret to a white man. Large sums were offered to him to disclose the location, but he never would do so.

BIRDSNESTS FOR ADMIRAL.

Presented to Head of Asiatic Squadron by Chinese Official.

AMOY, April 18.—Lim Nee Kar, a prominent Chinese, gave a reception to-day for the officers of the American Asiatic Squadron and the officials of the Chinese Navy. Later Juan Mencarini, Commissioner of Customs, gave a garden party for the naval officers and foreign residents.

Taotai Kuo presented Rear Admiral Hubbard with birdsnests, fruits, tea, and sugar, and such other gifts as Fu-kien Province is accustomed to make to the Emperor.

Attention is called to the advertisements of the "Salada" Tea Company now appearing in The Times. They offer to send a free trial package of "Salada," sufficient to make 40 cups, to those who send their name and the name of their grocer to the Company at 198 West Broadway, New York.—Adv.

O'BRIEN CREATES STIR IN COMMONS

Accuses Chancellor Lloyd-George of Untruthfulness Regarding Their Interview.

BUDGET CLOSURE ADOPTED

Asquith's Motion for Final Vote on April 27 Is Passed by Majority of Nearly 100.

LONDON, April 18.—After another stormy sitting, marked by a personal incident between William O'Brien and Chancellor Lloyd-George, attacks by the Conservatives on the Government's alleged surrender to John Redmond, leader of the Nationalists, and a warm repudiation by the Ministers of any such bargaining, the House of Commons to-night adopted Premier Asquith's "guillotine" motion, under which the budget must be disposed of by April 27, by a vote of 345 to 252.

In the strongest terms Mr. O'Brien insisted upon the correctness of the statement which he made in Cork to the effect that the Chancellor had promised the Nationalists, as concessions for their support of the budget, relief from the spirit, stamp, and succession duties, brewery licenses, and land taxes, and from a general revaluation. He declared, as before, that he had read aloud to Mr. Lloyd-George a letter which he had previously sent to the Chancellor, which contained a reiteration of the proposed concessions. As no witness was present at the reading, Mr. O'Brien said, the Chancellor had thought it safe to issue his denial that such a letter had either been received or read to him. Mr. O'Brien added:

"The matter involves the honor and character of the Minister, and, great personage as he is, he thereby raises an issue of truthfulness and straight dealing which I am quite willing shall be judged by those who know me and know him."

Mr. Lloyd-George declared again that Mr. O'Brien's account of their interview was grossly inaccurate. The Chancellor admitted that upon their second interview Mr. O'Brien had read him a memorandum of what had occurred at their earlier meeting, bue he said that the first he had heard of the letter described by Mr. O'Brien was from the newspapers.

The Chancellor warmly reproached Mr. O'Brien for publishing an account of a private interview without asking permission, and protested that Mr. O'Brien was the only man in that House, out of a hundred to whom he had given interviews, who had been guilty of a breach of confidence. When Mr. O'Brien had commenced to read from his memorandum, the Chancellor said, he had stopped him, telling him he was not in a position to make promises.

John Redmond announced briefly the intention of his party to give cordial support to the Government's policy and the budget because the financial injustice to Ireland was remediable only by securing home rule, and the merits or demerits of the budget were trivial in comparison with the abolition of the veto power of the House of Lords.

A. J. Balfour, leader of the Opposition, said that he would not comment on the personal question beyond saying that Ministers' interviews with their opponents ought to be treated as private. He proceeded to deprecate strongly the Government's bargain with Mr. Redmond and the manner in which the Ministers had dragged in the King's name.

Premier Asquith, in closing the debate, repeated his emphatic denial that there had been any bargain or agreement between the Government and Mr. Redmond.

At a meeting of the Redmondites of the House of Commons to-day, it was officially decided to support the Budget in all its stages. It was also resolved to ask "our fellow-countrymen in the United States to exert their influence with that Government with a view to the retention of Queenstown as a port of call for the fast mail steamers of the Cunard Steamship Company on their east-bound passages."

Army Captain Gave Bad Check.

Capt. Stephen White, U. S. A., who saw service in the Philippines, pleaded guilty in Special Sessions yesterday to passing a worthless check for $20 in a William Street café. A co-defendant, Stafford Krone, was acquitted.

DR. JAQUES TO GET A DIVORCE.

Mrs. Jaques Suppressed Fact of Having an Earlier Husband Who Was Insane.

Dr. Schuyler Clinton Jaques of 1 West Eighty-ninth Street is entitled to a decree annulling his marriage to Alice Ann Jaques, according to a report filed yesterday by Referee J. Sidney Bernstein.

"The position of the defendant is a pitiful one," Referee Bernstein declares, "and whatever there is of sympathy must be hers. The plaintiff, however, upon proof of his allegations, is entitled to the remedy the law in its strictness affords, and I am constrained to find accordingly."

Dr. and Mrs. Jaques were married on March 26, 1902, nine years after Mrs. Jaques had come to the United States and become a trained nurse, in which capacity she met Dr. Jaques.

Dr. Jaques based his suit on the allegation that his wife had a husband living at the time of her marriage to him. She had been married on April 24, 1884, in the Isle of Wight, to Joseph George Clements. Dr. Jaques declared he believed she was a widow and did not discover her earlier marriage until 1908.

Various witnesses identified a man now confined in the Cane Hill Asylum, London, England, as Mrs. Jaques's first husband. Dr. James M. Moody, Superintendent of the institution, pronounced him mentally able to understand questions addressed to him, and he declared he had married Alice Ann Willis, as Mrs. Jaques was known during her girlhood.

Mrs. Jaques was 18 years old at the time of her first marriage. Clements was a metal manufacturer. Six weeks after the marriage he became violently insane with a religious mania. He was discharged, but was recommitted in 1899. He spent two years in the asylum before his next discharge, in 1901. He was returned there in 1903, to be discharged again the same year. His malady recurred, and he was recommitted in 1905, since which time he has remained in the asylum.

The evidence showed that the last Mrs. Jaques saw of Clements was in 1890.

MORE ALIMONY THAN ASKED.

Referee Gives Wife of Lawyer White $3,600 in Divorce Suit.

Henry White, a lawyer, must pay $3,600 a year to his wife, Louise B. White, who receives a decree of divorce, under the report of Referee George M. Mackeller.

This is the second report submitted by the referee. White appealed from the first on the ground that testimony of three detectives as to his misconduct had been taken without giving him an opportunity to cross-examine, and that their testimony had not been corroborated.

Mrs. White asked for $3,500 alimony, less than was awarded to her, and White opposed it on the ground that he had lost several wealthy clients, but it was shown that his income was $15,000 a year between 1904 and 1908, and that in 1908 his net income was $10,500.

CAR AND AUTO COLLIDE.

Mrs. Knapp of Newark, In the Latter, Gets Cut About the Face.

Mrs. M. E. Knapp of 112 South Thirteenth Street, Newark, received injuries to her face last evening when her automobile came into collision with a southbound Seventh Avenue car at the corner of Nineteenth Street and Seventh Avenue.

The collision occurred as the automobile was making the crossing, and the police say was partly due to the skidding of the machine. The auto was only slightly damaged and the chauffeur was unhurt.

Mrs. Knapp declined to make a complaint against the motorman, and made light of the cut upon her forehead. A few minutes after the accident she resumed her journey to Newark in her auto.

BABY DIES OF ACID BURNS.

Little One Spills Carbolic on Her Clothing While at Play.

Two-year-old Frances Harney spilled a bottle of carbolic acid over herself while at play in her home at 867 Park Avenue, yesterday afternoon, and died less than an hour later from the burns of the acid at the German Hospital, to which institution her mother carried her.

At the hospital no statement of the facts in the case could be obtained, but the child's father said last night that she did not swallow any of the acid. He said the mother of the child was in another room, and did not realize what had happened until she heard the little one's screams and found her daughter's clothing covered with the acid.

The case was reported to the Coroner's office.

Held for Taking Lodge Funds.

Morris Pick of 304 East Seventy-fourth Street was arrested yesterday on the charge of appropriating $500 of the funds of B'rith Abraham Lodge, No. 70, of which he was Treasurer. Judge Malone, in General Sessions, committed him to the Tombs.

GANG ORDERED HIS DEATH.

Yeggman on Trial for Killing Pardoned Man Suspected of Turning Informer.

Thomas Barnes, a notorious member of a gang of "yeggmen," was placed on trial before Judge Dike in the County Court, Brooklyn, yesterday for the murder of John T. Leonard, a reformed "yeggman," and said to be a "stool pigeon" for the Government's Secret Service.

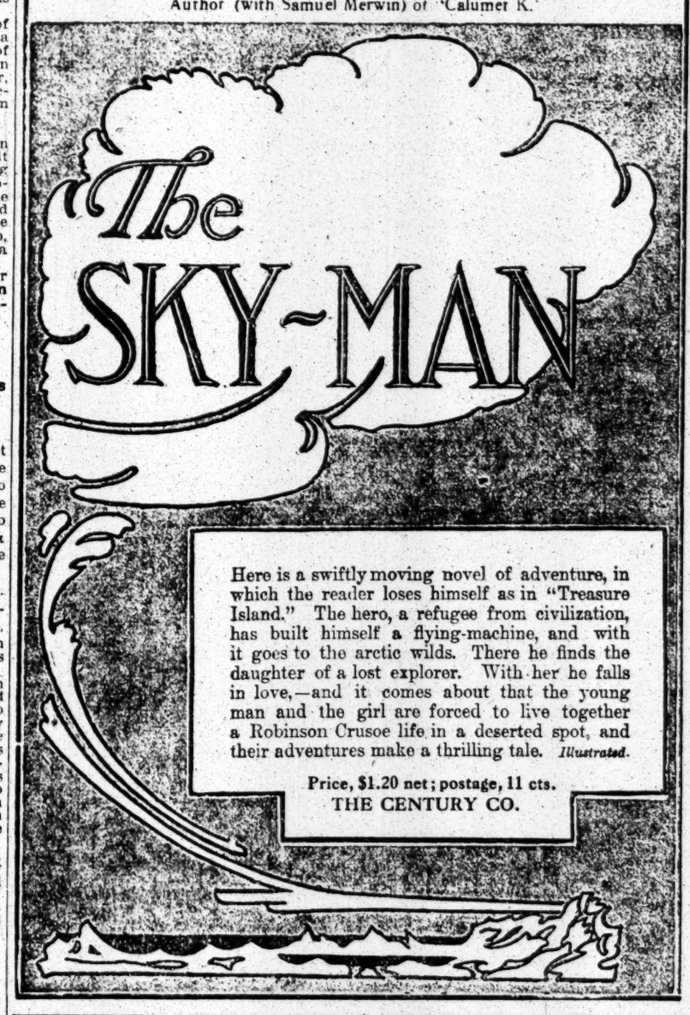
Barnes was known as "Bangor Billy," and according to District Attorney Clarke, who is prosecuting the case, had gone to Leonard's home at 266 South Fourth Street, Brooklyn, to carry out the order of a gang who decreed that he should die because he had "squealed" on some of his former companions.

Leonard was serving a five-year term in the Federal prison at Atlanta, Ga., with three others when he was pardoned by President Taft. The others are still in jail there. Barnes and other members if his gang believed that Leonard had played the part of an informer on them.

Cupid Makes Clerks Work Overtime.

County Clerk William F. Schneider yesterday issued orders that half of his staff of eighty men must work three-quarters of an hour overtime each day until 33,000 marriage certificates, left over by the last administration, are copied. The copies are to be forwarded to the Secretary of State at Albany. At the rate the men worked yesterday, it is believed the task will occupy them six weeks.

By HENRY KITCHELL WEBSTER
Author (with Samuel Merwin) of "Calumet K."



Here is a swiftly moving novel of adventure, in which the reader loses himself as in "Treasure Island." The hero, a refugee from civilization, has built himself a flying-machine, and with it goes to the arctic wilds. There he finds the daughter of a lost explorer. With her he falls in love,—and it comes about that the young man and the girl are forced to live together a Robinson Crusoe life in a deserted spot, and their adventures make a thrilling tale. *Illustrated.*

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INTEREST RATES

One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.

One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.

Number of Loans made in 1909, 305,000

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Grand Street cor. Clinton Street
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¶ Besides, you would then be at the very center of things—and that is mighty important these days.

¶ Make your reservation NOW in

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On the Premises 'Phone 6990 Murray Hill

A select list of Furnished Rooms and Boarding Houses in desirable locations on Page 17.

HOW can you keep house without Campbell's Tomato Soup?

You can never offer your guests nor your family anything they will enjoy more, nor enjoy oftener. You cannot have a more wholesome and nourishing dish. You cannot have one easier to prepare. And you cannot make nor buy a more economical food.

You might as well go without bread-and-butter as without

Campbell's Tomato Soup

There are so many occasions when this pure and palatable soup is exactly what you want—course dinners, dainty luncheons, chafing-dish suppers, or simple family meals. It is good in the regular menu; good for emergencies; good for invalids and children; good for everybody, every day.

Once get acquainted with its quality and its almost limitless uses, and you will wonder how you ever did without it.

Every Campbell's Soup *must* satisfy perfectly, or money refunded.

I am an artist, as you see.
My problem you should know, sir:
I draw that can. The can draws me,
O can we not draw closer?

21 kinds **10c a can**

Asparagus, Beef, Bouillon, Celery, Chicken, Chicken-Gumbo (Okra), Clam Bouillon, Clam Chowder, Consommé, Julienne, Mock Turtle, Mulligatawny, Mutton Broth, Ox Tail, Pea, Pepper Pot, Printanier, Tomato, Tomato-Okra Vegetable, Vermicelli-Tomato

Just add hot water, bring to a boil, and serve.

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Special Sale This Week
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Sohmer Piano, large mahogany..	$295	Would be bargain at $500
Hazelton Baby Grand, mahogany	$375	Actually worth $475
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Horace M. Waters Piano, dark case	$240	Cost when new $325
Sterling Piano, concert scale....	$295	Cost when new $400
Bailey Piano, large size.....	$210	Cost when new $275
Webster Piano, walnut case....	$225	Cost when new $325
Claflin Piano, medium size.....	$200	Cost when new $275
Sterling Piano, largest size.....	$210	Cost when new $400
American Piano, medium size...	$120	Actually worth $160
Jacob Bros. Piano, fancy case..	$190	Worth $250 when new

Sterling Piano
Large Mahogany Case, Special at $250 — Slightly Used and When New Cost $400

Mathushek, large size, dark case.	$150	When new cost $375
Huntington Piano, mahogany...	$225	When new cost $300
Playerpiano, (Sterling), discontinued style	$460	Sold regularly at $600
Huntington Piano, medium size..	$225	When new cost $300
H. Bescher, Jr., Piano, medium size	$145	When new cost $250
Swick & Co. Piano, large size...	$165	When new cost $225
Bent Piano, large size, mahogany case	$195	When new cost $350
Ouvrier Piano, medium size....	$135	When new cost $175
Simplex Cabinet Player, dark case	$90	Like new and worth $250
Apollo Piano Player, oak case..	$60	Considered bargain at.....$100

If you do not care to pay cash, our liberal charge account system will meet any suggestions you may make as to method of payment.

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ROOSEVELT VISITS SON OF KOSSUTH

Leader of Hungarian Opposition, Now 60 Years Old, Talks to Him of America.

LUNCH WITH AN ARCHDUKE

Who Has Big Game Hunters to Meet ex-President—Greeted as Statesman of Highest Ideals.

By JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN.

Former Assistant Secretary of State.

Correspondent of The New York Times and Chicago Tribune.

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BUDAPEST, April 18.—Interesting, even spectacular, was the kaleidoscopic day which Theodore Roosevelt spent in the Hungarian capital. The event which will be of greatest interest to the people of America was the meeting of the ex-President and Francis Kossuth, son of the famous Hungarian patriot, and himself leader of the United Opposition.

After a luncheon at the palace with Archduke Joseph of Austria, Mr. Roosevelt was conveyed by automobile to the home of Kossuth. Mr. Roosevelt was introduced to this man, whose name still spells great power, by Count Apponyi, former Minister. Kossuth was ill, else undoubtedly he would have called first on Mr. Roosevelt.

Francis Kossuth is a man upward of 60 years old, of a heavy and rather flabby appearance. He has little of the strength of his great father, which perhaps is the reason why the party which bears his name has not achieved the success which otherwise might have come to it.

Kossuth told Mr. Roosevelt immediately after the introduction that all Americans who came to Budapest called on him because of the veneration in which they held his father.

Talk with Kossuth.

"I am ill, as you know," he said, "but I desired to see you so much that if you had not come to my house I would have been conveyed to your hotel on a litter. All my life I was brought up in an atmosphere of liberty as typified in America, and I have peculiar feelings of pleasure and sympathy toward your great country."

Kossuth and Mrs. Roosevelt conversed on the extraordinary changes which have occurred in Hungary, especially in Budapest, since 1848, Kossuth asserting that the changes were as great as those which have occurred in America, and showed tremendous enterprise on the part of the Hungarian people.

Although educated in Italy as a civil engineer, Kossuth is something of a sculptor and artist. He has made several busts and paintings of his father. His home is full of mementos of the great patriot, all of which he showed to Mr. Roosevelt with evident pride.

After Mr. Roosevelt's departure Kossuth spoke in the highest terms of the ex-President, indorsing what Count Apponyi had said in the historic House of Parliament—that Mr. Roosevelt was one of the leading efficient forces for the modern improvement of the world.

Tribute from Apponyi.

At the House of Parliament, where Mr. Roosevelt was received by the Inter-Parliamentary Union, Count Apponyi made a stirring speech of welcome, in the course of which he extolled the ex-President not only as the tried and proved friend of Hungary and peace, but as the champion of public morality and honesty everywhere. The Count declared that no other living statesman represented such high and noble aspirations. Mr. Roosevelt, the Count said, was the champion of moral regeneration, and the effects of his attitude were felt not only in America, but throughout the civilized world.

These sentiments evoked tremendous enthusiasm on the part of the Hungarians, who have taken Roosevelt to their hearts, and many of whom hope to obtain his sympathy in their struggle for independence from Austria.

Mr. Roosevelt naturally cannot intervene in the domestic politics of the dual monarchy, and he was careful in every phrase to avoid offending Austria. But he spoke glowingly of Hungary's past and its tremendous influence upon the world in beating back by the dauntless courage of its warriors the hordes of barbarians who sought to overwhelm Europe. Several times before Mr. Roosevelt has shown a remarkable knowledge of Hungarian history, exciting the admiration of the people and increasing his popularity by his apt allusions to the heroes and battles which illumine the pages of Hungary's story.

A BUSY DAY IN BUDAPEST.

Mr. Roosevelt Lunches with an Archduke and Some Big-Game Hunters.

BUDAPEST, April 18.—A heavy rainstorm this afternoon did not prevent Mr. Roosevelt from getting through with a varied and somewhat exacting programme. This included, besides the visit to Francis Kossuth, the luncheon at the royal palace as the guest of Archduke Joseph, and the reception at the Parliament House, a sightseeing tour, which comprised visits to the agricultural museum, built in imitation of the celebrated Gothic castle of Vajda Hunyad, where Mr. Roosevelt was especially interested in the conservation and reforestation work of Hungary.

Although Hungary is in the throes of an exciting general election the ex-President continues to monopolize public attention. The polyglot newspapers of Budapest today print columns about his arrival, and extended editorials of welcome "home" appear in English. The character of the crush at the railway station last night when the ex-President arrived may be judged from the fact that the Chief of Police suffered a broken leg and several other persons were injured. To-day a big crowd was waiting in the wet to cheer the distinguished guest, as accompanied by Baron Hengelmüller von Hengervar, the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador in Washington, he left his hotel and entered an automobile to begin the day's rounds. Everywhere he went there were more crowds and more cheers from the Hungarians.

Views Washington Monument

A portion of the day was taken up with a visit to the Washington monument, erected by the Hungarian-American Federation; an inspection of the studio of Zala, the Hungarian sculptor; a reception to the members of the American colony at the Consulate, and a reception to the Hungarian journalists at the hotel. In the evening Mr. Roosevelt and Kermit Roosevelt were the guests of Baron and Baroness Hengelmüller von Hengervar, at a dinner at the Park Club, where they met many leading representatives of the Hungarian nobility.

At the reception at the House of Parliament following the very flattering address of Count Apponyi, Mr. Roosevelt after his return tribute to the valor, courage, and love of liberty of the Hungarians whose ancestors, he said, had saved the Western World from the Mongolian hordes, insisted in regard to Count Apponyi's personal references to himself that he was fighting simply for the decalogue and the golden rule.

Following the reception Mr. Roosevelt returned to the Palace to attend the luncheon given in his honor by Archduke Joseph. To meet the American the Archduke Joseph had several notable Hungarian hunters and travelers, including Count Khuen von Hedervary, Count Teleku, the discoverer of Lake Rudolf in British East Africa, and Counts Zichy and Szapary, who also have hunted in Africa. At the luncheon therefore big game was the principal topic of conversation. Owing to the illness of the Archduchess no ladies were present. Count Laszlo Széchényi, who married Gladys Vanderbilt, was also at the luncheon.

Mr. Roosevelt to-day received a cablegram from a group of Hungarians, with whom he has several times dined in New York, extending greetings in connection with his visit here. Four American boys from Hartford, who are studying in the seminary to fit themselves to care for Hungarian immigrants arriving at New York, called on the ex-President to-night to pay their respects.

NOT A VISIT TO ROOSEVELT.

Vatican View Is That Nuncio in Vienna Merely Called on Mr. Kerens.

ROME, April 18.—From reports which it has received from Vienna, the Vatican, it is understood, does not consider that Mgr. J. Granito di Belmonte Pignatelli, the Papal Nuncio at Vienna, visited Mr. Roosevelt. The contrary view is expressed on the ground that the Papal Nuncio refused to attend a luncheon given in honor of the former President by American Ambassador Kerens, and it is explained that after the luncheon the Nuncio called upon Mr. Kerens and on that occasion met Mr. Roosevelt, a meeting which it was not in his power to avoid.

The Correspondenzia Romana, the organ of the Vatican, commenting on this incident, says:

"A most regrettable sectarian spirit makes people forget their obligations toward all. If the attempt made to make the Papal Nuncio of Vienna appear as going to Roosevelt on behalf of the Vatican, is unpleasant for the Nuncio, it is also unpleasant for Roosevelt, who is thus depicted as one gathering incidents with whoever approaches."

NUNCIO EXPLAINS VISIT.

Call on Kerens, He Says, Allowed Expression of Personal Esteem for Roosevelt.

VIENNA, April 19.—The Vaterland, a Vatican organ, prints a letter from the Papal Nuncio, Mgr. Granito di Belmonte Pignatelli, in which he expresses surprise at the reports published regarding his meeting with Mr. Roosevelt. He says that the facts have been inaccurately stated and the interpretations false. His visit, he declares, was only in the way of an exchange of courtesies between Ambassador Kerens and himself, which would afford him an opportunity to express his personal esteem for Mr. Roosevelt.

The Papal Nuncio's letter apparently is in reply to a statement published by the Neue Freie Presse, which said it was reported that the meeting was suggested by Mr. Roosevelt, who expressed a wish to discuss the Vatican incident with the Pope's representative at Vienna. This paper also stated that the Austrian official circle exercised no influence in the matter; that the American Ambassador invited the Nuncio to lunch. The latter declined because no other diplomats were invited, but said he would come after the luncheon to make Mr. Roosevelt's acquaintance.

ROCHAMBEAU DINNER IN PARIS.

President's Box at Comedie Francaise Placed at Roosevelt's Disposal.

PARIS, April 18.—The members of the Rochambeau Mission, which participated in the unveiling of the monument to Marshal Rochambeau at Washington in the Spring of 1902, will give a dinner to Mr. Roosevelt on April 25. American Ambassador Bacon has arranged for two big receptions at his residence in honor of Mr. Roosevelt. One will be on April 22 for the American Club, the American Chamber of Commerce, and representatives of other American organizations. The other, to be held on April 26, will be for members of the diplomatic corps, persons prominent in the science, art, and literature of France, members of the French Institute, and representatives of the Government, army, and navy.

President Fallières has placed the Presidential box at the Comedie Francaise at the disposal of Mr. Roosevelt during his visit. On the 26th Mr. Roosevelt will probably visit the military school. M. Jusserand, French Ambassador at Washington, is busy with the French side of the programme. He says that an amazing number of French organizations and institutions are extending invitations to Mr. Roosevelt, and that an acceptance of them would be a physical impossibility.

The Institute of France to-day announced the gift from Mr. Roosevelt of a complete set of his works to the institution.

ROOSEVELT CABLES THANKS.

Replies from Budapest to Greetings of Hungarian-Americans.

The Hungarians in New York who have become naturalized American citizens sent a cable to Theodore Roosevelt Sunday afternoon conveying the greetings of Americanized Hungarians, and yesterday afternoon received a reply from Mr. Roosevelt acknowledging the courtesy. The two messages were:

Theodore Roosevelt,
Budapest:
Greetings from your American-Hungarian fellow-citizens on your arrival in our fatherland.

Mr. Roosevelt's reply was received early yesterday morning, dated Budapest, and was as follows:

Heartiest thanks to my fellow-citizens of Hungary. I deeply appreciate your message and my reception by the Hungarian people.
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

ROUGH RIDER REUNION HERE.

Called to Meet in New York in June to Welcome Col. Roosevelt.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., April 18.—An official call for the fifth reunion of the Roosevelt Rough Riders at New York from June 16 to 20 was issued to-day.

The chief object of the reunion is to welcome home Col. Roosevelt. Regimental association officers are to be elected at the same time.

SEE ROOSEVELT HUNT IN MOVING PICTURES

Ex-President in Africa Shown for the First Time at the Manhattan Theatre.

THIRTY-SIX JUNGLE VIEWS

Animals and Birds Photographed in Their Native Wilds, Sometimes at Great Peril to Operator.

The unfortunate millions who were unable to follow Col. Roosevelt on his famous hunting expedition through Africa may gain an idea of what it was all about, with a few thrills thrown in, at the Manhattan Theatre, Thirty-first Street and Broadway, this week. Yesterday there were displayed for the first time in America several thousand feet of moving-picture film, showing many phases of the expedition, secured at an expenditure of about $200,000. The negatives were made by Cherry Kearton of London, who followed Col. Roosevelt to Africa and secured his co-operation, it is said, after much strenuous effort, for Mr. Roosevelt, according to the promoters of the scheme, needed a deal of persuasion to allow the pictures to be made.

The pictures show thirty-six scenes and cover the start and return of the expedition from Mombasa, as well as many hunting experiences and pictures of wild animal life, taken after many hours of patient work. The views showing Col. Roosevelt are extremely lifelike, and picture him in innumerable forms of activity. One of the best shows Mr. Roosevelt examining a gun which he presented to Chief Okawahki. Others show him on horseback, reviewing manoeuvres, and leading his party on special hunting trips. Kermit Roosevelt did not always remain in the background.

The first picture in Mombasa shows the Court House and the old Portuguese prison, with a gang of chained prisoners filing past. Another shows Mr. Roosevelt planting a tree in front of the Bomba Trading Company's office. In hunting costume, the former President appears to be enjoying himself thoroughly. Scene 6 shows the native amusements in Mombasa. There is a Ferris wheel and a general Coney Island air. The price of a ride on the wheel, it is explained, is one glass bead.

Other scenes show the railway trip which the Roosevelt party made from Liu to Naquro; native Zulu women; strong, healthy, and rugged, drawing water at a spring; the dance of the rainmaker; a native krall near Kilimakin, and specimens of African birds obtained by the hunter for the Smithsonian Institution. One photograph shows a Jackson's dancing bird dancing while the hen is setting. It took seven days to get the photograph, the operator hiding behind in a screen. Another which cost many hours of weary waiting shows a flock of vultures and marabou storks feeding. According to the description accompanying this picture, a big rhinoceros charged the camera man and was shot in the nick of time by James Clark of New York, who accompanied the operator.

Scene 15 shows the Roosevelt party making and breaking camp at Bondoni. Mr. Roosevelt is shown in the very centre of activity. The pictures of the Zulu war dance and ceremonies in honor of Col. Roosevelt are among the most interesting of the group. The natives were reviewed by Mr. Roosevelt and his party and Gov. Jackson of British East Africa. The blacks are shown in full war regalia, with shields and spears, weird headgear, and hideous facial adornment.

Another scene shows the Colonel and his party reviewing Zulu manoeuvres. The warriors march and countermarch in command of native Zulu chiefs carrying war shields covered with the skins of wild animals. This is followed by a procession of Zulu belles representing East Africa's native four hundred.

The picture showing Col. Roosevelt on horseback, starting out on a day's hunting expedition, is unusually clear. The army of porters bring up the rear in a long file, carrying the camp paraphernalia on their heads.

A picture of a young Serval cat was taken under great difficulties. The operator lay in hiding eight hours waiting for the animal to appear. Another shows the deadly African ground spider waiting near its hole for its prey. Even a large land turtle did not escape the camera man.

A large herd of giraffes scampering over the veldt was taken when the operator was only 150 yards away. Kermit, it is set forth, had just shot one, and the operator got the herd on the run. Another picture shows the Roosevelt party crossing a stream or ford; another is a fine picture of a horned chameleon, and a still more remarkable one shows a rhinoceros mother and her baby at play. The next shows a large rhinoceros just killed by Mr. Roosevelt at Kilimakin. The picture represents the natives in the act of dissecting it. The skin was removed, taken to camp, and prepared for shipment to the Smithsonian Institution.

Other pictures show hartebeeste roaming over the veldt, herds of gnu and zebra, hippopotami at play in the Tana River, a huge crocodile taking its morning bath, and a young deer. The last, and one of the best, shows the hunter and his long retinue of carriers crossing a drift or ford just under Mount Kenia as he is returning from a successful hunt.

On all the marches, it is explained, an American flag was carried by one man who saw to its safety. When a camp was pitched it was put up in front of Col. Roosevelt's tent.

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IN 26 & 28 INCH SIZES, FOR BOTH MEN AND WOMEN

TWILLED SILK UMBRELLAS WITH NATURAL WOOD HANDLES

USUAL PRICES $3.00 & 3.50 EACH . AT $2.00

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BLANKETS, COMFORTABLES, BEDSPREADS SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES,

AT PRICES BELOW THOSE USUALLY ASKED:

BLANKETS . . . . PER PAIR,	$3.00 & 3.75
SILKOLINE COMFORTABLES, SILK BORDERS EACH,	$2.50
SATIN FINISH BEDSPREADS . . . EACH,	$2.75
CROCHET BEDSPREADS . . EACH,	95c. & $1.25
MUSLIN SHEETS . . . . EACH,	72c. TO $1.10
HEMSTITCHED MUSLIN SHEETS . EACH,	$1.10 & 1.25
MUSLIN PILLOW CASES . . . EACH,	19c. TO 28c.
HEMSTITCHED MUSLIN PILLOW CASES EACH,	27c., 32c. & 36c.

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR

IN A NUMBER OF ATTRACTIVE STYLES:

EMBROIDERED BATISTE AND LACE JABOTS, AT 25c., 38c. & 50c.

EMBROIDERED BATISTE AND LACE TRIMMED PLAITED COLLARS AT 68c.

ALSO FRENCH HAND-EMBROIDERED NECKWEAR, AT ONE-THIRD TO ONE-HALF LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

14,000 YARDS OF IRISH DRESS LINEN

IN A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF DESIRABLE SHADES WILL ALSO BE ON SALE,

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ALSO SPECIAL SALES OF HAND-EMBROIDERED UNMADE BLOUSES AND INFANTS' GARMENTS.

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Does Free Rent appeal to you?

Would you like, in addition, a present of from $5,000 to $10,000 for increasing the facilities of your business and the efficiency of your employees?

We can save you on insurance and cartage bills enough money to pay your rent, and in addition an 8 per cent. dividend on $125,000 of your capital stock.

We are doing this for a very great many well-known wholesale merchants and manufacturers—big brainy men—successful concerns whose names are well known to you. Some of them investigated for two years before trying out our facilities.

One concern was paying 11 cents per foot rent elsewhere—they came to us at a higher rental to save money. They had been paying $8.00 per hundred for insurance; with us they pay 22½ cents.

One concern saves $12,000 yearly on cartage bills since becoming our tenants. We can save you more than this or less—depending on your volume of business.

Would you like to save $10,000 a year on insurance? $5,000 to $10,000 on cartage? To get more work done with a smaller payroll? Drop us a postal—we will show you how you can do it!

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FOR FAILING STRENGTH

GET SEVEN JURORS FOR WOLTER TRIAL

Trial of Youth for the Murder of Ruth Wheeler Promises to be Brief.

COUNSEL OBJECTS IN VAIN

Outlook Is That Twelve Men Will Be Sworn In by Noon To-day—Prosecution Will Begin at Once.

The trial of Albert Walter Wolter, the eighteen-year-old boy charged with murdering Ruth Wheeler on March 18, began yesterday in Part V. of General Sessions, before Judge Warren W. Foster. The court did everything it could to expedite the proceedings, arousing the repeated protests of Wallace D. Scott, who with L. H. Saper, is counsel for the defendant, by its rulings on the examination of talesmen, but although the hearing was prolonged till nearly 6 o'clock only seven jurors were sworn in. They are:

1.—Foreman, WILLIAM V. KULP of 827 West 124th Street, structural engineer.
2.—CHARLES K. HARRIS of 196 Riverside Drive, music writer and publisher and author of "After the Ball."
3.—FRANCIS HAGER of 481 East 140th Street, manufacturing jeweler.
4.—HENRY T. VAN PELT of 872 Convent Avenue, a manager for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company.
5.—WILLIAM G. CAMPBELL of 216 West 111th Street, dealer in electrical supplies.
6.—FREDERICK R. FORTMEYER of the Alpine apartment house, 55 West Thirty-third Street, Assistant Treasurer of the National Lead Company.
7.—JOSEPH FELDMAN of the Hotel Earlington, 50 West Twenty-seventh Street, Treasurer and Secretary of a price tag manufactory, 1,267 Broadway.

In selecting these 47 of the panel of 100 talesmen were examined, and the defense used up all but eight of its peremptory challenges. It is expected that the jury-box will be filled by recess today, and the addresses to the jury will begin in the afternoon.

An unusually large crowd assembled at the Criminal Court Building yesterday morning in the hope of getting admission to the trial room. As early as 7:30 o'clock a party of fashionably dressed women astonished the scrubwomen by planting themselves on the front benches, armed with lunches, and prepared to wait till court opened. They reckoned, however, without the police, for as soon as Capt. Brady heard of their tactics he politely turned them out into the corridor.

Defendant Appears in Court.

None but talesmen and reporters were allowed in court when Judge Foster took his seat at 10 o'clock, half an hour in advance of the regular time. He had received two anonymous letters, one an illiterate scrawl, announcing that the writer was the real culprit, while the other threatened vengeance against Wolter in case of his acquittal. All but the talesmen summoned for the murder trial were excused and the defendant was summoned to the bar.

He appeared a slight, pasty-faced youth, walking nervously behind a large policeman. He was dressed in a suit of black, with a high turnover collar, and a rather brilliant blue tie. He had dressed himself carefully for the trial, and did not appear to be a man to overcome a healthy girl in a struggle for her life. His most remarkable features were his broad cheek bones, his narrowing eyes, and a curious prominence of the lips.

He shook hands with his counsel, bowed to the Judge, and took his seat at the counsel table between the policeman and his junior counsel, Mr. Saper. All through the day he watched the proceedings with apparent unconcern. At times he listened to his lawyers as they consulted about the acceptance of a talesman, but they seemed to pay little attention to his opinion. His only animation was shown when he discovered that the firemen in a station opposite were gazing into the courtroom from an upper window, and he pointed them out to Mr. Saper. He was absolutely alone, none of his own family being in court. The relatives of the dead girl also were absent.

To save time, Judge Foster directed his stenographer to ask each talesman if he had any conscientious objections to the death penalty, and the lawyers on each side to call over the names of those in any way connected with the case, so that those of the panel who were acquainted with any of them at once might be excused. Then he stopped this line of questioning.

Mr. Scott asked George B. Sheppard, Secretary to President John R. Hegeman of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, who was the first talesman called, whether he understood the legal phrase, "reasonable doubt." The court interrupted and said:

"Knockout" Questions Not Allowed.

"I will not permit the putting of those so-called 'knockout' questions, which have heretofore delayed the trial of cases in this county. I will define all legal points for the benefit of the jury and will instruct them at the proper time."

Mr. Scott excepted, but throughout his examination of talesmen he found the court objecting to his dwelling on the necessity of assuming a prisoner innocent until he is found guilty, the amount of weight to be given circumstantial evidence, and other such points.

In his questions Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss, who with Assistant District Attorney Robert Turnbull will conduct the prosecution, was short and businesslike. As soon as a man stated that he had no prejudice against circumstantial evidence, could lay aside prejudice, and knew no one connected with the case, he was satisfied. Mr. Scott was much more particular, and inquired what each talesman had read about the matter, and whether he had discussed it at all. Most of them admitted having an opinion, or, at least, an impression, of its merits, and in trying to make it quite certain that it was not a fixed one, Mr. Scott several times came in conflict with the court.

Mr. Scott's only indications of what his defense is likely to be were his repeated questions as to whether the talesmen were quite certain that a murder had been committed. It is believed that he will endeavor to find a loophole in the evidence dealing with the condition of the body and its identity, and argue that the People have not established that Wolter put Ruth Wheeler to death.

Mr. Scott fired up when Robert W. Kelley, one of the last talesmen examined, stated that he might be disposed to discredit the defendant's evidence if it was shown that he was a "cadet." Mr. Scott pressed him to know if he would still be skeptical if it was shown that Wolter had tried to find work and failed, and that the money given him by Katie Muller, who lived with him, was taken from the small wages she earned.

By luncheon time three jurymen had been chosen, and it took till almost 6 o'clock to get the next four. The court then adjourned till 10:30 this morning.

TRIES TO WAKE DEAD MOTHER.

"Wake Up, Mamma; I'll Be Late for School," Is a Child's Entreaty.

As policemen forced open a door of a two-room apartment on the third floor of 413 East 123d Street yesterday they found six-year-old Nellie Walsh kneeling beside the bed in which her mother lay dead. The girl was crying "Wake up, mamma, I'll be late for school."

They called Dr. Elliott of the Harlem Hospital, who said that the woman, Hannah Walsh, 43 years old, had been dead about three hours, and that apoplexy was apparently the cause.

The child cried continually and didn't apparently realize what had happened. She was taken finally to the station, where the police procured some food for her. She said that her father died several years ago, and that she was entirely alone in this country. She had two sisters who are at present in Ireland.

HYDE CHARGED ANEW IN STATE'S OPENING

Accused of Having Given Col. Swope Cyanide of Potassium as Well as Strychnine.

SHOP IT CAME FROM BURNED

Druggist's Books, Uninjured, Show Purchase of Poison Capsules, Declares Special Prosecutor Reed.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 18.—In a courtroom that was crowded to its utmost capacity long before the regular opening hour, James A. Reed to-day delivered the opening statement of the prosecution in the trial of Dr. B. C. Hyde for the murder of Col. Thomas H. Swope. The opening of the case was marked by a sharp clash between attorneys for the two sides. The defense waged a hard fight on the court's admitting Mr. Reed, as special counsel, to deliver the opening statement.

At the suggestion of the court Mr. Reed was appointed a special prosecutor, and the objection to the admission of a portion of Mr. Reed's statement regarding Dr. Hyde's averred purpose to slay the Swope family was overruled.

Touching on the death of Col. Swope and Dr. Hyde's contention that he gave the patient nothing but a digestive tablet, Mr. Reed had said:

"We shall show you that cyanide of potassium is the most dangerous poison. Prussic acid is one of the deadliest of poisons. The poison of the asp or the adder is not to be compared with it. Seldom is it sold in its original form. But one of the compounds containing prussic acid is cyanide of potassium. It, too, is rarely used as a medicine.

"We shall show that on Sept. 13 Dr. Hyde purchased cyanide of potassium capsules and Hollenden digestive capsules. These appear so nearly alike that it would be almost impossible for the average person to tell the difference between them.

"It was by the use of these capsules, similar in character, that Dr. Hyde hoped to cover up the administering of the deadly poison."

Mr. Reed referred to Hyde having purchased poison at the store of the druggist which recently was burned. Said Mr. Reed:

"There is a druggist in Kansas City named Brecklein, whose store was near the office of Dr. Hyde and at which the physician obtained some of his medicinal supplies. After Col. and Chrisman Swope had died and after the rebellion of the nurses and the outcry of suspicion, this drug store was burned. How or why we do not know, nor, perhaps, will it be necessary to investigate, but, while it burned, the books of account of Brecklein were not burned, and these books disclosed that on Dec. 4 and 12 Hyde purchased cyanide of potassium in capsules at the store."

The statement by Mr. Reed that the State would show that Col. Swope was poisoned with cyanide of potassium as well as strychnine, and that strychnine and cyanide were given to Chrisman Swope, was a charge made to-day for the first time.

The lawyer rehearsed how, at Dr. Hyde's orders, Miss Kellar gave Col. Swope a capsule. Again, at Hyde's orders, a hypodermic injection was given. Death followed. A lengthy recital of how Dr. Hyde obtained the typhoid and diphtheria germs of Dr. E. L. Stewart and the appearance of typhoid fever in the Swope residence followed. The alleged attempt of Dr. Hyde to poison Margaret Swope was taken up then. Mr. Reed said:

"One night while the girl was supposed to be almost recovered from typhoid a nurse learned that Hyde had given her a hypodermic injection. When asked why he had made the injection, Hyde replied that he had given her only some oil of camphor for intermitten pulse. Miss Swope denied that the physician felt her pulse, and the nurse found no odor like oil of camphor."

A sore has developed recently on the girl's arm, and the State believes it is due to the physician's injecting some of the germs he obtained from Dr. Stewart into this member.

"A few days after the injection incident," went on Mr. Reed, "Dr. Hyde left a capsule among the medicines belonging to the girl. A nurse administered the capsule. Miss Swope was seized with convulsions. An examination of the contents of her stomach showed strychnine."

After Mr. Reed had addressed the jury for an hour Mr. Walsh announced that he would not deliver his opening statement until to-morrow.

Dr. G. T. Twyman, one of the important witnesses for the State, died here late this afternoon of acute diverticulitis.

Thomas Swope, Jr., who recently refused to aid his mother, Mrs. Logan O. Swope, in sharing the expense of prosecuting Dr. Hyde, made his first appearance in court to-day. He accompanied his mother and Miss Lucy Lee Swope, his sister, and Judge Lee Chrisman, his uncle. Hyde's father, the Rev. George Hyde of Lexington, Mo., was also present.

LAWYER APPARENTLY INSANE.

R. H. Holland Committed to the Psycopathic Ward at Bellevue.

Ralph H. Holland, living at 788 West End Avenue, was yesterday committed to the psycopathic ward of Bellevue Hospital for observation as to his sanity, by Magistrate Barlow in the Tombs Court.

His father-in-law, Fritz Muser, a clothing importer at 70 Fifth Avenue, obtained a warrant for Holland's arrest, saying that he thought the lawyer was dangerous to himself and his family. When Warrant Officer Thiese went to Holland's office in the City Investing Building, he told Holland that "Barlow was anxious to see him."

"What does he want with me?" asked Holland.

"I think it's about politics," replied Thiese.

"Good," said Holland. "I am to run for President in 1912 and will try for Congress in the meantime."

CUSTOMS MAN ADMITS GUILT.

Quinn Confesses to the Underweighing of Cheese and Figs.

Joseph T. Quinn, former assistant United States customs weigher, when arraigned yesterday before Judge Martin in the Criminal Branch of the United States Circuit Court, pleaded guilty to underweighing imports from Greece. Sentence was suspended.

Quinn was indicted by the Federal Grand Jury for a conspiracy with Antonio and Philip Musica & Son of 25 Water Street to defraud the Government out of duties through false weighing of cheese and figs.

At the trial of the Musicas Antonio Musica was acquitted and the son, who admitted being concerned in the customs frauds, was sentenced to a year in Elmira Reformatory. The young man was pardoned last week by President Taft, who also remitted a fine of $5,000 imposed by Judge Holt.

State Canals to Open May 15.

ALBANY, April 18.—Superintendent of Public Works Stevens is expected to announce shortly the opening of the State canals on May 15, except the Black River Canal, which will not be opened until June 1.

SEEKING A HERMIT'S HOARD.

Creedon's Wealth Was More Than $100,000, It Is Believed.

Disappointed in love Daniel Creedon lived the life of a recluse and died last March in a little hovel. Surrogate Daniel Noble of Queens County directed Public Administrator John T. Robinson and a committee composed of A. D. Brooks and Louis L. Shipley yesterday to search for Creedon's wealth, which it is estimated will foot up to more than $100,000.

Creedon was 72 years old at the time of his death, and for more than twenty years had lived in a little shanty in an out-of-the-way road in Woodside. An examination of his affairs shows he owned twenty-one lots in Woodside, valued at $25,000; a big tract of land in Flatbush, and a farm of 150 acres in Ireland.

From an old prayer book found in his hovel was gleaned the information that Creedon was born in Bridgettown, Innisarra, County Cork, Ireland, where live two brothers and the children of a deceased sister. Those who knew him said that he had a number of bank accounts, and Attorney Robinson is now endeavoring to locate these accounts. A systematic search is to be made of the house and surroundings for clues concerning the whereabouts of this money.

People in the vicinity assert that the old hovel is full of gold and bonds. Creedon's death was due to blood poisoning, and he was buried in Calvary Cemetery, in Laurel Hill, L. I., on March 28 last.

EARL WILSON IS BURIED.

Floral Remembrances Sent from Annapolis and from West Point.

COVINGTON, Ky., April 18.—Attired in the full dress uniform of a Midshipman of the United States Navy, the body of Earl Wilson, who died at Annapolis from injuries received in a football game, was taken from the residence of his brother-in-law, Maurice L. Galvin, to-day and buried in the family lot at Independence, Ky. There were brief services at the residence and also at the grave.

The floral pieces included a baseball diamond from the Annapolis baseball team, on which Wilson played third base; a huge football of American Beauties from the football squad, a tall anchor from the dead youth's class, and a large wreath inclosing a ship from the Midshipmen's brigade.

From the Military Academy at West Point were sent remembrances from the football team, the athletic squad, and one as a remembrance from the entire Academy.

Two Killed in Train Wreck.

MEMPHIS, April 18.—Two men are dead and several persons injured as the result of the wreck and burning of a northbound passenger train on the Illinois Central, which left New Orleans last night. The wreck occurred after midnight five miles north of Jackson. The engine went over a 15-foot embankment and was followed by a baggage car, mail car, library car, and two Pullmans. Two other Pullmans and dining cars remained on the track. The overturned cars took fire.

For Country Houses.

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China and Glass

In Tasteful Designs at Moderate prices.

Fifth Ave. & 30th St.

W. & J. SLOANE

PORCH RUGS

Made of Fibre and Grass

WE have these popular Fibre Porch Rugs in the following five weaves, in bold Indian designs of various color combinations:

Moodj—7 sizes, 6 x 3 ft., at $2.50; to 9 x 12 ft., at $15.

Mourzouk—Plain, 6 x 9 ft., at $9.00; 9 x 12 ft., at $18

Figured, 6 x 9 ft., at $10.50; 9 x 12 ft., at $21.

Algerian—Size 6 x 9 ft., at $13.50; 9 x 12 ft., at $27.

Anjengo—Size 6 x 9 ft., at $12.00; 9 x 12 ft., at $24.

"CREX" GRASS RUGS.

Plain and bordered effects; Plain—size 3 x 6 ft., $1.30; 9 x 12 ft., $7. With Greek Key design Border, colors red, blue, brown and green—size 3 x 6 ft., $1.50; 9 x 12 ft., $8.50.

Free delivery within 100 miles of N.Y. City

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HATS BALCH PRICE & CO. FURS

FULTON & SMITH STS., BROOKLYN, N.Y.

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are vain things for safety so far as furs are concerned.

TWO PER CENT

on your own valuation of the furs, insures their care, condition and safety in our modern cold storage plant.

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What a Visit to Aeolian Hall Means to You

A place to spend hours of unceasing delight in the realms of music;

—A place where cordial and constant welcome awaits everyone;

—A place where unfailing courtesy prevails and where none are made to feel obligation.

So may be characterized Aeolian Hall, where "quality" musical instruments are sold at prices representative of true value alone.

Here, you will hear the performances of that marvelous instrument, the Pianola —made and sold exclusively by The Aeolian Company.

It is the Pianola that gives complete mastery of the piano to the veriest amateur.

Anyone can operate it, and the performance must always be artistic, always delightful—a fact assured by the rare mechanical achievements it embodies.

Here too, at Aeolian Hall, you may choose among the best pianos in many grades. Instruments ranging in price from $225.00 to $850.00.

And because The Aeolian Company controls the manufacture of these pianos —*because there's a different piano for each grade*—you are safeguarded against the many false price systems, common with a single make of piano.

Nor could more liberal terms than those of The Aeolian Company be offered —except by a concern less conscientious about giving value.

Facts About the Pianola

Very frequently the name "Pianola" is applied to piano players generally. And Pianola Pianos are as often confused with the ordinary player pianos.

Both are exclusively the product of The Aeolian Company. Always they've represented the greatest and latest achievements in their world.

The Pianola is attachable to any piano. When hand playing is desired, it is only necessary to remove it from the keyboard.

The Pianola Piano is a specially constructed upright piano with the Pianola attachment built *into* it. The advantage of this is greater convenience, and economy of space.

Not the most skilled musician could render with greater expression the music produced by the Pianola.

No other piano player so readily lends itself to the individuality of the operator. Due principally to those wonderfully human-like Pianola features, the Metrostyle and Themodist.

The Metrostyle and Themodist

The Metrostyle is a device, *exclusive with the Pianola,* which affords to everyone the ability to play accurately, *and with expression.*

It does more. It assures an *artistic* performance—often the composer's own interpretation. And its operation is simplicity itself.

Nor is *individual* interpretation thus hampered. This can be given as freely as though the Metrostyle didn't exist. But, with it, *true expression* is always at hand.

No greater invention has ever been given the world of music. Although equally wonderful is its companion device—the Themodist.

It is the Themodist that eliminates all possibilities of the Pianola being adjudged "mechanical."

Its work is to bring out the melody, subdue the accompaniment and accent the proper notes, *individually or in groups.*

Briefly, the Themodist provides **governable touch—the one vital element that is lacking in the ordinary piano player.**

The Value of Comparison

It is vitally important that you should investigate for yourself the merits of the Pianola. But to thoroughly appreciate its many superiorities, you should hear the performances of the other piano players as well.

Thus, you are afforded a comparison on which is based the Pianola's world-wide reputation for supremacy.

At Aeolian Hall, you may have your favorite music played from a library of some 15,000 selections. Or you will gladly be allowed to play them yourself.

Never has expert playing been necessary to show the merits of the Pianola. **Never is a decision urged in its favor, if its performance fails to convince.**

A greater opportunity for the gaining of musical knowledge —what to seek and what to avoid in the purchase of musical instruments—exists nowhere outside of Aeolian Hall. To delay your visit is to postpone a real pleasure, as well.

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or through the fair green use our V L & D golf clubs—and improve your game. They will lengthen out your *long* game and make your *short* game deadly.

Our golf department can supply you with every requirement.

We are specialists in fine imported and domestic Guns, Rifles and Ammunition.

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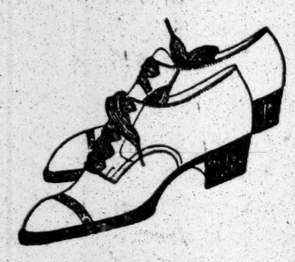

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In Russia Calf, Gun Metal Calf and Patent Leather **$5.00**

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Every customer receives the individual attention of a competent clerk.

Suits for Young Men $15, $16, $18 & $20

So far have we gone with suits for young men, that they assume the dignity of a specialty.

The benefits manifest themselves, first in the extraordinary variety of good serviceable fabrics, from grave to gay in color, then in the exceptionally expressive tailoring, and lastly, in altogether modest prices.

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ALL STORES SELL

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TEN CENTS & FIVE CENTS

YOUR WATCH IS YOUR TIME TABLE

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Dining cars, morning, noon and night. Parlor cars on all trains. Sleepers on midnight trains.

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COLONIAL SERIES

Colonial Series watches are a new type of thin model Waltham watches for men. They may be had in several grades. These watches are cared and timed at the factory. Sold by all jewelers. Guaranteed by the makers.

WALTHAM WATCH COMPANY

WALTHAM, MASS.

CLARKSON RETIRES; JOB GOES BEGGING

No One Anxious to be Port Surveyor Because of Subordination to Collector.

HE CHIDES REPUBLICANS

The Party in a Most Critical Condition, He Says, and Must Put Its House in Order.

After serving eight years as Surveyor of the Port of New York, Gen. James S. Clarkson retired yesterday with the good wishes of every member of his staff, and hundreds of business friends in the city. The General's passing was not without political significance. In his valedictory to the reporters he expressed the opinion that "the Republican party is in a more critical condition than at any time in its history," and he declared that "the customs service will never attain its rightful efficiency until it is entirely removed from partisan politics or personal ambition."

In spite of the attempts of the Government to fill Gen. Clarkson's place no one has yet definitely been named for the post, and to-day the port, from which a third of the total revenue of the United States is derived, will be without a Surveyor.

Here are the names of the men who have been offered the Surveyorship and who have refused it on the ground that under the new conditions the Surveyor would simply be a deputy of the Collector of the Port without any executive authority:

CHARLES D. HILLES, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, Washington.

MOSES McKEE, Deputy Commissioner of Excise for the County of New York.

BENJAMIN W. BONNEY BROWN, a lawyer at 18 Wall Street, Republican district leader and ex-Alderman of the Twenty-seventh Assembly District.

GEORGE D. WANMAKER, the Appraiser of the Port of New York, on whom, it was stated on good authority, political force was focussed from Washington to compel him to accept the post, without success.

STATE SENATOR JONATHAN MAYHEW WAINWRIGHT of the Fourteenth Senate District, with law offices at 40 Wall Street.

It became known yesterday that a complete history of the transactions in the Custom House from 1902 to 1910, including the demand for the automatic scales made eight years ago, which are to be installed next week, the sugar frauds and the search of American passengers at the gates of the steamship piers, with the names of reputable New Yorkers who dreaded the ordeal so much that they landed in Boston or Philadelphia, has been sent to Washington for investigation.

Loving Cup From His Staff.

At noon yesterday a deputation of the Surveyor's staff, headed by Inspector F. P. Murphy, waited upon Gen. Clarkson and presented to him a silver loving cup thirty inches high filled with American Beauty roses and a handsome gold watch as a token of the respect and appreciation in which he was held by the men who had served under him. Mr. Murphy on behalf of his colleagues said:

"Your administration of the affairs of the Surveyor's office is a record of which any man might be justly proud, and the men of this office realize with the deepest regret that they can no longer address you as Surveyor of the Port. We wish you many years of good health, happiness, and prosperity."

In his reply, after thanking them for their good wishes and testimonial, Gen. Clarkson spoke of the good work done by Deputy Surveyor Richard Parr in unearthing and bringing to book the Sugar Trust frauds; also his strength of character in resisting temptation.

Olivia Clarkson, the General's three-year-old granddaughter, was present in the room at the time of the presentation, and was photographed with the retiring Surveyor, the loving cup between them.

In making his farewell statement to the reporters yesterday afternoon Gen. Clarkson thanked them for the courtesy with which he had always been treated, especially in what he described as the past stormy, and often almost hysterical, year in the Custom House.

He called attention to the fact that last December, when announcement was made at the Treasury Department that Gen. Clarkson would retire from the Surveyorship on Jan. 1, 1910, at the instance of President Taft a second announcement was made a week later that he would not retire until April 18, 1910. It also was stated by the Treasury Department at that time that the investigation of the New York customs service had disclosed no facts which in any way reflected on Gen. Clarkson.

Here is Gen. Clarkson's statement:

Back to Business After a Rest.

"I shall devote myself for a few weeks to business interests that of late I have neglected. As I have not taken my regular vacation for about eighteen months it is possible that I will make a trip to Mexico and at the same time look after some mining investments I have there.

"Aside from the severance of personal relations in the surveyor's department I am little short of delighted at leaving public office, not only because I desire to re-enter private business, but because of a natural preference for that freedom of speech which is not, theoretically, permitted to those in the Federal service.

"I believe that the coming three years hold more opportunity for political discussion than in a generation past, and I have not yet reached that stage where an inactive view of life appeals to me. For an old campaigner there is too inviting a firing line for that.

"In respect of the political philosophy of the present day I may be permitted to make a comment on politics nationally considered. Formerly we Republicans made our campaign by straight-from-the-shoulder politics, by actually and honestly gaining for the party a majority of the votes in the Nation—when, as President Taft said in a letter to me last week, 'the taking part in an election was like going into real battle.' We then had little money on which to make a National canvass. Lately National campaigns seem to have been made largely on funds swollen beyond necessity, and perhaps beyond strict ethical requirements, and on the blunders of the Democratic Party.

"The Democratic Party, by the way, does not seem to be enjoying its loneliness of the past generation with regard to political influence and prospects. The Republican Party is, in my opinion, in a more critical condition than at any time in its history. What it needs to do now is to retrieve its mistakes of recent years and not to enter into explanations. The mass of the people want none of that; they are waiting for action, and if the party does not act in advance of them they will act for themselves. Make no mistake about that.

For a Party Housecleaning.

"Aside from the solution of economic questions our party must, to maintain its existence, reassert, redeem, and carry out its pledges on certain lines bearing inevitably upon human rights. I instance the case of the American negro, who stands to-day practically betrayed by the Republican Party, if the repeated promises made in State and party platforms amount to anything. There must be another muster in this country for human rights.

"The only way in which the Republican Party can hold its own is to put its house in order without fear or favor all along the line, no longer confining itself to issues largely sordid and mercenary, and thus relieve itself from its present position of self-defense, the most humiliating pass in the destiny of a political party.

"The question concerned in the recent proposition to make the Surveyor at this port practically a deputy of the Collector," continued Gen. Clarkson, "resolves itself into a consideration of whether or not it is wise to focus on one point of the local service the tremendous responsibility involved in the collection of more than one-third of the total revenue of the Nation.

"This responsibility will remain all the more acute so long as politics plays any part in the administration of the customs laws. The customs service will never attain its rightful and possible efficiency until it is completely separated from political influence and entirely removed from partisan politics of personal ambition.

"With regard to a Congressional investigation following on the frauds recently developed in the local service, it is my opinion that in the interest of the public such an investigation should be had, though only after the Government attorneys have fully and actually exhausted their legal resources."

TONGS TO BURY THE HATCHET.

Attache of the Chinese Legation Assists in Peace Negotiations.

There was a lot of hustling and bustling among the peacemakers in Chinatown yesterday, and when the day was over it looked as though the differences between the warring tongs would be patched up. Wu Chang, first attaché of the Chinese Legation in Washington, was about the busiest of all. He came on from Washington in the morning at the instance of the Chinese Minister, Chang Yin Tang, who instructed him to do all he could toward bringing about a peace compact between the Four Brothers and the On Leong Tong leaders, which have been busy shooting each other of late.

One of Mr. Wu's first moves was to see Sam Lock, leader of the Four Brothers Tong, and his chief lieutenant, Jung Bing, who explained that they were quite willing to sign a peace compact with On Leong Tong leaders, adding that the Four Brothers lawyer, Terence McManus, was already drawing up a peace compact which called for a redistribution of the territory in Chinatown and an agreement not to carry revolvers.

Wu also called on members of the Four Brothers Tong, all of whom were willing to abide by the decision of Sam Lock and the other leaders.

From the assurances received by Wu, a peace conference will be called in a few days before Judge Warren W. Foster of the Court of General Sessions. He presided over a similiar conference of the On Leong Tong and the Hep Sing Tong in 1906, and brought about a compact which has been lived up to to the present day.

Wu also visited the Chinese Consul General, Y. Y. Young, in this city, and discussed the situation with him. Mr. Young will accompany Wu to-day to the homes of several of the On Leong Tong leaders and lend his influence to that of the emissary from Washington toward bringing about a speedy conference of peace.

SAFE BLOWERS FOILED.

Unable to Effect an Entrance by Electric Drill or Nitroglycerine.

Up-to-date methods were used by safe-blowers yesterday morning in an attempt to blow open the safe of George Saltford, a wholesale florist at 43 West Twenty-eighth Street. An electric drill was used by them, but it broke before the work was finished.

The burglars then tore off the combination lock and put in a shot of nitroglycerine. The explosion only tore off the outer sheathing. The inner compartment was not pierced. The burglars then broke open a desk, but all they got there was a box of cigars.

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a trial package of "Salada" Ceylon Tea sufficient to make 40 cups.

10,000 grocers in Greater New York sell "Salada."

If for any reason the grocer in your district cannot supply you, send us his name and we will deliver a trial package free in his care.

We mail free our interesting pamphlet "The Healthfulness of Tea."

Yearly sales over 20,000,000 packages.

Read our "Tea Time Talks" continued in next week's Times. They make good reading and are full of information.

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AIMS OF SOCIALIST RULE IN MILWAUKEE

Spokesman Outlines Plans of New Administration, Which Takes Office To-day.

FREE LAW AND MEDICINE

Public Control of Food Supply on Programme—Municipal Ice Plant, to Sell at Cost, Planned.

MILWAUKEE, April 18.—Victor E. Berger, Alderman elect at Large, and spokesman of the Social Democratic Party in Milwaukee, issued a statement to-day giving an outline of the principles that will guide the Social Democratic administration of Milwaukee during the next two years, beginning with to-morrow, when Mayor-elect Seidel will be inaugurated. In it he says:

"A detailed review of what the Social Democratic administration of Milwaukee intends to accomplish during the next two years will be contained in the Mayor's inaugural message. I wish only to state the general principles upon which this party stands and upon which we were elected.

"In the first place, the Social Democratic Party of Milwaukee is an integral part of the Socialist Party of America. In Wisconsin we are officially named 'The Social Democratic Party'—which is the customary international name.

"The Socialist Party of America is the American expression of the international movement of modern wage workers for better food, better homes, sufficient sleep, more leisure, more education, and more culture.

"In city affairs we stand for the public ownership of municipal utilities. We are well aware, however, that Milwaukee does not enjoy self-government, and that, as a rule, no steps can be taken in that direction without an appeal to the State Legislature at Madison.

"In municipal affairs the Social Democracy stands also for radical change that will bring means of production into the hands of the people. It believes in self-government for the city, the initiative, the referendum, and the right to recall, in a just and equitable taxation, in efficient sanitary inspection of workshops and houses, and in the public control of the food supply in the interests of the public health, and in the highest development of a reasonable public service. At the proper time the Social Democracy will initiate these and other things.

Franchises Lead to Corruption.

"The mainspring of corruption in municipal affairs is found in the fact that a few Aldermen or officials have in their power to give away or sell franchises to capitalists who thereby make millions. The temptation thus offered our public officials to secure a share in the millions thus given away, is too great for the average man to withstand. If the city should operate its public utilities the motive and the opportunity for bribery would be gone, even if minor evils and breaches of trust might continue, owing to the corruptive influence of the capitalist system, which makes money-getting the sole object of life. The Social Democracy, therefore, objects to more competition in public utilities. More competition means more corruption.

"We stand for the public ownership of public utilities, but until we reach this we will enforce the utmost extension and possible service from these utilities, as far as the present laws will permit.

"We look upon the contract system also as a danger. It constantly induces contractors to bribe city officials on the one hand and to exploit their workmen on the other. Moreover, it is always in the interest of the city that citizens earn decent wages; therefore, instead of contractors, the labor unions ought to be encouraged. The city should stand pledged, so far as the charter permits, to employ only union labor at eight hours a day, and should require the same of all contractors doing city work.

"The money made out of the city by contractors will better go toward the relief of the unemployed, first, by the improvement of the streets; second, by the establishment of public coal and wood yards, and a public icehouse. In this climate ice is as necessary in Summer as coal is in the Winter. These necessities should be sold at cost. The city could easily harvest an abundance of ice during the Winter months, thus employing many citizens who would otherwise have to receive public aid. We realize that giving work to the unemployed can solve no industrial problems, but it is the least that can be done as a humane duty toward those in distress.

"Free education is essential to a high civilization. Free books are as much a part of free education as free teachers and free schoolhouses. The Social Democracy demands that books and school utensils be furnished free to all pupils attending the public schools.

"This naturally leads us to the question of taxes. If corporations bore their share of taxes—figured at even the present valuation—the taxes of all citizens could be reduced 20 per cent. and there would still be enough money left in the City Treasury which could be used for public improvements of all kinds.

"Public health requires more attention to factories and workshops, better plumbing, and more public baths. Public health also demands an extension of free medical service. At the present time many a disease an deven epidemics get their origin from the fact that poor people shrink from consulting a physician because of the expense, until it is too late.

"It is well known that certain wealthy citizens derive profit from degradation through the rent of old rookeries which are a menace both to public morals and the public health. We will see to it that all slum property shall be condemned and that steps shall be taken to protect our boys and girls.

"The city ought to afford the protection of the law to such of its citizens as are unable to afford it themselves. At present the poor know of the law only when they feel its crushing effect. A poor person with a just cause has no standing in the courts unless some lawyer is promised a big share of the proceeds of the case; if there are no proceeds the poor person has no means of defense at all.

"We are hampered by an obsolete charter and laws made in favor of the capitalist class and the capitalist class only, but we again promise the best administration this city has ever had, and, as far as human effort can secure it, we will make good our promise."

CHICAGO, April 18.—Mayor David S. Rose of Milwaukee stated in an interview to-day that he would not be present when the ceremony of installing Mayor-elect Seidel is performed.

"For ten years," said the Mayor, "the Socialists of Milwaukee, or rather certain of their leaders have worked against me on lines of villification. Seidel, as an Alderman, never called upon me as Mayor, and I do not care to acknowledge him by my presence when the office of Mayor goes into his hands."

Waterbury to Serve His Term.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Jules M. Waterbury of New York, convicted in the District of Columbia of falsely representing himself as an agent of The Associated Press and sentenced to eighteen months in the penitentiary at Atlanta, abandoned his appeal to the District Court of Appeals and surrendered himself to the Marshal to-day. Waterbury victimized several public men in connection with engraving he said were wanted by The Associated Press.

Real and Imitation GUT

There's a great difference. You may not be able to distinguish the real from the near-real—few people can.

We restring rackets and we use the strings you want—and we'll show you how to tell the real gut from the imitation.

Now is the restringing time—write for prices—as low as $1.00—and booklet—and when you do ask about

"L. & U." Patented Slotted Throat Racket—the strongest, lightest and *fastest* racket made.

We can tell you about Golf Clubs, too—The Split Socket—a "L. & U." specialty. Booklet on application

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98 Chambers St., New York.

Author of "Robert Elsmere," "The Marriage of William Ashe."

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III.

Introduces a Man of the People—a type of the spirit of Colonization.

Suddenly a young Canadian appears, who soon becomes to Lady Merton the expression of all her admiration for the pioneer conquering of the wilderness.

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Photogravure frontispiece by Albert E. Sterner.

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Chiris Olive Oil

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We're well provided with these popular fabrics in bright grays and leather-browns.

A large variety of sturdy worsteds in neat striped effects for men who prefer smooth-finished cloths.

Whatever your choice—rough or smooth goods—we have the color, pattern, style and fit that will please you.

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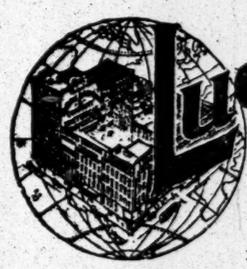

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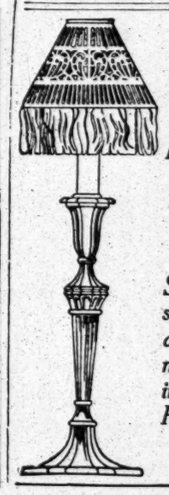

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 19, 1910.

THE MAYOR OF NEW YORK.

Mayor GAYNOR has subordinates who want help in the performance of their duties, and are running to Albany to get it, or perhaps rather to supply themselves with excuses for non-performance if they fail to get the new laws they ask for. The Mayor himself is made of different stuff, and is ready, willing, and able to work with what tools he finds in the Mayor's tool chest. Accordingly we find the Mayor repudiating the bill introduced providing for a legislative investigation of waste in connection with the Catskill waterway. The Mayor says that the city has ample means to investigate the Board of Water Supply without help from Albany.

There are recent events of a nature not well suited to enable the Board of Water Supply to sleep sounder because the Mayor himself proposes to attend to its case. There are reasons why the city should prefer to have its affairs attended to by its own officials. The novelty about the case consists in the city having a Mayor able to go into a closet with the Revised Statutes and the charter, and without a telephone, and reach a decision of and by and for himself. It does not follow that everybody will like everything that is done, but it does follow that the presumption against everything official is suspended. Independence in office is a virtue apart from the good things toward which it tends. Government under and according to the laws is the theory of our institutions, and interpretation of the laws by an individual instead of by a machine is an innovation which is welcome. The prospect is that it will be long before New York will be satisfied to have a Mayor who represents anybody except the city and its citizens. A Mayor like that deserves the best of tools, but his quality is shown best by the quality of the work he is able to turn out with poor tools.

THE NEW COURT HOUSE.

It is believed now that the danger of the destruction of City Hall Park by the erection at its northern end of the new County Court House has been averted. The well-organized opposition to the invasion of the park promises to be successful. The building of the new Court House is an immediate necessity, and a site must be selected with as little delay as possible.

There is no further dispute that this site must be downtown and in the immediate neighborhood of the present Court House. The Reade and Chambers Street plan favored by many prominent architects is undoubtedly the most satisfactory that has yet been set forth. If this plan is adopted building operations will soon begin on the north side of Reade Street midway between Broadway and Centre Street, and in the future a related group of buildings of architectural fitness and beauty will occupy the two blocks immediately north of the City Hall Park.

THE SUBWAY BIDS.

The Bradley-Gaffney-Steers combination announced Saturday that it is prepared to bid for the new subways, but naturally did not say what its bid would be. And Public Service Commissioner WILLCOX announced both that the time of bidding was near and that "should no satisfactory bid be received" the city would then be in position to go into the subway business on its own account. The President of the Board of Aldermen has committed the administration of the city so far as he can to "municipal construction, municipal ownership, and municipal operation." It is a thorough programme, and the final decision is so near that the popular mind ought to be in readiness for declaring itself.

The idea of an unsatisfactory bid is unthinkable to many. But Mr. WILLCOX remembers that the city has only once received a satisfactory bid, and that it has repeatedly received unsatisfactory bids, or none. The combination now declaring its readiness to bid has never said what it would ask to build the tri-borough route, and it has declared that it would not operate it for a five-cent fare. It has no known opposition, the route being unattractive to other private capital. An excessive price would come within Commissioner WILLCOX'S definition of unsatisfactory. A ten-cent fare would be equally unsatisfactory to the public. There are relatively few through passengers, and there is a loss upon each of them. All the profit is in the short-distance riders, and the short-distance riders in the Lexington Avenue neighborhood will be scarce. At present there is an excess of through riders over the Interborough, according to the traffic statistics, but it is on the cards that soon there will be fewer, if not too few even.

The prospect of the city itself proceeding with the project if the bids shall prove "unsatisfactory" cannot be thought of without a shudder. The plan was for the city to place the Interborough at a disadvantage. The same idea was at the basis of the construction of the bridge loop subway. If only it were in existence the Brooklyn Rapid Transit would bid up for it, it was thought. In fact the "B. R. T." did not bid at all, and even declined it as a gift. Now it is on the bargain counter, and, worse yet, its original usefulness will never be realized. It was to be a loop system, but the loop has been cut in two. The loop will never loop unless a river tunnel is added to it. Brooklyn citizens are asking that it shall be added, and it must be unless the city is to see millions wasted.

ELECTION DAY IN MONROE.

The clergymen of Rochester are right. The eyes of the country are, indeed, on Monroe County to-day. All over the State and in other States men are exceedingly curious to know, not merely what Monroe County is going to do with GEORGE W. ALDRIDGE, but what sort of showing it is going to make of itself. The people of Monroe County will declare by their votes whether they have any pride in the reputation and standing of their community. If they prefer to be represented in Congress by Mr. ALDRIDGE, who is proved to have accepted a check for $1,000 from fire insurance interests concerned in legislation at Albany, and whose whole life and career have been of a political boss, rather than by Mr. HAVENS, a lawyer of marked abilities, whose character cannot be impeached, the country will know at once that they are not ashamed of ALDRIDGE, they are not ashamed to appear as his supporters and sponsors.

That appeal to the pride and good citizenship of the voters of the Thirty-second District has been made with great effect. ALDRIDGE has made a campaign of the Aldridge sort. He relies upon the discipline of the machine, and evidence has been supplied that an attempt was made in his interest to employ the time-honored machine device of illegal voting. The fear is expressed that ALDRIDGE, who has a good deal of influence with the Democratic machine, may in one way or another control a good many of the voters of that party, and so, at the last moment, avert defeat. Still, after all, if he is elected he will be elected by Republican votes. The very great bulk of his support must come from that party. We are informed that in the best residential wards of the City of Rochester the Republicans are pretty solidly going against him. The result depends upon the extent of the defection in that party. The campaign for HAVENS has been active, stirring, and intelligently conducted. To the extent that the tariff is an issue in the fight the speeches of Mr. FOSS must have made votes for the Democratic candidate. The feeling, too, that a vote for ALDRIDGE is a vote for the continuance of the legislative scandals that Gov. HUGHES insists must be thoroughly investigated, works against the Republican boss. There would be little comfort in a reduced majority. It is only by defeating ALDRIDGE that the Republicans of the district can show that they stand on the side of decency and clean politics.

ENCOURAGING TO CAMPERS.

The Legislature will soon decide, and decide right, we trust, upon the proposal to take over the great new reservation in the Catskills offered by Mrs. HARRIMAN for a people's park. The 10,000 acres and $1,000,000 given by Mrs. HARRIMAN, supplemented by 15,000 additional acres that are to be purchased with the more than $1,000,000 given by other wealthy individuals, will furnish a wild and beautiful extension to the present Inter-State Palisades Park of hills, forests, lakes, and streams, about twenty times the size of Central Park.

It will be made accessible. Already the Committee on Parks and Playgrounds of the Municipal Arts Society has planned arrangements for cheap transportation to the Harriman Park by boat and rail, and the correspondence transmitted by Gov. HUGHES outlines the general course of the boulevard, for which New Jersey has just contributed $500,000, that will link it with the Palisades Park. Camps of various styles will be erected suited to the needs of the one-day and week-end campers and of those who will plan to spend their vacations in the people's new preserve. It should be a popular resort. In the small area of the Palisades Park 2,000 permits to camp were issued last year by the Commission. The Harriman Park will accommodate 10,000 campers much more comfortably.

AN APPROVED METHOD.

The State Board of Charities recommends to the Legislature, in a bill on which a hearing is granted this week, that it be permitted to supervise all private charitable institutions and associations. Prior to the decision in the "Gerry Case" the State Board had power to supervise all charitable institutions, as conferred on it by the State Constitution of 1894. The board accordingly required of all private charities an annual statement of their receipts and expenditures. The information was collected upon blanks provided for the purpose, which were simple, clear, and uniform in character. This had the effect of compelling a system of account keeping, whereby the economy and efficiency of like institutions could in some measure be judged by definite standards of comparison. The board's supervision was often effective, also, in preventing the continuance of evils that would otherwise have escaped observation. The statistics thus gathered furnished to the Legislature and to others a comprehensive picture of the charitable work of the State, and was thus helpful in framing legislation, and in taking other action with respect to institutions of charity. But in 1899 the Court of Appeals decided that the board had supervision over only such charities as are in receipt of public money.

The immediate effect of this judgment was to release over 600 private charities from obligation to report to the State Board. During the succeeding ten years the number of such private charities increased to more than 750, expending annually more than $10,000,000. Uniformity in reports and accounts, an advantage accruing from State supervision, is now entirely lacking. Each institution publishes such facts in such manner as it sees fit, without reference to others in the field. For the layman it is practically impossible now to measure their relative economy and efficiency. And if abuses exist they must remain unchecked in the absence of a convenient way to detect or to correct them.

VIRTUE IN CLASSES.

There is much that is admirable in President WILSON'S address eulogizing the virtues of democracy. But a true democracy is all-inclusive, and rests upon an average and not a selection of any class, high or low, rich or poor.

This country is not democratic merely in its institutions. It is equally democratic in its virtues and its vices. On the day that President WILSON spoke dynamite was exploded under a bridge, as is thought in connection with a labor dispute, and Mr. GOMPERS preached from a pulpit something different from the general idea of a sermon. On the other hand, the public prints are filled with good deeds done by wealthy "malefactors." In fact, more such deeds are done than are known, because the benefactors are driven to conceal such good acts because of the perverted construction put on them. In one case, upon an appeal for a good object, the money asked was given with a condition of secrecy because the giver had learned that gifts by him were considered restorations of loot, instead of manifestations of good will.

No greater harm can come to this country than the arraying of class against class for any reason. This is a Nation of individuals, not of classes, and each individual is entitled to be judged solely by his acts. A labor leader is not necessarily the best friend of the people. A rich man is not necessarily incapable of virtue. A college-bred man is not necessarily converted into a Lincoln any more than it is sure that LINCOLN would have been spoiled by going to college. An orator can make no greater mistake than to talk down to his audience, and expect to gain their favor by persuading them that they are other than what they are because they are not wealthy or exclusive. A good man is improved by wealth, and a bad man is made worse by poverty. College can do much for a man, but it cannot give him brains, nor is it likely to spoil his brains if he has any. The individual is our National unit, and each of us is entitled to judge upon our individual deserts apart from our possessions.

DIVERSIONS OF PROFESSORS.

The professional class is not devoting itself exclusively to purely academical matters. The Professors have their diversions and the authentic published accounts of them make agreeable, intellectual reading for the multitude. At Ithaca, N. Y., twenty-five professors of Cornell University took part in an invigorating and interesting cigar-smoking contest. The man of learning who kept his cigar lighted, and puffed at it, eighty-five minutes won the prize, a "metal stein." This description seems to be a contradiction of terms, for "stein" signifies stone, and a stone cannot be a metal. But doubtless the "metal stein" will be treasured in the Professor's cabinet of mineral specimens.

At Harvard, where the diversions of the Professorial class include incursions into the fourth dimension, one of the Professors has been amusing himself by figuring out that the fall of ancient Greece and Rome was due to mosquitos. Farewell not only to GIBBON and GROTE, but to FERRERO, too. History must be entirely rewritten. Not injustice, rapacity, paganism, immorality, vanity, bad generalship, but mosquitos destroyed "the glory that was Greece and the grandeur that was Rome." Bitten by the Asiatic mosquito which spreads malaria, the descendants of THESEUS and AGAMEMNON, the subjects of the Caesars became an easy prey to the invader. Greece, it will be seen, got the malaria first. LANDOR, with only a poetic imagination, dares to make PERICLES marvel over the ingenuity, courage, and constructiveness of the barbarian inhabitants of an unhealthy swamp in Italy. But by the aid of Prof. WHEELER'S purely scientific imagination we learn that the swamp was not unhealthy until after the era of the Antonines, when the mosquitos learned that all roads lead to Rome.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Co-education Attacked by a Doctor.

According to Dr. CHARLES M. GREEN of the Harvard Medical School co-education "at its best" is a bad thing after the kindergarten age—so extremely bad that "it is destructive to the American home of the future." That is, indeed, an alarming statement—for those who accept it as true—since in no part of the country is there anything like a general separation of the boys and girls until long after the kindergarten age is past, and while collegiate and high school co-education has undoubtedly been losing favor in the East for some years past one does not have to go very far West to find enormous regions where the tendency is all the other way. And, curiously enough, most of the great State universities which President WILSON of Princeton praises so highly, at the expense of the older universities, like his own, that are under private control, have students of both sexes.

Fortunately for one's peace of mind there is some reason for thinking that co-education, though probably not a thing entirely good, is not quite as disastrous as Dr. GREEN thinks. Excuse for that, if needed, is to be found in the fact that he puts first among its disadvantages the excessive nervous strain to which women students are subjected when they compete with men for classroom honors. To maintain that contention Dr. GREEN would have to prove that the co-educational girls break down oftener than those who attend the colleges to which men are not admitted. This, we feel sure, he would find difficulty in doing. Moreover, in competing with men for classroom honors women rarely have to make any very desperate efforts to hold their own or better. Indeed, the rank they attain accounts in no small degree for the antagonism shown by a majority of male undergraduates for the co-educational system. The girls almost invariably "get their lessons" well and make fine recitations, especially in studies where memory counts for much. Whether they get as much out of their lessons as the boys is another question.

The strongest argument against co-education is perhaps that so eloquently exploited by Prof. MUENSTERBERG—the argument that it tends to what may be called the feminization of instruction through its adaptation, partly conscious and partly unconscious, to feminine sensibilities and conventions. From one point of view this refines education, but from another its effect is weakening and falsifying. This objection, if sound, and there is certainly something in it, is a sufficient reason for opposing co-education. All others lack validity.

Mitigating Reform Down East.

It is pleasant to observe that in New England, though there, as in other parts of the country, there is a growing inclination to abolish the familiar celebration of Independence Day, the makers of municipal ordinances have been wise and kind enough to do more than simply prohibit the use of explosives which have cost so many lives and caused the destruction of so much property.

The City Fathers, remembering, apparently, that they were once small boys themselves and that Fourth of July was the one day in the year when small boys were perfectly happy if only they could get hold of enough firecrackers and gunpowder, have decided that simply to abolish these ancient and barbaric but highly satisfying joys would be altogether too cruel. So they have provided the money for street pageants and for elaborate pyrotechnic displays.

While it is much to be doubted if the small boy will get as much happiness out of these things as he did and does from making violent noises himself, and while, if he be a small boy worthy of the name, he will scorn the substitution of safety for danger in the celebration, so far as he is himself concerned, his grief over the institution of a saner Fourth of July will be much mitigated by these innovations. He will have something to look at, if not something to do, and after a while, perhaps, he or his successors in small boyhood will forget that once a year there used to come a glorious day when from rosy dawn to dewy eve they could riot in delightful risks and ignore the rule, so loved of dull grown-ups, not to play with fire.

This, beyond question, will be progress—a gain in civilization. And yet—and yet—Oh, well, what's the use! Of course the change is for the better, and if New England really puts its mind to the task it can probably get up some spectacles that will be quite exciting. Can do so in time, that is, and if advice is taken from newly arrived citizens from lands in which the sense of pageantry is better developed than it is in the old American stock. The new Fourth of July will be safe and sane, and it will certainly be more enjoyable than is dying of tetanus or losing a leg or an arm by the premature explosion of a cannon. By keeping that fact in mind, even a small boy might, just possibly, reconcile himself to deprivation of his ancient rights.

Adding Crime to Crime.

Robbery is bad enough, but the men who stole the registered mail from the Southern Pacific train out in California seem to have been moved by a special malignancy which it is hardly an exaggeration to call fiendish.

Quite without need, or any measurable advantage, so far as their own safety was concerned, they drove the engineer and fireman from the locomotive and started it at full speed down the track, indifferent to, though doubtless conscious of, the fact that in all probability it would run until it collided with a train coming from the other direction. That nothing worse than the destruction of a few freight cars resulted is not to be credited to the robbers.

At the first station passed by the masterless engine there happened to be a quick-witted telegrapher, and he happened to have time to inform the dispatcher's office of what he had seen. The dispatcher was able to telegraph ahead of the runaway and to have it turned into a siding before it ran into a passenger train.

Thus was a great disaster avoided in a way that would make an exciting—and not very plausible—episode in a sensational novel. It could not have been prevented if electricity did not supply a means of instant communication over long distances.

Aqueduct Beneath the Hudson.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can you or any of your readers enlighten me why it should be necessary to carry the water from the Catskill under the river at a depth of hundreds of feet to secure solid rock? If it is safe to carry millions of persons through tunnels just below the ordinary surface of the river, why not water in an iron, brick-lined tunnel? This high-pressure talk refers only to pressure at abnormal depths, for even at a depth of 100 feet the pressure would be only about forty-two pounds per square inch. While an iron brick-lined tunnel—or, for safety, several of them—would possibly hot make an imperishable monument for the engineers and learned professors, it is reasonable to assume that by the time such a tunnel is worn out this method may be obsolete and better ones obtain. ENGINEER.

New York, April 17, 1910.

THE PERPETRATORS OF NEWS.

Thinks They Form a Mere Record of Error and Misfortune.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The remark is frequently made or heard by many of us in offices, streets, or cars to the effect that the "papers are dull to-day," and, if really so, in forgetfulness that such condition of affairs is a favorable symptom of something akin to tranquillity of affairs. I believe it was Macaulay who said in substance that "history is a mere record of error, misfortune, and crime," and the daily newspaper is the recording historian of such commissions or occurrences. Much of the presentation relates to the government of the people, and as no enactment meets with unanimous approval, and as it cannot be superior to the men who compose it, selected from, and by the rest of us, also weak, injudicious administration is to be expected, though deplored.

Each issue of the daily press contains a record of crime, fraud, folly, accident, or events more unfavorable to progress rather than news conducive to serene and satisfying contemplation. Even matter of a humorous character is necessarily based on the exaggerated portrayal of man's follies, because inanimate nature furnishes no theme for wit, and the frolics of the young, dumb animals, while amusing, do not invite the pens of writers. The most of us are well disposed, and are reprehensive of many acts as mentioned above, and yet when the papers are not "newsy" with them, we inconsistently complain that they are dull, although each individual can contribute by some act material to enliven them.

There are those among us, "far from the madding crowd," although a constituent part of it, who in long and active lives have never had occasion to evoke or reply to the law, are guiltless of any infraction of petty ordinances, never utter a public speech, file a declaration or petition, meet with an accident, effect a rescue, are robbed, attend a public dinner photographed in group for the press—in short, furnish no opportunity for the maw of the printing machine, and still complain the others are not more active in perpetration of incidents which we either ridicule, deplore, or condemn. F. T.

New York, April 18, 1910.

ADVICE TO EDITORS.

Manuscripts Should Not Be Refused with Elaborate Politeness.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I, in the interest of literature—or whatever is the proper name for it—file a protest against the reprehensible habit indulged in by editors of writing polite notes of regret to authors when returning their manuscripts? This habit, I regret to say, is growing, and I apprehend much evil from it.

Lately I sent a story to an editor, who returned it with an elaborate apology. Not discouraged, soon I sent him another. The tone of his reply indicated that it was really a matter of pain for him to reject my second attempt. Now I am debarred from sending him more, because it gets on my nerves to observe the trouble I am giving him. Possibly editors take this means of shutting off contributors. But if they really wish to encourage them, they ought not to regret sending a manuscript back.

When my manuscript comes back to me with merely a printed slip, I know that all is well; that I am merely the object of a routine, and I feel free to send in as many manuscripts as I wish. I have no self-consciousness about it, and I am bound to do better work.

To all editors I say, therefore, don't be overpolite to would-be contributors. It isn't business, and it isn't necessary.

CHESTERTON TODD.

New York, April 16, 1910.

CLEARED THE VIEW.

How Lord Kitchener's Brother Helped the Camera Men.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

What is said of Lord Kitchener's taciturnity and of his indifference to all—even womankind—save his profession, prompts me to tell of an incident concerning his brother, Lieut. Gen. Frederick Walter Kitchener, who is Governor General of the Island of Bermuda and Commander in Chief of his Majesty's forces there. Governor General Kitchener resembles his illustrious brother somewhat, but, though of lesser stature, his presence is not so impressive.

The occasion was a review of the troops on the parade ground at the Hamilton Barracks. A fair assemblage of onlookers was grouped in a position of vantage on the turfed embankment—many women among them—and, it is hardly necessary to say, many cameras were present also. Gen. Kitchener, after a critical inspection of the drawn-up body of soldiers, proceeded to march the length of the parade flanked by a couple of aids. When abreast of the spectators Kitchener appeared to comprehend the situation at a glance, and seizing the aid who had walked between himself and the busy cameras he whirled him about to the off side so that the view of the Commander in Chief was unobstructed. Applause was, of course, not permissible, but there was general appreciation of the sense of humor remaining in the Kitchener family. E.

New York, April 17, 1910.

President Taft—Imitator.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Slowly but surely it is beginning to be recognized that after all Mr. Taft is an imitator. The hopes that were so great are being shattered and the good-will that was extended to him so freely is bringing no fruit. The good-will remains—but that is all.

The President of the United States distinguished himself last week by—a State paper? No; by throwing a baseball and then arranging to have it recorded in history. His predecessor excelled in tennis—so, forsooth, he has to excel in golf.

His predecessor sent a battleship fleet around the world—so Mr. Taft has to send one, and as there is only one world, in order to distinguish it he has to send it the contrary way.

The people are called on to economize; the times demand it; the cost of living is high. We should look to those in authority for an example. From them we should have lessons in frugality. But appearances indicate that methods are being searched for to squander money. No account seems to be taken of the millions poured out in this battleship cruise. Oh, no! it will make us a "world-wide power."

Sensible men would much prefer that our debts be paid. Taking last year as an index, Mr. Taft's Administration is pointed toward failure. E. T. W.

New York, April 17, 1910.

Criticism of Merry del Val.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If Cardinal Merry del Val is responsible, as is argued by Mr. Littlefield in Sunday's TIMES, for the attitude of the Vatican toward the present Government of France, his policy has been fully vindicated by the warfare that is being waged by the Third Republic under the guidance of the atheists, agnostics, and the like who control it—against Christianity. Far from deserving criticism, he is to be commended for his foresight that saved the Church from becoming the dupe of her enemies in Paris. On the whole, Mr. Littlefield's criticism, though not wanting in denunciation, lacks powder. CHARLES SHERWOOD.

New York, April 17, 1910.

Anti-Suffrage Arithmetic.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The vote this year in the Massachusetts Legislature on the Woman Suffrage amendment to the Constitution was 54 yeas to 155 nays, including pairs. Last year, including pairs, it was 54 yeas to 171 nays. Mrs. Barclay Hazard says that the vote of this year was substantially the same as that of last year. Anti-suffrage arithmetic was always a little queer. If the suffragists had lost 16 votes instead of the antis, Mrs. Hazard would have called it a visible decline. ETHEL C. AVERY.

Boston, Mass., April 16, 1910.

SHACKLETON MEETS GAYNOR.

Exchange Compliments at Luncheon Given to Explorer at the Press Club.

Sir Ernest H. Shackleton, the British explorer, told yesterday of his experiences in editing a newspaper in the frozen wastes of the Antarctic. Sir Ernest was the guest of the Press Club at luncheon.

Mayor Gaynor was also there to tell the explorer how glad he was to shake hands with the man who almost found the south pole. The Mayor was introduced by the toastmaster as "the best and busiest of Mayors," and he didn't have time to stay and hear what Sir Ernest had to say.

"I unite with you in welcoming Sir Ernest Shackleton," said the Mayor, "not only because of his past achievements, but also as an encouragement for him in his future endeavors. Shakespeare gives us the history of young men in the Middle Ages who strove for great things, some going off to the wars, others to discover islands, and some to the learned universities. This is still true in England even to this time. Some of her young men turn to the wars, some to the universities, and some go to discover islands far from the shores of Great Britain. Now, however, there are few or no islands left to discover, so the young men of England turn to the poles. We have left only one pole to be discovered now, but I for one am willing to turn its discovery over to Sir Ernest Shackleton.

"Such things as these expeditions of discovery keep the world moving. Some say it is no use to discover the poles. It is a great deal of use, for the explorers travel through an unknown country, carrying civilization and learning wherever they go. Such is the work of this young Irishman, or Englishman, as he says he is. I am glad to meet him now, and will be very glad to meet him hereafter."

Sir Ernest said he wanted to thank the Mayor.

"I knew before I came over that he was a strong man in a strong city," said the explorer, "but in this reception by the newspaper men I see the appreciation in which the city holds him. He calls me an Irishman. My brother says we only became Irish when my mother married into the family."

Turning with a smile to Mayor Gaynor, Sir Ernest said:

"May I wish you, Sir, continued success in what you are doing so well in this great city.

"I am one of the brotherhood," he said to the newspaper workers. "I was editor of The South Pole Times some years ago in the Antarctic. There was no competition, but after a little time the paper's name was changed to The Blizzard. The circulation was not as large as some of your great dailies here, but its readers were conscientious in the way they read it from the first to the last word. There was still another publication with which I had to do—The Aurora. We had no dictionary along, but there was not a single mistake in the spelling of that publication which we got out at the rate of one page a day until we had 100 pages. We touched on almost every subject in the British as well as other empires, and perhaps we were freer in speaking of some things than we would have been had we been in actual touch with them.

"So I feel I have a right to be one of you. Returning to England I became a sub-editor. Before that I used to send communications around which would come back 'with regrets' from the editors. I struggled along with attempts at poetry and other things until I found that they didn't want me. Then I went back to exploring again."

Sir Ernest said he was very grateful to the newspaper fraternity for the help they had been to him since he came here to lecture several weeks ago.

"There was one place I had no audience," he said, "and I was in the same position as Mark Twain tells about regarding a lecture of his. About six months after having delivered the lecture Mark Twain met a man who exclaimed, 'Oh, I was at your lecture.' 'Oh, so you were the man,' replied Mark Twain."

In referring to his experiences in the Antarctic, Sir Ernest said that he had been asked many times since coming to the United States how he felt when he had to turn back after getting so close to the south pole. He said that he felt no regret.

"We felt we had gone as far as we possibly could," he said. "In fact I do not feel that I could come here and talk to you if we had turned back at a time when it was possible to go further. When we got to the turning point all were exhausted carrying seventy pounds to the man, which was necessary, and our shoes had given out.

"Looking back at it I do not see that we could have gone further. It is better to be beaten by nature, ninety-seven miles from the goal, than to go on and never come back."

After telling of the return journey over fields of ice and frozen waterfalls as smooth as glass, Sir Ernest said that since his return he had lost favor with the small boy, because he had failed to find any bear down there. He said that Americans are well qualified for explorers because they have the knack of adaptability.

"And this adaptability is extremely necessary in Antarctic exploration," he said, "because nothing ever turns out as expected in the Antarctic. The unexpected always happens there."

TAMMANY ELECTS SACHEMS.

All Officers Chosen to Hold Over for Another Year.

At the annual election of officers of the Tammany Society, held last night at the wigwam in Fourteenth Street, all the Sachems and other officers were re-elected. The Sachems are John F. Ahearn, ex-Borough President; Leader William Dalton, Thomas E. Rush, John Fox, President of the National Democratic Club; Asa Bird Gardiner, ex-District Attorney; Julius Harburger, former Coroner; Timothy D. ("Big Tim") Sullivan, Louis F. Haffen, ex-Borough President; George W. Loft, Charles F. Murphy, Thomas F. McAvoy, George W. Plunkitt, and John J. Scannell.

The other officers who were re-elected were: Thomas F. Smith, Secretary; William Sohmer, Treasurer; Bryan P. Henry, Sagamore, and John A. Boyle, Wiskinkie.

The Sachems will meet in a few days to select a Grand Sachem. Daniel F. Cohalan undoubtedly will be re-elected, it is said.

The Training in Negro Schools.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If "B. W. B." or any other resident of our country, has proof of negro schools really educating negro girls to be cooks, and that their scholars actually serve in that capacity after leaving the negro educational institutions, he would confer a favor on many well wishers of the colored people by publishing the positive evidence.

The institutions devoted to the technical education of the negroes do publish statistics saying a surprising number of graduates are serving in their respective trades, but when those so-called trades are looked up, they are found to include teaching and preaching, and not manual work. B. W. H.

Eatonton, Ga., April 16, 1910.

MY PLEA.

Give me, O Fate, O Destiny, four walls
beneath a roof,
A little cash that I may live and living
hold aloof
From humankind of every mold, whoe'er,
whate'er it be,
Who think a mint of hoarded gold can
give them power o'er me!

Give me, O Guardian Star, a spot, beneath yon arching span,
Where I can hide, in humble peace, from
that especial man
Who thinks, because his prejudice is hard
and cold and dry,
That he is more intelligent, more versed
in truth than I!

Give me, O Fortune, some far place beyond the eager tongue
Of him who sits in ignorance upon life's
lowest rung!
Sahara's wilds, grim solitude, I care not
where it be,
But let me live where man's conceit I
may no longer see!

Give me, O Luck, O Circumstance, the
chance to get away
A thousand miles from that crass chap
who has too much to say!
Preserve me from the gabfest tralt, the
over-plus of speech—
From all who wag their jaws too much I
would be out of reach!

LURANA W. SHELDON.

U.S. SECRET SERVICE HEAD SEES GAYNOR

But After Long Conference Flynn Denies That He Is Slated to Succeed Baker.

NEITHER WILL TELL OF VISIT

Reorganization of Detectives Rumored —Lieutenant Who Arrested Coroner Is Suspended.

The police situation, especially as regards the appointment of a successor to Commissioner Baker, became acute yesterday, when William J. Flynn, head of the United States Secret Service in this city, called upon Mayor Gaynor and remained in conference with him for an hour. It was immediately surmised that the object of the conference was a proposed reorganization of the Detective Bureau along lines similar to those of the National Secret Service. Neither the Mayor nor Mr. Flynn would talk about the purpose of the meeting.

One report was that Flynn was slated for Commissioner Baker's job, while another was that the detective department was to be turned over to him for reorganization.

Flynn entered the Mayor's office at 11 o'clock in the morning, and for several hours rumors ran riot. By evening, however, they had simmered down to the suggestion that the Mayor had merely asked the head of the Secret Service Bureau for suggestions as to the handling of the city's detective force.

Mr. Flynn at his home had this to say last night:

"The Mayor sent for me several days ago. No position was tendered and I asked for none. What we talked about I do not care to say. Let him tell that if he desires. I am not looking for a job, being perfectly satisfied where I am. My advice, however, is always at the Mayor's disposal."

"Were you asked to take the position of Police Commissioner?" he was asked.

"I said before," declared Mr. Flynn, "I asked for no job and none was offered me."

There has been a feeling by police officials that Mayor Gaynor is anxious to put the detective department on a more practical basis. He is in favor, it is said, of selecting capable men for the head of the department, even among civilians. The Federal Government exercises the utmost care in selecting its Secret Service men, and they are chosen for merit alone, and the Mayor, it is said, is in favor of the same procedure in regard to the Police Department.

The Mayor frequently has expressed the opinion that the detective bureau should be operated separately from the uniformed force, though, of course, in co-operation with it.

Another caller upon the Mayor yesterday was Louis Schmidt, a plain-clothes man attached to Inspector Flood's district. He called at the request of the Mayor, but neither would give out any information regarding the visit.

Following a message telephoned to Police Headquarters yesterday morning that an intoxicated policeman was at Oliver and Cherry Streets, flourishing a revolver, Lieut. O'Brien of the Oak Street Station sent out several men and arrested Policeman George Kehoe.

The report was that Kehoe, revolver in hand, was threatening every one with whom he came in contact. Lieut. O'Brien questioned Kehoe, and then ordered him to the station. Police Surgeon Jennings made an examination of the accused policeman and reported that he was unfit for duty. He was ordered to the dormitory and another policeman assigned to his post.

Kehoe, who is one of the youngest members of the force, won the admiration of former Commissioner Bingham by his arrest of William Morley, the "one-armed crook."

"His is an example worthy of your emulation, and I wish we had thousands in the department like him," said Gen. Bingham in an address to his men.

Morley shot and killed Policeman Sheehan, and Kehoe arrested him after a pistol duel. He still bears the powder marks as a result of the encounter. It is not known whether or not he will be brought up on charges.

Commissioner Baker yesterday suspended Police Lieut. Timothy McAuliffe who, while in charge of the Alexander Avenue Station, last Saturday morning arrested Coroner Albert F. Schwannecke of the Bronx while the latter was hearing witnesses in connection with a murder case.

The Commissioner's action followed a conference by the Coroner at the City Hall with Mayor Gaynor. The Mayor did not go deeply into the case, and postponed the conference until this morning, when Commissioner Baker will be present. The Coroner protested vigorously against the action of Lieut. McAuliffe, and it was said the Mayor was inclined to think that he had been wronged.

FOR EAST SIDE SUBWAY.

Downtown Association Pleads for an Extension and Tunnel to Brooklyn.

The Public Service Commission held a hearing yesterday on the application of the Downtown Interborough Association for the extension of the Broadway-Lexington Avenue Subway south on the lower east side to South Ferry to connect with the proposed Pineapple Street tunnel under the East River from Pearl Street and Maiden Lane.

The delegation representing the association, which included Charles A. Schieren, ex-Mayor of Brooklyn, and President of the organization; Major F. T. Leigh, A. Gilbert of the Market and Fulton Bank, W. J. Myers, Albert Plaut, and W. H. Heller, presented the needs of the east side of the downtown district, and requested the commission to approve the subway south from Cooper Square under the Bowery, New Bowery, and Pearl Street, to the Battery. According to the present plan, the route turns west at Cooper Square and down the west side.

A brief in support of the delegation's contentions was presented, which said in part:

The lower east side of Manhattan, between two of the most thickly populated sections of Manhattan and Brooklyn Boroughs, is to-day seriously handicapped through lack of means of transit; given these, and this entire section will unquestionably become an important part of the civic, financial, and wholesale district of Greater New York.

Mr. Schieren declared that the association represents nearly $1,000,000,000 worth of property, but the commission did not give the delegation much encouragement. Commissioner Eustis said that if the Broadway-Lexington Avenue Subway was held up to await the consideration of the proposed change in route it would delay the commencement of construction probably for a year.

CONTROLLER MAKES CHANGES

Edwin W. Ivins Appointed Auditor—New Clerks Named.

Controller Prendergast announced several more changes in his office staff yesterday. The most important appointment was that of Edwin W. Ivins, brother of William M. Ivins, as an Auditor at a salary of $3,000 a year. He will be assigned to the office of Deputy Controller Mathewson.

Arthur F. Comrie of 507 West Forty-seventh Street was appointed Security Clerk at a salary of $1,800, in place of Jeremiah F. Devlin, resigned.

Leopold G. Fills of 195 Lee Avenue, Brooklyn, has been made cashier in the Bureau of City Revenue at a salary of $2,100, in place of Michael H. Harte, resigned.

Charles Lewy of 190 East End Avenue was appointed a City Paymaster at a salary of $2,550.

The Controller also appointed five Examining Inspectors at salaries of $1,560 each, and asked for the resignation of James J. Leavy of 414 Madison Street, Brooklyn, an examiner of accounts, drawing a salary of $2,500, and eight examiners and inspectors drawing salaries of from $1,650 to $1,500.

NAZIMOVA'S THEATRE OPENED BY HERSELF

Actress's Remarkable Performance of Rita Allmers in Ibsen's "Little Eyolf."

QUEER PLAY, BUT WELL GIVEN

Excellent Acting by Miss Conquest and Brandon Tynan—New Playhouse Cozy and Intimate.

Mme. Nazimova's reappearance last night in a new theatre which bears her name, though accomplished in a play of Ibsen's which never can be popular in the playhouse, and always leaves the reader in some doubt, nevertheless was artistically accomplished. Again, as in her several appearances in Ibsen rôles, Mme. Nazimova gave this one a distinct quality, making it interesting and differentiating it from every other one in which she has appeared. What is more important, perhaps, is that she bodies forth for all who see it the essential characteristics of the figure of Rita Allmers, in the Norwegian's somewhat baffling play of "Little Eyolf."

The character of Rita in its main essentials is clear enough, however vague the outlines and intentions of some of the other figures. She is undoubtedly a subject for the alienist, and like others of the Ibsen fold—an abnormal creature. But for something like her counterpart it would hardly be necessary to go as far as Norway. She is an animal, it is true, but not a healthy animal, as some of the commentators still insist; rather a being who, for one reason or another, has lost her mental poise, and a victim of neuresthenia in its most violently aggressive form. It is needless to dwell upon one, at least, of the causes which contribute to this condition of affairs. Ibsen himself displays it frankly enough for those who need to understand. Physicians will probably be able to recognize the symptoms.

And it is not surprising if the rôle appeals to any actress with a leaning toward the picturesque. The abnormal, especially as it is manifested here, provides at least means to color and variety in interpretation. And yet Mme. Nazimova, for all her plastic grace, her ease of movement, and resourceful expressiveness, never seems merely a pictured fable of the stage. For the time she appears the Rita Allmers of the text, a creature of fire and longing, a being of elemental passion, who yearns for the impassioned poetry of love rather than its prose.

For her there can be no middle course; it is all or nothing. Her love for Alfred Allmers is everything to her; she demands complete surrender on his part. She has had bitter disappointments. First Asta, the supposed sister, has stood in the way of complete possession; then his work has taken part of what she demands; at last, Little Eyolf, his child and hers, yet never wholly either his or hers, has forced his way between them.

Of course, the idea that a mother should so regard her offspring is at once evidence of some queer mental quirk, though to the symbolists all these things are clear enough. Asta, for instance, is Allmer's higher nature, Eyolf his remorse; also "the compensation granted with the law of change." But, happily, Mme. Nazimova is not too much employed with symbols, so we get the play more as a human document than a befuddling assemblage of weird impressions. At that, there are things in it no audience will understand any more than they can be understood when the play is read.

The Rat-Wife, for instance, in the simplest and most general interpretation—as a symbol of approaching death—still seems a very queer exposition of that idea. Nor is she impressive, for all her strangeness, as she must be acted, and was acted last night, with the familiar mechanics of voice and movement of the first old woman of the theatre. She might have been one of the witches in "Macbeth" quite as well, or any one of a host of figures that have trooped along from time to time to do service as representatives of the supernatural.

Primarily the performance of "Little Eyolf" will be interesting on account of Mme. Nazimova's really wonderful histrionic capabilities. Secondarily because, intelligible or not, it brings one of the most peculiar of Ibsen's plays to the stage in a way to lend dignity even to its most baffling phases. No one laughed last night as they laughed when "Little Eyolf" was last presented here, simply because it was all done beautifully, sympathetically, and in perfect taste. The staging of the play has been very admirably managed, and the three pictures are very fine, especially the last, a cliff in Almer's Park, with the glowing evening light slowly fading to twilight and pale green reflections illuminating the darkness of the sky. Here the lighting for the most part is perfectly attuned to the requirements of the text.

Of Mme. Nazimova's acting a hasty résumé, besides generalizing upon its admirable conveyance of the character, must note several moments of exceptional impressiveness—the sense of disillusionment and yet the note of longing and of hope in the scene in which Rita speaks of the "champagne you tasted not," that wine which to her was all of life, the life which was still strong and vibrant in her, though the man's pulse beats were now so much slower than her own.

Lying prone on a couch, with her figure quivering, her nostrils dilating, her fingers twitching, and nervous twiges playing about her mouth, it was a picture of desire not soon to be forgotten, an amazing exposition of a mood, shortly to give way to another of forced calmness and restraint or to pass into one of quick, querulous resentment, expressed in a word, the quiver of a lip, or the flash of an eye.

This is one of the remarkable things about Mme. Nazimova. She is always acting, yet not seeming to act, and with all of her body, her face, her hands, her eyes, her lips. Every least little part of her organism seems to yield itself to the needs of the histrionic exposition. She is, in short, a great actress, one who, though there are still moments when her English is indistinct, need not make her words fully understood to be intelligible enough. People who have not read "Little Eyolf," like people who have read it, will still be in the dark about much of its meaning. But there is complete illumination of the central rôle as Mme. Nazimova acts it.

It is one of the most unsatisfactory parts of theatrical reporting that effects often elude description. How, for instance, shall one convey an impression of the heart-cry in such readings as her "I don't care for resurrection," or "I don't want to be sensible"? How reproduce the sense of horror conveyed in her description of the wide-open eyes of little Eyolf lying still at the bottom of the pool, or of the terror in the one word "evil" as she repeats it after Allmers in this strange scene? As one reads there seems a monstrous sort of side to Rita Allmers, but there is tenderness and cause for pity, too, and these qualities are beautifully conveyed in the actress's impersonation.

The difficulties are great for the actor who must play Alfred Allmers, for this curious weakling dreamer is a man of many more words than moods, and played at best he is likely to sound preachily monotonous. Mr. Brandon Tynan does not quite succeed in ridding him of this fault, but there is satisfaction at least in the fact that the speeches are beautifully read, that the passages are differentiated as much as seems possible, that Allmers seems as nearly human as possible with the material the actor has to work upon.

Of the others, Miss Ida Conquest, acting Asta Allmers, gave on the whole the best acting performance of any she has ever given in New York, bringing both understanding and sympathy to the rôle, and maintaining it in exactly the right mood to best suit the play as a whole. Mr. Haines, talking deep in the throat, as is his habit, made Borgheim rather unnecessarily debonair, and Master George Tobin was sufficiently childish as Little Eyolf. Miss Berkeley's "Rat Wife" was an intelligible theatrical symbol of something harsh and strange, but did nothing to illumine that queer creation of the author. However, the actress need not despair. Probably it can't be done.

The new theatre is of the cozy type, very small, but comfortable, and an excellent sort of house for intimate drama and comedy. The decorations are in good taste and not extravagant.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Miss Caroline Delano, daughter of Eugene Delano, and Dr. Augustus Baldwin Wadsworth, will be married at the Madison Square Presbyterian Church this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Mrs. John R. Drexel will open her Newport home the middle of May.

The Women's University Club will give a reception with music on Friday afternoon, April 29. Francis Rogers will sing, assisted by Bruno Huhn.

Mrs. E. Francis Hyde will give a tea this afternoon in the Ladies' Annex of the Metropolitan Club for Mr. Hyde's nephew, Talbot Hyde, and his fiancée, Miss Moore.

Mrs. Hilton and the Misses Hilton, who are sailing on Saturday for Europe, will give a small farewell tea at the Plaza this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. George G. Heye will have a reception given for them at the University of Pennsylvania by the Provost, and Mrs. Harrison on Friday afternoon at 5 o'clock. Mr. Heye's remarkable collection of Indian relics which he loaned the university is attracting a great deal of attention. Mr. and Mrs. Heye will open their country place at Roslyn the 1st of June.

Miss Emily Dearborn Ayres is paying a visit in Buffalo. She will return to town next week.

The Duke and Duchess of Manchester and Miss Marguerite Shonts returned from their trip to Mexico on Sunday and are at the Plaza. Mrs. Shonts returned from the South some days ago.

Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont closed her house, 447 Madison Avenue, last Thursday and has gone to Hempstead, L. I.

Mrs. Winfield Scott, who was Miss Remsen, was operated upon yesterday morning at her residence for appendicitis and bore the operation extremely well. A quick convalescence is expected.

The Board of Directors and Auxiliary Committee of the Chrystie Street House will give a tea on Thursday afternoon, from 3 to 6, at 129 Chrystie Street.

MARJORIE GOULD WEDS TO-DAY

Her Marriage to Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., to be Held in St. Bartholomew's Church

The wedding of Miss Marjorie Gwynne Gould, the elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Jay Gould, and Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel of Philadelphia, will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock in St. Bartholomew's Church, Forty-fourth Street and Madison Avenue. Bishop Scarborough of New Jersey will officiate, assisted by other clergymen.

The church ceremony will be followed by a comparatively small reception at the town house of Mr. and Mrs. Gould, 857 Fifth Avenue.

Miss Gould is to have her younger sister Miss Vivien Gould, for her maid of honor, and the bridesmaids will be the Misses Marjorie Curtis, Hope Hamilton, Dorothy Randolph, Beatrice Claflin, Elsie Nicoll, and Miss Margaretta Drexel.

The little Misses Ellin Mackay and Edith Gould, the elder daughter of Mrs. Mackay and the bride's sister, respectively, will be the flower girls.

Mr. Drexel will have his brother, Armstrong Drexel, for his best man, and his ushers are to be Viscount Maidstone, who is to marry Miss Marguerette Drexel on June 8; Jay and Kingdon Gould, brothers of the bride; George N. H. Griffith of London, William Rhinelander Stewart, a cousin of Mr. Drexel; John Fell of Philadelphia, another cousin; Craig Biddle, and Julius N. Noyes.

There was a rehearsal of the wedding yesterday afternoon at the church.

MISS FINDLEY WEDS IN INDIA.

Daughter of William L. Findley Married to a British Lieutenant.

Cable dispatches received yesterday from India told of the marriage at Simla of Ethel A. Findley, daughter of William L. Findley, an attorney of 67 Wall Street, who lives at 14 East Sixtieth Street, to Lieut. Betram Walter of the Royal Artillery, British Army.

The ceremony took place in Christ Church, Simla, and was performed by the Reverend Archdeacon of Lahore. The wedding was attended by a brilliant concourse of military officers, civilian officials of the Indian Government, and their families. Simla is the famous Summer capital of Indian officialdom, and figures in many of Kipling's most charming stories.

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

Baron de Bode Among Passengers Sailing on Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse.

The transatlantic steamships sailing today and some of those booked to depart on them are:

KAISER WILHELM DER GROSSE, (Bremen)—Otto Adler, Edward Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Blossom, Col. Baron de Bode of the Russian Embassy, Washington; Baroness de Bode, Mr. and Mrs. Legrand S. Burton, Count R. Balbiani, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Drake and Mrs. H. C. Frick, Miss Helen C. Frick, Mrs. Frank T. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lippman, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel H. Lutz, Mr. and Mrs. Marcel M. Marabeau, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Norrie, Viscount F. E. Pons, Mr. and Mrs. E. Parmelee Prentice, Edward Randolph, Madame Marie Schroeder-Pieri, Major and Mrs. S. L. H. Slocum, Col. and Mrs. William T. Wood, and Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Worms.

ROTTERDAM, (Rotterdam)—Mrs. Milo M. Acker, Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Birdseye, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. de Coppet, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Coudert, Mrs. F. S. Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fair, Mrs. Davenport Galbraith, Col. S. Burwell Greene, Joseph Holdsworth, Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Larkin, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen C. [illegible] S. P. Pomeroy, Prof. and Mrs. Garrett P. Serviss, Robert Ralston Stewart, G. M. [illegible] and Mrs. D. O. Wicknam.

[illegible] (Needes)—Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Ashdown, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Bridgman, Miss J. [illegible], Mr. and Mrs. Robert O. Berger, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Colson, Viator A. Corwin, Mrs. Harold E. Gillingham, Percival Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Hurd, Mgr. J. M. McCarthy, Mr. and Mrs. Hans Mueller, the Most Rev. Henry Moeller, Archbishop of Cincinnati; Dr. and Mrs. Lucien Warner, and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Russell Wray.

Among those arriving yesterday from the Mediterranean on the White Star liner Celtic were:

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Alexander, Mr. and [illegible] C. Barnard, Col. and Mrs. H. A. Bate, Frank P. Carpenter, Mrs. William A. [illegible], Mr. and Mrs. Robert T. Harding, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Hyde, Mr. and Mrs. John Storey Kiehle, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Laidlaw, Mr. and Mrs. Gaspard Le Moine, John A. Loring, Lorne C. Ogilvie, Mrs. C. M. Raymond, Mrs. George H. Sexton, Robert Toland, Morgan P. Taylor, Mrs. Charlotte Tytus, Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Witherbee, and Mrs. J. B. Yale.

Assemblyman Cross a Bridegroom.

ROME, N. Y., April 18.—Assemblyman James T. Cross of the Third Oneida District, the youngest member of the lower house of New York's Legislature, and Miss Emma Frances White, formerly of Boston, were married by the Rev. Father James J. Carson of St. Peter's Church at the rectory here this morning.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Notice was received yesterday of the marriage of Dorothy Russell, daughter of Lillian Russell, to Dunsmuir Dunsmuir of San Francisco at Paris, France, on April 5. Miss Russell was formerly the wife of Abbott Einstein, whom she divorced in 1906.

"The Girl with the Whooping Cough," a farce adapted from the French by Stanislau Stange, with Valeska Suratt in the title role, will be presented at the New York Theatre on April 25, following "A Skylark." In the cast will be Dallas Welford, George Richards, Amelia Summerville, May Boyley, and Neua Blake.

Laurence Irving and Mabel Hackney will give a professional matinee of "The Three Daughters of Monsieur Dupont" at the Comedy Theatre to-morrow afternoon, to which all the actors in town are invited.

A special performance of "The Spendthrift" will be given at the Hudson Theatre on the afternoon of April 26 for the benefit of Mabel Taliaferro and Robert Hilliard, who will both be in New York next week. Frederic Thompson is organizing two other companies to play "The Spendthrift" on the road, one to start in Los Angeles in August and the other to begin its tour in September.

Members of the Manufacturing Perfumers' Association of America will attend the performance of "The Fortune Hunter" at the Gaiety Theatre to-night. They have been invited to bring and disseminate all the perfumes they wish.

The Mothers' Club of the Henry Street Settlement, composed of nearly a dozen nationalities, will attend the performance of "The Lily" at the Stuyvesant Theatre to-morrow evening and will occupy the front rows of the second balcony.

Margaret Anglin will read an original prose poem by John Luther Long at the benefit of the Ward Committee of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children at the Lyceum Theatre on April 22.

COMPLAINT ENTERED AGAINST QUARANTINE

Sent to the Governor on Behalf of Immigrants, Whose Affidavits Are Attached.

BAD TREATMENT ALLEGED

Sanitary Conditions Described as Frightful and Investigation Is Asked —Dr. Doty Makes Vigorous Denial.

Gross mismanagement of the Quarantine Station on Hoffman and Swinburne Islands is charged in a complaint sent by The Jewish Morning Journal to Gov. Hughes with the request that he make an immediate investigation. Brutality on the part of attendants toward men and women immigrants is alleged.

Affidavits from some immigrants who have passed through quarantine are attached to the complaint.

According to Charles Dushkind, counsel for the newspaper, it has been making an investigation for the last three weeks. He admits conclusions are based largely upon condition as reported by the immigrants. These are the specific charges:

a. That the Quarantine Station is grossly mismanaged.

b That the detained immigrants are badly mistreated; that they do not receive sufficient food, so that at times they are compelled to fight for a piece of bread; that they are not permitted to wash their clothes, and have thus been compelled to stay on the island for weeks without changing their underwear.

c. That immigrants are assaulted and battered by attendants in charge without any provocation, and that in some cases these assaults have been of a brutal character.

d. That detained female immigrants are forced to perform work such as scrubbing, cleaning, and washing.

e. That female immigrants have been attacked by attendants and serious offenses against them have been committed or attempted.

f. That sick children confined in the hospital have been beaten, and brutally so, by the nurses or attendants.

g. That in some of the dormitories women have been compelled to sleep in the same room with men, and that the sleeping accommodations provided for immigrants are of the poorest and most unsanitary character.

The complaint says that this is only a summary, and that the newspaper has obtained other information which discloses conditions "of a most frightful character."

Robert E. Fuller, Secretry to the Governor, has asknowledged the receipt of the complaint and says that the papers have been placed in the hands of the Health Officer of the port for a report.

Health Officer Alvah H. Doty, who is in charge of the quarantine station, when informed of these charges last night expressed great indignation.

"There is not a word of truth in them!" he exclaimed.

"These people have merely taken the word of a few disgruntled immigrants, have never communicated with me, and have never come near the quarantine station to actually investigate the true conditions. The facts about Hoffman and Swinburne Islands will answer every one of these charges.

"The hundreds of immigrants detained at Quarantine are fed just as they have been for the last twenty years. There has been no change in the routine, and I have never heard a word of complaint as to the quality of food or the quantity.

"Prior to last December the Board of Health took charge of cases of measles, scarlet fever, and diphtheria, and immigrants suffering from these diseases were allowed to enter this port without detention at Quarantine. In December the Board of Health decided it could not so, and for the last six months I have been changing dormitories into hospitals. I have also built five additional hospital pavilions, which are almost ready for occupancy. The present outfit makes one of the most effective and modern hospitals for the care of infectious diseases in the country.

"We have at Quarantine from twenty to thirty of the best trained nurses in the city, and we have four resident physicians who were brought from the Board of Health Hospital for this purpose. Every nurse is especially trained for this work, and the nurses and doctors are the only ones to care for the children. They have no other attendants, and charges of brutality from these trained workers are absurd. You could not get a more efficient service for the care of sick children than we have at Quarantine.

"There is not a word of truth in the charge that women who are waiting for their children are compelled to work. Many of them walk about the island all day long, but we have allowed any who volunteered to come in and do light ward work in order to be near their children. When we started to allow them to do this light work we gave them a little pay —possibly 30 cents a day—but we stopped this after a week's trial, for the women volunteered to do it for nothing so as to be near their children. It is a matter of indifference to us whether they do this work or not.

"There are six or eight large washtubs provided where the immigrants are allowed to wash their clothing, and there is no dormitory on either island where men and women sleep in the same room.

"I know that if an attendant was caught treating an immigrant in a brutal manner he would be discharged in an hour."

PAVLOWA WINS LONDON FAVOR

Russian Dancer's Salary Said to be $2,900 a Week, Rejane's $3,750.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 18.—Mlle. Pavlowa and Michael Mordkin duplicated their triumph at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York at the Palace Theatre here to-night. Prices were increased for the Russian dancers' engagement and the house was crowded with a fashionable audience. The applause approached the pitch of enthusiasm.

There is a well founded report that Pavlowa alone is receiving $2,900 a week, and that a rival music hall is paying Rejane $3,750 a week.

OLGA NETHERSOLE IN "SAPHO"

Pleases Academy Audience with Her Performance of Daudet's Heroine.

Olga Nethersole began a two weeks' engagement at the Academy of Music last night, presenting "Sapho" as her first attraction. Miss Nethersole has not done this play in New York for some time, but during this engagement she will give it for the entire week. Several new features have been added, especially in the first act. In the carnival scene an Apache dance is presented, and Ethel Gilmore, a dancer, and Gertrude de Laroche, a singer, have special place on the programme.

Miss Nethersole's performance of Daudet's heroine seemed to please the audience last night very much, and her supporting company was favorably received. Harrison Hunter appeared as Jean Gaussin, Albert Perry played Dechelette, O. B. Clarence was the Cesaire Gaussin, Constance Raymond was the Alice Dore, Alice Gordon the Mme. Hettema, and Charlotte Tittell the Divonne Gaussin.

The répertoire for next week will include "Carmen," "The Writing on the Wall," "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray," and "Camille."

Mark Twain Improving.

REDDING, Conn., April 18.—Samuel L. Clemens, (Mark Twain,) who is seriously ill with heart disease at his home near here, had a restful night and was brighter and to all appearances better to-day. Dr. Robert H. Halsey, who has been with Mr. Clemens since Saturday, went to New York this morning, seemingly satisfied with the progress Mr. Clemens was making.

"Swift & Company's sales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, April 16, averaged 11.17 cents per pound."—Adv.

WELCOME NEW CITY THEATRE.

East 14th Street Playhouse Crowded—Anna Held Makes a Speech.

Most of Fourteenth Street and the east side, with a sprinkling from the rest of the town, welcomed the opening of the new City Theatre last night. What the Grand Opera House is to the west side this new playhouse is expected to be to the east side—a theatre playing Broadway attractions at low prices. With the passing of the Academy of Music into the field of motion pictures, it will be the only theatre playing legitimate English drama south of Twenty-eighth Street and east of Eighth Avenue.

The auidence last night filled all of the 2,500 seats and most of the standing room. It was representative of the kind of patronage the house expects. With the exception of a number of politicians and city officials, the auditorium was occupied by family parties and young couples, apparently interested in the house as their own place of amusement. In the lobby were half a dozen floral horseshoes and other emblems of good luck sent to the managers, Sullivan & Kraus, and to Anna Held, who had the honor of being the opening attraction in her musical play, "Miss Innocence."

The decorations and the appointments of the theatre attracted a good deal of favorable comment. The auditorium is done in warm tones, without being gaudy, and the elimination of staircases to the balcony and the comfortable arrangement of the seats brought much praise.

The play "Miss Innocence" has been seen often in New York, and, with the exception of several changes in the cast, it differs very little from when it was given at the New York Theatre earlier in the season. Last night's audience greeted the piece with much applause, and at the end of the first act Miss Held was called upon for a speech. She thanked the audience for the enthusiasm shown and congratulated the managers on the theatre and the success of the opening night.

REPLIES TO HAMMERSTEIN.

Mme. Gerville-Reache Asks Why He Refused to Cancel Her Contract.

In reply to statements made by Oscar Hammerstein last Friday regarding Mme. Gerville-Réache's grievance, the contralto sent to the newspapers last night a letter, in which she says:

"In fact, if the Manhattan audiences 'may be grateful for the smallness of the vocal doses' I have 'administered,' why did twice Mr. Hammerstein refuse to cancel my contract? And why did he announce broadcast that he had re-engaged me for next season, whereas I had expressed to him my intention of not returning under existing conditions? And how is it that the press, which I thought free and independent, seems to have mad an agreement to ignore my 'uncertain qualities'? This exposure of a new 'trust' is very distasteful to me, but, as a free American citizen, I am bound to cite the following papers as having entered into the combination: The New York American, Globe, Herald, Sun, TIMES, Tribune, Telegraph, Evening Mail, Journal of Commerce, Herold, Staats-Zeitung, Musical Courier, Musical America, The Theatre, and The Philadelphia Bulletin, Inquirer, North American, Press, Public Ledger, Record, Times, The Boston Herald, Advertiser, Globe, Post, and others not present to my memory just now.

"Many of these papers have musical critics who are acclaimed as the best in the world. These gentlemen having usually been extremely kind and complimentary in their comments upon my work, and, no matter what their intention was, I take this opportunity to thank them heartily—they must have, according to Mr. Hammerstein formed a pact to deceive and mislead the public. They should be prosecuted with the full leniency of the law."

ANDREW MACK WEDS.

Actor Married to Miss Humphrey, His Leading Lady, in Jersey City.

William Andrew McAloon, known on the stage as Andrew Mack, and Miss Catherine Humphrey, his leading lady, were married last Saturday afternoon in the Aldermanic Chamber of the City Hall, Jersey City, by Justice of the Peace Edward Markley. The witnesses were Frederick Humphrey, an actor and brother of Miss Humphrey, and Alexander J. Clements of Jersey City, President of the new Hudson County Court House Commission, a personal friend of the bridegroom. It was intended to keep the wedding secret for a time.

Miss Humphrey gave her age as thirty-two years and her address as Asbury Park, N. J. She said she was never married before, and gave the names of her parents as James and Sarah Humphrey. Mr. McAloon said he was 46 years old, was married once before, and that his home is in Asbury Park. After the wedding the couple started for Atlantic City.

Austrian Lieutenant Weds Actress.

Ignatz Louis von Schweitzer, who says he is a baron and a Lieutenant in the Austrian Cavalry, and Anna Boote, an actress of 1,237 Avenue A, Manhattan, were married Saturday afternoon in Jersey City by Justice of the Peace Edward Markley. The bridegroom gave his age as 32 years. The bride said she was the divorced wife of Emil Scaszao of Vienna, Austria. The witnesses were Joseph Jemsey and Bila Perowitz, friends of von Schweitzer, and said to be soldiers in the Austrolan Army. The couple will start for Austria in a few weeks. It is said they were sweethearts in their childhood days in Vienna.

WEEK'S BILLS AT THE THEATRES.

Amelia Bingham in "Big Moments from Great Plays" was the principal feature at the Plaza Music Hall yesterday, and others on the programme were James J. Corbett, Fred V. Bowers, Miller brothers, the Doria Opera Trio, Kenney and Hollis, Blake's Circus, and Le Breans.

At Keith & Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre the headliner was Gertrude Hoffmann in her impersonations and dances. The remainder of the programme consisted of Tom Nawn and company, Willitte Whitaker, Kelly and Kent, El Cota, De Witt, Burns and Torrence, and J. C. Pope's dogs.

Maude Raymond was the headliner at Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre, and Gus Edwards's "Schoolboys and Girls" was another feature of importance. Other entertainers were Bert Williams, Binns, Binns and Binns, Oscar Loraine, the Dolce sisters, Alcide Capitaine, Ethel Hawkins, and Sid Baxter and company.

Irene Franklin appeared at the Colonial Theatre yesterday, beginning her last week in vaudeville in Manhattan. Among the others on the bill were William H. Thompson and company, Billy B. Van and the Beaumont sisters, Roche's monkeys, La Titcomb, Melville and Higgins, Malla and Bart, and the Victoria Four.

Lionel Barrymore and Doris and McKee Rankin were the headliners at the Alhambra Theatre. Jack Wilson and company, Pat Rooney and Marion Bent, "The Top o' the World" dancers, the Frey Twins, George Austin Moore, Brown and Ayer, Will Rogers, and the Dixie Serenaders made up the rest of the bill.

The principal attraction at the American Music Hall was Julian Eltinge in several new impersonations. Taylor Granville and company also appeared, and the rest of the programme contained Violet McMillan, Willy Zimmermann, Fred Niblo, Fields and Lewis, Vilinsky, Le Page, Jere Sandford, the Mayvilles, and the Orlichs.

At the Bronx Theatre the programme was headed by Fanny Ward and company in a sketch. Among the others who appeared were John B. Hymer and company, Little Billy, Matthews and Ashley, Bowers, Walters and Crooker, Frankie Carpenter and company, the three Dumonds, Sadie Jansell, and the Pantzer Trio.

"Is Matrimony a Failure?" began a week's engagement at the Grand Opera House last night, with practically the same company that presented the farce at the Belasco Theatre earlier in the season.

Blanche Bates in "The Fighting Hope" is the current attraction at the West End Theatre this week.

At the Montauk Theatre, Brooklyn, "The Love Cure" is the week's offering, with Charles J. Ross and Elgie Bowen at the head of the company.

The bill at the Brooklyn Orpheum includes Lew Dockstader, "The Photo Shop," Eva Fay, Griff, the Eight Berlin Madcaps, the Harvey de Vora Trio, and others.

At the Columbia Theatre the week's burlesque is offered by Rose Sydell and her London Belles. Among the special vaudeville features are the Melnotte Twins and Smith.

The Bowery Burlesquers are at the Metropolis Theatre, the Rose Hill English Folly Company at Hurtig & Seamon's Music Hall, the College Girls Company at the Olympic, and Al Reeves's Beauty Show at the Murray Hill Theatre.

ONE-THIRD REDUCTION

June Wedding Presents

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Million Dollar Stock

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Chester Billings & Son,

Formerly Randel, Baremore & Billings.

If you contemplate buying Diamonds, Pearls, Gold Jewelry, Silverware, or Bronzes, anticipate your wants and buy to-day, as the ⅓ is a bona fide saving.

Billings Court Opposite the Waldorf-Astoria 34 St., 5 Av e.

EX-JUSTICE DONOHUE DEAD.

Just Celebrated 87th Birthday—Led Tammany Revolt Against Kelly.

Ex-Justice Charles Donohue of the Supreme Court died Sunday in his apartments in the Hotel Endicott, Columbus Avenue and Eighty-first Street, after a short illness. Justice Donohue celebrated his eighty-seventh birthday on Saturday, and until recently had been able to go to his office every day for work. He was a member of the firm of Donohue, Newcombe & Cordoza.

Justice Donohue was born in New York, and after finishing the Columbia College Grammar School, entered a law office as office boy in 1837. He was soon promoted to a managing clerkship, and when he reached his majority was admitted to the bar. He founded the law firm of Beebe, Dean & Donohue, which was afterward changed to Beebe, Donohue & Cooke, all of the members of which eventually rose to the bench. Justice Donohue was elected to the Supreme Bench in 1874.

At the close of the civil war Justice Donohue became active in local politics, being initiated into Tammany Hall by John Kelly. He quarreled with Kelly and led the revolt which brought about the nomination of Mayor Grace.

Justice Donohue was a widower, Mrs. Donohue having died many years ago. He is survived by a daughter and two sons.

SISTER MIRIAM DEAD.

Daughter of Thomas M. Mulry Expires After Two Operations.

Parthenia Mary Mulry, daughter of Thomas M. Mulry of 10 Perry Street, President of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, and prominent in Roman Catholic philanthropic and Democratic political circles, died yesterday after two operations at the New York Foundling Hospital. Miss Mulry was a Sister of Charity, and was known as Sister Miriam in the order.

Miss Mulry had been ill for more than a week with two abscesses on the head and neck. Her companion Sisters remained by her side during the operations and until she died. She had been a Sister of Charity for many years, and was beloved by all who came in contact with her.

A solemn high mass of requiem in her memory will be celebrated in the chapel of the Foundling Hospital, 175 East Sixty-eighth Street, to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

"Grandma" Sickels Dead at 104.

Special to The New York Times.

NETCONG, N. J., April 18.—Mrs. Elizabeth Sickels, known as "Grandma" Sickels, died last night at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Joseph Pierce, aged nearly 104 years. She could count her grandchildren and great grandchildren by the scores, but only one child, Mrs. Pierce, survives her. Mrs. Sickels had lived all her life in this section. Fourscore years ago she was one of the most beautiful women in the northern part of the State and was known far and wide as a belle. Mr. Sickels died several years ago. Until less than twenty years ago, "Grandma" Sickels was one of the famous cooks of this section.

Charles J. Osborn.

ST. LOUIS, April 18.—Charles J. Osborn, 84 years old, connected with The Associated Press continuously for fifty-five years, died to-night after an illness of several weeks.

He was correspondent of The Associated Press in St. Louis from 1855 to 1902, when he retired. He continued his affiliation with the St. Louis office in an advisory capacity, however, until his death. Mr. Osborn was familiarly known among newspaper men as "Major." He was born in Utica, N. Y. He learned telegraphy in Pittsburg in 1847, coming to St. Louis in 1853 from Cincinnati, where he had been a reporter on The Herald. Mr. Osborn's first duty as correspondent of The Associated Press was the organizing of a news service to the Pacific Coast. In doing this he traveled by stage coach over the old Western trails.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. BIGELOW T. SANBORN, Superintendent of the Maine Insane Hospital, to which he had devoted forty-four years of his life, died in Augusta yesterday of paralysis, aged 71. He was known throughout the country as an authority on diseases of the brain.

Gen. WILLIAM H. GILLMORE, Adjutant and Inspector General of the Vermont State Militia and National Guard, died of pneumonia in Bellows Falls yesterday. Gen. Gillmore was born at Fairlee in 1839. He leaves a wife and son, Alexander H. Gillmore, publisher of The Macon (Ga.) Telegraph.

CHARLES STILLMAN died yesterday at his home, 816 Broadway, Bayonne, aged 74 years. He retired from business two years ago after having been in the employ of the Standard Oil Company for many years.

AMBROSE LESTER, 67 years old, died yesterday in New London, Conn. For twenty-five years he had supplied yachtsmen and coasters from his water boat in New London Harbor.

SAMUEL HAYES PENNINGTON, a lawyer, died late Sunday at the home of his cousin, Louis Pennington, 22 Washington Place, Newark. He was 69 years old.

Capt. W. L. WRIGHT of Erie, Penn., commanding the steamer Muncy of the Anchor Line, died suddenly yesterday aboard the ship while on the way to Houghton from Duluth. This was the Captain's first trip on the Muncy.

WILLIAM B. ("BRIDGET") SEAMAN, for many years coach for the Western Reserve College football team, died suddenly from pneumonia yesterday at his home in Washington, Penn.

ANTONIO JOSEPH, formerly Congressional Delegate from New Mexico and Territorial Democratic leader, is dead at Ojo, Caliente.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

LANE—JOEL.—On Dec. 7, 1908, at Hoboken, N. J., by Justice of the Peace Frank H. O'Keefe, Rosalie Joel of 144 East 62d St. to Charles H. Lane, Jr., of 138 West 105d St., New York City. Kingston (N. Y.) papers please copy.

WALTER—FINDLEY.—On April 18, 1910, at Christ Church, Simla, India, by the Reverend Archdeacon of Lahore, Ethel A. Findley, daughter of William L. Findley, Esq., of New York, to Lieut. Berriram Walter, Royal Artillery, British Army.

MALIN—DAILEY.—April 17, Margaret A. Dailey to Spaulding Malin.

Brooklyn.

McMANUS—WRIGHT.—April 17, Iline Wright to James E. McManus.

SHAMOVITZ—SEIDENBERG.—April 17, Betty Seidenberg to Harry Shamovitz.

New Jersey.

ALDRICH—PITCHER.—April 12, West Hoboken, Edna Pitcher to Anthony B. Aldrich.

BROWN—WARREN.—April 16, Hackensack, Elizabeth Warren to Oafley T. Brown.

DEVLIN—EICHLE.—April 17, Ridgefield Park, Nellie Eichle to James Devlin.

RUSSELL—UNRUH.—April 14, Hoboken, Henrietta Unruh to George F. Russell.

New York State.

SNYDER—YOUNG.—April 16, Newburg, Nettie M. Young to William Snyder.

Died.

AUERBACH.—On Sunday, April 17, Therese Auerbach, beloved wife of David Auerbach, mother of Herman, A. Leopold, and Joseph S., Mrs. Joseph Weil, Mrs. S. Auerbach, and Mrs. Lottie Blum. Funeral on Wednesday, April 20, 11 o'clock A. M., from Temple Anche Chesed, 7th Av., 114th St. Please omit flowers.

CHAMBERS.—At Trenton, N. J., on April 16, 1910, Emma M., widow of John S. Chambers, in the 85th year of her age. The relatives and friends are invited to attend the services at her late residence, 193 Brunswick Av., Trenton, N. J., on Wednesday afternoon at 2 P. M. Interment at Ewing Presbyterian Churchyard.

COBB.—At East Orange, N. J., Sunday, April 17, 1910, the Rev. Henry Nitchie Cobb, D. D., son of the late Sanford and Sophia Nitchie Cobb, in the 76th year of his age. Services will be held in the Central Presbyterian Church, Orange, N. J., Tuesday, April 19, at 4 o'clock, on arrival of 3:15 train from Hoboken for Brick Church Station, D., L. & W. R. R. Kindly omit flowers.

CRANE.—On Saturday, April 16, 1910, Sarah E., widow of the late Munroe Crane. Funeral services Tuesday, April 19, at 1:30 P. M., at the residence of Mr. John W. Baker, Stamford, Conn. Carriages will meet train leaving Grand Central Station 12:03 P. M. Tuesday.

DE MITKIEWICZ.—On April 15, 1910, Elizabeth Taylor De Mitkiewicz, wife of Ralph Sergius De Mitkiewicz, and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James L. Taylor, formerly of Savannah, Ga., and Washington, D. C. Funeral services at 11 A. M. Tuesday, April 19, in St. Bartholomew's Chapel, adjoining the church, at 44th St. and Madison Avenue. Interment at Washington, D. C.

DONOHUE.—On Sunday, April 17, 1910, at Hotel Endicott, 81st St. and Columbus Av., Charles Donohue, in his 87th year. Funeral services at St. Patrick's Cathedral, (The Lady Chapel,) on Wednesday, April 20, at 10 A. M.

DONNELLY-BACKES.—On Monday, April 18, Grace Edna Regina Backes, beloved wife of George Donnelly. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FIELD.—At Stockbridge, Sunday, April 17, in her 74th year, Frances Dwight, widow of the late Rev. Henry Martin Field, D. D. Funeral Tuesday at 3 o'clock, at St. Paul's Church, Stockbridge, Mass.

FOOTE.—At the residence of his grandfather, the Rev. Dr. Hastings, on Sa

May we drop a timely suggestion?

Wet weather means wrinkled trousers.

Have you an extra pair of striped worsteds that go well with your suit coat and vest?

If not, we can send you a pair to-day to give your suit trousers a chance to meet their pressing needs.

Separate trousers, $5 to $10.

Why not make a necessity a pleasure?

Your Spring overcoat might just as well be of the brighter, lighter fabrics which are popular.

Darker fabrics, or black, if you say so, for we've everything from black to lightest gray.

Spring overcoats $18 to $40.

There *is* something in a name!

When that name has come to stand for the real thing of its sort.

"Cravenette" for example—the Process that made raincoats popular.

The Process which proofs all our raincoats.

Spring raincoats $22 to $35.

Three special points about the "Stetson Special" Derby.

Specially fine making.

Special style.

Exclusiveness.

So exclusive that we alone in New York can offer it to our friends, $5.

Other Stetson Derbies, $3.50.

Why let the reins slip through your fingers?

"Holdfast" driving gloves have a crochetted linen grip.

Tan capeskin or chamois.

Our own importation.

Your answer will be found in the "Stars," no matter what sort of shirt you seek—

Madras or cheviot "Star" shirts, plain bosom or plaited, cuffs attached or detached, $1.50 and up.

Fancy "Viyella" flannel "Star" shirts, unshrinkable, with or without collars, $4.50 and $5.

"Star" Tennis shirts with detachable half-sleeves—soisette, $2; flannel, $5.

Silk and cotton "Star" shirts, $3 and $3.50.

Silk "Star" shirts, $6 and $8.

All cut on liberal, comfortable patterns.

The weave's the thing that has made the reputation of Keiser-Barathea scarfs—

The weave, and the use of all pure bright silk—

Makes Keiser-Baratheas the scarfs that wear.

50c., $1.00 and $1.50 qualities.

Simply the simplest thing you ever saw—the "lock-in-one" stunt of "Delpark" athletic underwear.

A few extra buttonholes do the trick.

Yet the comfort it means about doubles its worth, although it costs no more than ordinary underwear.

"Delpark" garments, 50c. to $2.

Showers don't make russet shoes look shabby.

No blacking to come off.

No wonder russets are popular with carefully dressed men for wear on showery days.

Russet Oxfords now.

Comfortable quarters!

Quarter sizes in Red-Man collars.

Any style.

2 for 25c.

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THE TURF.

Racing At Aqueduct

EVERY WEEK DAY UNTIL MAY 12.
BEGINNING AT 2:30 P. M.
Special race trains with Parlor Cars leave E. 34th St. 10:50 A. M., 12:50, 1:20, 1:50 P. M. From Flatbush Ave., 11:10 A. M., 1, 1:08, 1:30, 1:40, 2:15 P. M., stopping at Nostrand Ave. and East N. Y. Stations. Trolleys connect with Kings Co. "L."

JEFFRIES IS TAKING OFF FLESH RAPIDLY

Vigorous Action with Chest Weights Makes Perspiration Roll Off Him.

BEN LOMOND, Cal., April 18.—Visitors to James J. Jeffries's training camp today saw the former champion, stripped to the waist, go through his stunts. After laboring vigorously with the chest weights for an hour, with the perspiration rolling off him, Jeffries suddenly concluded it was too warm to work that way and removed his heavy undershirt, in which he has exercised heretofore. Jeffries then went at the punching bag with a vim that threatened to wreck the apparatus.

In the bright sunlight he loomed up big and almost as muscular as in former days. His two weeks' training has already served to remove considerable superfluous fat from the upper part of his body, while there is only a trace of a fast fading paunch. His huge arms and chest looked as formidable as in the days of his former pugilistic triumphs. The entire afternoon was occupied with exercises with chest weights and punching bags. Farmer Burns explains that Jeffries's steady application to the weights was to loosen up his back muscles and to regain the elasticity so characteristic of the fighter in his previous battles

MUSIC AND ART FOR JEFFRIES.

How Choynski Will Divert Jim's Mind After Training Hours.

CHICAGO, April 18.—Joe Choynski, who is on his way to California to join the Jeffries camp as chief trainer, has some unique ideas for handling the big fellow, according to dispatches sent here from La Junta, Col., to-day as follows:

"While making good time on a very interesting trip back to my native State—California—I have had much time to ponder some plans for working with James J. Jeffries at Rowardennan.

"Music, art, psychology, painting, poetry, literature—all of these are going to be tried on the former champion at his training camp, by yours truly, providing I find that as chief boxing partner and superintendent of training I am given the latitude I should have.

"I shall permit no one to indulge in fight talk or pugilistic fanning with Jeffries when he is at the training table or when in the evening he elects to rest on the porch as a reward for strenuous road and gymnasium work. It will be my duty to get him back into ring condition, and I have my theories on how to dissipate his nervousness and his tendency to develop grouches.

"When we are out on the road no automobile or rig will be permitetd to accompany us. I'll try to be with him every minute. If he wishes to slow down to a walk, loaf under a tree or even ruminate in some beautiful nook of the country over which I rode a mustang in my younger days, and before any one ever thought of putting in a Summer resort or camp, he can do so.

"In training I would have any one who cares to talk fight with Jeffries do so until his tongue is sore—the more fighting is talked the better. But music, art, painting, &c., must be the subjects of conversation at the training table.

"I have theories about the nerve centres and their effect upon a pugilist in training. They all have been commended and corroborated by a number of Chicago physicians some of the highest medical authorities. I'll stake my life on them, and likewise upon my ability to get Jeffries into a pleasant frame of mind as well as in grand physical condition.

"I have in my trunk a bit of paraphernalia for ascertaining nervous faults, and will use the appliances on the big fellow. I have a new form of therapeutic lamp that will be useful in diagnosis and remedy.

"For years I remained stationary in weight, and only weigh 167 pounds today. But I'm gaining weight. I have applied the nervous-centre treatment upon myself, despite the fact that I thought I was about the healthiest man in the world, and it is resulting in a gain in flesh. But I'll be pretty light to meet the onslaughts of a 235-pound boxer. There will be no malice or grudge work in our boxing, but I'll try to hit him and he will try to hammer me. I will not wear a pneumatic pad over my heart. It will be my task to keep him from landing those crushing blows."

WEATHER STOPS JOHNSON.

Negro Will Do No Training Until He Arrives in California.

CHICAGO, April 18.—Jack Johnson, disgusted with the continued Winterlike weather in this vicinity, said to-day that he would make no more attempts to train until he reached the coast. He expects to leave here next Thursday, stopping at Salt Lake and Los Angeles and arriving at San Francisco May 1.

Johnson has declared in favor of Jack Welsh of California as the referee of his bout with Jeffries on July 4. The referee will be decided upon on May 4, when Jeffries and his manager, Sam Berger, will take up the matter. Up to this time Jeffries has expressed no preference.

BLOW AT BIG FIGHT.

Western Passenger Association Refuses to Handle Admission Tickets.

Word comes from Chicago that the Western Passenger Association, at a meeting in that city on Saturday, has turned a deaf ear to the plans suggested by Promotor Jack Gleason to have the railroads handle admission tickets to the fight between Jeffries and Johnson on July 4 in conjunction with the railroad passage. No reasons were advanced by members of the association, and even Gleason is at a loss to explain the action.

Another measure was passed that no transcontinental excursion tickets will be honored on limited trains from June 23 to July 2. This, it is said, will have great effect on the attendance, especially from Eastern parts of the country.

In order to come to an agreement with the railroads Gleason stopped at Chicago several days to await the action of the association. When he heard its decision he was keenly disappointed, as he had been led to believe that everything was going along satisfactorily. He says he will now try to have special train parties organized in different cities, and these will be guaranteed admission tickets to the fight.

'SPIKE' ROBSON KNOCKED OUT.

Jem Driscoll Floors Aspirant for Featherweight Title in 15th Round.

LONDON, April 18.—A big crowd saw Jem Driscoll, the featherweight champion of England, knock out "Spike" Robson, also of England, in the fifteenth round for the featherweight championship and a purse of $5,000. The bout was scheduled for twenty rounds, but Robson was outclassed. The Lonsdale belt goes to the winner.

Sharkey A. C. Fight Card.

Jack Fitzgerald, the husky Quaker City middleweight, and the "Dixie Kid" of California have been matched for ten rounds at the Sharkey Club to-morrow night. The pair will be the feature of the entertainment, and this should be a slashing battle. Fitzgerald has beaten all the good men around Philadelphia, and a few weeks ago boxed a draw with Tony Ross, the heavyweight, at Pittsburg. The "Dixie Kid" in his last match defeated Bill Hurley at Troy. Besides this main bout in the semi-final "Kid" Butts will take on Bob Erie, the "singing fighter," for six rounds. The card contains three more scraps and a wrestling encounte for the opening number.

Empire A. C.'s Star Bouts.

Pal Moore, the "Philadelphia Phantom," spent yesterday in Jimmy De Forest's gymnasium at Allenhurst, N. J., punching the bag and his sparring partners without any partiality whatever. Pal is working hard for his contest with Jimmy Walsh, who says that he is the bantamweight champion of the world. The bout, which is scheduled to go ten rounds, will be held at the Empire Athletic Club, 135th Street and Eighth Avenue, on Thursday evening. The hitch over weight, which threatened to cause a serious argument between the boxers, has been settled. Moore wanted to box at a lower weight than Walsh cared to risk. The following Thursday Abe Attell and Tommy Murphy will box ten rounds at the Empire Athletic Club.

Boxing at New Polo A. A.

At the next regular entertainment of the New Polo Athletic Association, to be held on Friday evening, Young Guerani and Kid Rose box in the main bout of the evening for ten rounds. The semi-final will bring together Buddy Eichler and Jack Baker in a six-round go. Another six-round bout will be between Eddie King and Willie Hennessy. Billy Jonas and Jack Nee go four rounds. Freddie Welsh, England's amateur bantam, will go four rounds with Mickey McDonough.

Creely and Burns at Long Acre.

Jack Creely, a Brooklyn boxer who has been after Attell for a chance at the world's championship, is training hard for his ten-round contest with Kid Burns, which is to be held at the Long Acre Athletic Association to-morrow evening. Manager Newman has changed the date of his show from Thursday to Wednesday, because the Empire and National Athletic Clubs have shows carded for that night.

Stag at Pastime A. C.

The members of the Pastime Athletic Club will hold one of their usual high-class athletic and vaudeville stags at Mosart Hall, 328 East Eighty-sixth Street, to-night.

Squash Title for Lyle E. Mahan.

Lyle E. Mahan won the squash championship of the Columbia University Club, held on its courts in the clubhouse at Gramercy Park South yesterday after five grueling games in the final against H. H. Boyesen. The score was 15—8, 15—7, 10—15, 3—15, 15—5. The result was in the nature of a surprise, as the splendid form that Boyesen had displayed in the earlier rounds had caused him to be a favorite with the great number of Columbia graduates that packed in around the gallery of the court. The summary:

Columbia Championship, (First Round)—Lyle E. Mahan defeated E. A. L. Marvin, walkover.
Second Round—Lyle E. Mahan defeated Harold Kellock, 15—12, 12—15, 15—11; R. E. Wigham defeated R. H. White, 10—15, 15—7, 15—2; H. H. Boyesen defeated Fred S. Keeler, 15—8, 15—11; Frank Kidde defeated H. D. Bulkley, 15—2, 15—10.
Semi-final Found—Lyle E. Mahan defeated R. E. Wigham, 15—2, 15—10; H. H. Boyesen defeated Frank Kidde, 15—11, 9—15, 15—10.
Final and Championship Round—Lyle E. Hahan defeated H. H. Boyesen, 15—8, 15—7, 10—15, 3—15, 15—5.
Marker—John Larigan.

Inter-Settlement A. A. Games.

The Inter-Settlement A. A. has completed arrangements to hold its annual outdoor games at Celtic Park on Saturday afternoon, June 4. The regular schedule of the Inter-Settlement Basket Ball League has been completed. In the 135-pound division Christ Church House and College Settlement tied for first place, and in the play-off last Saturday night Christ Church won the championship after a hard and clean game. College Settlement, Christ Church House, and Henry Street Settlement have tied in the Junior Division. So far only one game has been played off, that between Christ Church and College Settlement, which the former won by 25 points to 17.

Harlem Regatta Committee Meets.

At a meeting of the Regatta Committee of the Harlem Regatta Association at the Harlem Casino last night the final details of the annual Memorial Day regatta were decided upon. There is practically nothing left to be done, and the prospect is that the event will be of even greater interest than last season. William J. Shea of the Harlem Rowing Club was appointed Chairman of the Transportation Committee to succeed Fred J. Berger of the Friendship Club.

Autos for Orphans' Day Outing.

A meeting of the Committee of Orphan's Day outing was held yesterday at the clubhouse of the Motor Racing Association, 304 West Fifty-eighth Street, where several substantial sums were announced to the subscription list, while the list of autos to carry the children to Coney Island was considerably augmented. The committee reported upon their trip to Coney Island last week, and announced that tentative arrangements had been made for the entertainment of the orphans.

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DORMAN SHAKES UP CALIFORNIA BOXER

Reilly Lucky to Get a Draw with New Yorker at Olympic Athletic Club.

Jack Dorman, a local lightweight, fought better than he knew how in the main ten-round bout at the Olympic Athletic Club last night and, through the clever seconding and sound advice of Jimmy Johnson, tore to shreds the reputation that Charles Reilly brought here from San Francisco. The latter has been advanced as a fit challenger for the lightweight title, but he gave no evidence last night that he is anywhere nearly as good as half a dozen New York boys.

The fight, which was witnessed by 1,200 members, which left not an inch of standing or sitting room anywhere, went the full route, with both boys tired at the final gong. If either lad had any advantage it was Dorman's, but a draw would have been an eminently fair decision. Abe Attell joined Reilly's forces during the eighth round and "rooted" hard for the California lad.

They sparred for a moment in the opening round, and then Dorman landed left and right hooks to the face. Reilly sent left and right to body and three stiff lefts to the face, which had Dorman running away for a while. There was a terrific mix-up along the ropes, in which style of fighting Dorman was slightly superior. Dorman scored with a hard right to the jaw and made Reilly miss badly. The local boy ended the round with a hard left swing to the mouth, followed by two short lefts to the face.

Again in the second round they swapped punches along the ropes, with Reilly landing harder and more often. Reilly sent over two hard left jabs to the mouth and a right to the body. Dorman clinched for a while, and then resumed aggressive, long-range tactics. Dorman shot over a left to the body, and Reilly answered with a terrific short right swing that brought blood in streams from Dorman's mouth. It did not stop Dorman, however, and just before the bell he sent two hard lefts to the face.

The third was a repetition of the second round, with Reilly jabbing cleverly to the mouth and finding Dorman easy along those lines. But the latter shifted his style of fighting in the fourth and played for the body with both hands. Mighty successful were his efforts, too, and the smile which Reilly had worn during the first three rounds disappeared entirely. The fifth round was an even-up affair, with Dorman very aggressive, but Reilly landing hard.

Each almost dropped the other with a wild left swing as the bell ordered the opening of the sixth round. Then Reilly returned to jabbing tactics and opened up Dorman's cut lips, whereupon Dorman started Reilly's nose and mouth bleeding slightly from short right and left swings. Dorman repeatedly shook the Californian up with hard right and left hooks and uppercuts to the body, and Reilly weakened perceptibly under this raking fire. The round was marked by some of the hardest and wildest fighting that the Olympic Club has ever seen. The fans were almost delirious, to the point of throwing hats and papers in the air.

The seventh was like the sixth round, one long melee in which neither had any particular advantage. Reilly shook Dorman up hard toward the close of the session with right and left uppercuts to the mouth. Under the tutelage of Abe Attell, who suddenly joined Reilly's seconds, the Californian cut loose in the eighth with a prolonged series of short body punches that had Dorman very tired at the bell and hanging on hard during most of the three minutes.

The ninth, however, saw Dorman come back hard and quite reverse the manner in which the eighth round had gone. Reilly had palpably worked himself out, in addition to which he was most evidently feeling the effects of the gruelling body punching he had received. The tenth was another wild session of hard long range and infighting, in which neither had any advantage.

In the semi-final Bob Ingraham, a negro, and George Saunders, two middleweights, fought a vicious six-round fight, in which the decision was unmistakably Saunders's. He knocked Ingraham down twice in the second round, and almost had him out in the second, fourth, and fifth. The negro was very game and the fight was a hard one.

HARVARD-NAVY CREW RACE.

Still Unsettled Whether Event Will Take Place Thursday or on Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 18.—Though no definite word has been received from the Navy Department that the rowing of the Harvard-Naval Academy race on Thursday will be sanctioned, there is reason to believe that the contest will take place on that day unless Harvard volunteers its willingness to stay over until Saturday. It is conceded that Harvard was offered Thursday and came to Annapolis expecting to row on that day. Under the circumstances, it is hard to see how the local rowing authorities can insist on the later date. It is stated by Manager Thayer of the Harvard crew that great difficulty would be experienced in getting permission to stay the extra two days.

The Harvard crew was on the water twice to-day. During the morning the wind blew so hard that the shell nearly filled with water while going over the course, and the return row to the boathouse was made with difficulty. Shortly after 5 o'clock the wind had subsided and both crews started out, the visitors a little in advance. Wray, the Harvard coach, went along in his single shell above the bridge and followed the eight in. Although no time was given out, and it could hardly have been fast, owing to the head wind, the Harvard crew showed a great deal of power and made an excellent impression. The crew averages 178½ pounds, at least ten pounds heavier than the Midshipmen.

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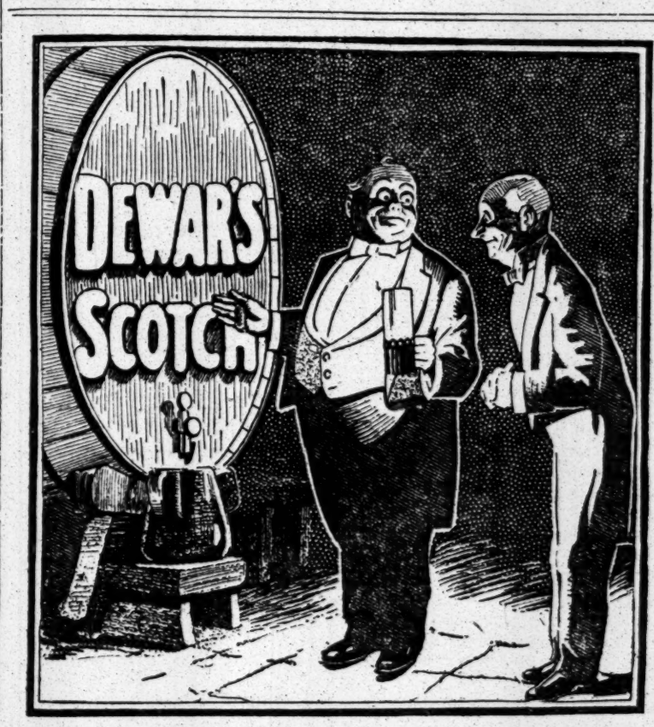

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¶ **Front Tires—7,000, 15,200, 11,000, 14,300 miles. Rear tires—4,500, 7,000, 6,000, 5,000 miles. Mileages for one set of tires, 6,500, 4,500 (without a puncture), 5,000, 6,300 (Limousine), 11,000 (one tire changed), 9,000 (one tire changed), 5,000 (Landaulet).** These are exceptional cases, but they are representative of the long tire-life possible on a **LOZIER** car properly driven. Numerous **LOZIER** cars are driven through an entire season on one set of tires.

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BENZ Benz Auto Import Co. of America. 1,599 to 1,601 Broadway, N. Y.
BUICK Motor Co., B'way bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 8010 Col.
COLUMBIA Victor Auto Storage Co., 1,681 B'way. Phone 3577 Columbus.
ORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
CROXTON KEETON Motor Co., 1862 B'way. Near 52d St. 'Phone 3530 Col.
EMPIRE $800. Poertner Motor Car Co., 1,922 B'way (64th St.) 'Phone 8166-7 Col.
GROUT Touring-Touabout-Runabout-$2,500, 40 H.P. Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 210 W. 76th St.
HUDSON A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y., 'Phone 3293 Col.
ISOTTA IMPORT COMPANY, 1,823 Broadway, (49th St.) Also J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.
KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
LOZIER 56th STREET AND BROADWAY. Telephone 6885 Columbus.
Marion Flyer Overland CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., 1,776 B'way. 'Phone 5130 Col.
MATHESON Matheson Automobile Co., 1,886-1888 Broadway, cor. 62d St. Tel. 6353 Col.
MOON Moon Motor Car Co. of N. Y. 1,761 Broadway. Tel. 6995 Col.
NATIONAL POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1,922 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.
OAKLAND 30 H. P., $1,300; 40 H. P., $1,700. 1,785 Broadway at 58th St. Tel. 477 Col.
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MAXWELL RUNABOUT, 1908 MODEL. SOLD BECAUSE OWNER HAS NO USE FOR SAME; COST $850; WILL SELL FOR $300. HOLMES, 137 WEST 37TH ST.

HAYNES two-passenger 1907 Hiker; thoroughly overhauled, remodeled, and painted; equipped with magneto, gas, and oil lamps, tools, &c.; $650. 1,001 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

MARMON, 1907, four-cylinder touring car; must sell at once; owner going abroad; thoroughly overhauled for 1910; fully equipped in every respect; $500. 1,001 Bedford Av., B'klyn.

CADILLAC, 1908, runabout; equipped with top, windshield, lamps, &c.; two brand new tires; car in first-class condition; must sell at once; bargain. 1,001 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC, 1908, 10 H. P., complete equipment; top, tires, and paint good as new; thoroughly overhauled; $475. 1,001 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

For Sale.—Imported German touring car; cost $7,500, good as new; price, $2,500. W. R. Cannady, 36 West 128th St.

Bargain.—Stoddard-Dayton roadster; last year's model; great sacrifice; lady leaving for Europe. Telephone 1470—Lenox. Roosevelt.

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ranging in weight from 1,000 to 1,400; these horses are all just out of hard work; some are a little pavement sore, and some are a little thin; a few weeks in the country would add 100 per cent. to their purchase price; no reasonable offer refused.

Wanted—A horse to board for its use. Rev. Ben Wyland, Sherman, Conn.

Buyers of slightly used motor cars find bargains in the Automobile Exchange published every Sunday in The New York Times.

GIANTS' FIRST GAME AT HOME POSTPONED

Mayor Gaynor and Lord Kitchener Will Be There To-day, Weather Permitting.

Water may be a useful commodity and all that, and of course is essential to moisten the garden patch in the Spring time, but who on earth wants to see it come in buckets full on the day the Giants are booked to open at the Polo Grounds? It would be as easy to count the stars in the sky as the number of disappointments that the rain caused yesterday. After everybody had thought out a good excuse for getting away from daily toil yesterday, they had to walk up to the "boss" and tell him that, after all, they had rather stay around and work than take an afternoons vacation. Then the captains of industry surmised that the opening game at the Polo Grounds between New York and Boston had been postponed.

Shortly after noon the ground keeper put on his southwester and ventured out on the diamond. It was just right for an aquatic meet, but too damp for baseball. At this time groups of boys and men waited anxiously outside the gates, vainly hoping that the downpour would give way to sunshine. Word went forth that the game was off, and the early arrivals hustled back from whence they came to make immediate arrangements for getting off this afternoon. Mayor Gaynor, whose right arm was in fine shape to give the first ball a ride, looked out of his office window angrily at the rain and tried to forget it. Oh, the pity of it all!

If it doesn't rain to-day, the opening will be held with all the frills and decorations that were arranged for yesterday. The band will play, the flags will flutter, and added to the big list of well-knowns present will be Lord Kitchener of Khartoum, who is anxious to see the National game, and will occupy a box with friends. If it only happens that the Giants get a couple of men on the bases during the game and some one comes up and slams out a homer, "K. of K." will hear something that has not jarred his ears since the Boers were whooping it up in South Africa.

Mathewson has had two days rest since he pitched in Boston, and if the Giants need some one to stem the tide, maybe the big pitcher will go in. It is likely that George Wiltse will start the game, and Manager Lake will start with Mattern, who beat the New Yorks in Boston. The gates will open at 12:30, and at 2 o'clock the Seventh Regiment Band will strike up something that everybody present can whistle.

In the face of all this anticipated joy, some one in the weather factory last night dared, yes, boldly dared, to send out the information that it may rain to-day, too. Not if the supplications of 35,000 fans can stop it.

Over in Brooklyn Charley Ebbets had to hoist the "no game" flag for the same reason that the Giants deferred their opening. If favorable weather prevails this afternoon the Superbas will get under way at 4 o'clock with the Phillies as their opponents.

An Error Upsets Pitcher Bailey.

DETROIT, April 18.—Bailey pitched winning ball until the eighth, when an error by Wallace on Stanage's grounder seemed to unsteady him. He passed two men, with two out, and Cobb tied the score with a double. In the ninth he walked Crawford, and Delehanty hit for three bases. Mullin was hit hard at the start and was wild throughout, but good fielding saved him. The day was cold, and rain threatened throughout. The score:

DETROIT	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'Int're, lf.	3	1	0	1	0	Stone, lf.	4	1	1	0	0
Bush, ss.	2	0	0	6	2	Wallace, 3b.	3	0	1	0	2
Cebb, rf.	4	0	1	1	0	Hoffman, cf.	2	0	0	4	0
Crawf'd, cf.	2	1	0	3	0	Griggs, 2b.	3	0	1	8	3
Delch'ty, 2b.	4	0	2	2	2	Hartzell, ss.	4	0	1	2	5
Mor'ty, 3b.	3	0	0	2	4	Abstein, 1b.	3	0	1	10	1
T. Jones, 1b.	3	0	1	10	1	Nunn, rf.	1	0	1	1	0
Stanage, c.	3	0	0	3	5	Stephens, c.	3	0	0	3	2
Schmidt, c.	0	0	0	1	1	Bailey, p.	3	0	1	1	2
Mullin, p.	3	0	0	0	4						
*D. Jones.	0	1	0	0	0	Total.	26	2	6	24	15
Total.	27	3	4	27	19						

*Ran for Stanage in the eighth inning.
†Winning run made with none out.
Errors—Wallace, Abstein.

Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	—3
St. Louis	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Cobb, Wallace. Three-base hit—Delehanty. Sacrifice hits—Griggs, Demmitt, Stephens. Sacrifice flies—Hoffman, Hartzell. Left on bases—Detroit, 5; St. Louis, 6. First on balls—By Mullin, 4; by Bailey, 5. Struck out—By Mullin, 1; by Bailey, 1. Time of game—1:40. Umpires—Messrs. Kerin and Sheridan.

American Associations.

Minneapolis, 7; Milwaukee, 2.
Toledo, 6; Louisville, 2.
Columbus, 8; Indianapolis, 7.
Kansas City at St. Paul—snow.

Southern League.

Atlanta at Nashville—rain.
Birmingham, 8; Mobile, 2.
Montgomery, 7; New Orleans, 5.
Chattanooga, 6; Memphis, 2.

South Atlantic League.

Columbus, 7; Savannah, 6.
Jacksonville, 6; Augusta, 5.
Macon, 3; Columbia, 1.

Columbia to Play Fordham.

The Columbia baseball nine will meet Fordham's team to-morrow afternoon on the latter's field. It is expected that Murray Lee will pitch for the Morningside team, and that Capt. O'Connell will be able to take his place at third. Both men were kept out of the Princeton game last Saturday, Lee with a sore arm and O'Connell with a badly sprained ankle, received in the Pennsylvania game the Wednesday before.

Schreck Sold to Louisville Club.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 18.—Catcher Ossie Schreck, not long ago famous as the battery partner of "Rube" Waddell, with the Athletics, was sold to-night to Louisville by the Columbus Club, with which he played last season.

Protest from Aero Club Members.

Certain dissenting members of the Aero Club of America, who have lately made a bitter fight against the present administration of that organization, yesterday cabled to the Secretary of the International Aeronautic Federation in Paris as follows:

"We protest Aero Club-Wright agreement. Please do not ratify. Dissenting members Aero Club America. Thomas A. Hill, Lee S. Burridge, Wilbur R. Kimball, E. L. Jones, Charles Levee."

The signatories to this cablegram "constitute a committee representing members of the club and others deeply interested in the welfare of aeronautics," according to a lengthy statement given out late last night by the committee.

BASEBALL SUMMARY.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

National League.
All games postponed on account of rain.

American League.
Detroit .....3 St. Louis 2
Other games postponed—Rain.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY.

National League.
Boston at New York—4 P. M.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn—4 P. M.
Pittsburg at Cincinnati.
Chicago at St. Louis.

American League.
New York at Philadelphia.
Washington at Boston—Two games.
Cleveland at Chicago.
St. Louis at Detroit.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Boston	2	1	.667	Chicago	2	2	.500
Philadelphia	2	1	.667	New York	1	2	.333
Pittsburg	2	1	.667	St. Louis	1	2	.333
Cincinnati	2	2	.500	Brooklyn	1	2	.333

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Cleveland	2	1	.667	Chicago	1	1	.500
Boston	2	1	.667	Detroit	2	2	.500
Washington	2	1	.667	St. Louis	1	2	.333
New York	1	1	.500	Philadelphia	1	2	.333

COACHING SEASON OPENS.

Paul A. Sorg Drives Coach to Larchmont and Return.

Starting and finishing in a downpour of rain yesterday, Paul A. Sorg, the amateur four-in-hand whip, opened the coaching season by driving his coach "All Sport" from the Holland House to the Larchmont Yacht Club and return. Despite the inclement weather eight passengers braved the elements, and although enveloped in rubber coats they were drenched upon the return of the coach.

The roads throughout the journey were muddy, and although the speed of the coach was impeded Mr. Sorg managed to keep within ten minutes of the schedule. The start was made at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, when several hundred persons were on hand. The coach stopped at the Plaza Hotel, but did not take on any passengers. From the Plaza the coach was driven to Claremont, Riverside Drive, Dyckman Street, Fordham Heights, Bronx Park, New Rochelle, and Larchmont. At the yacht club the guests partook of luncheon, and after spending a couple of hours at the clubhouse the party started on its return journey, and at 5:10 P. M. the coach drew up before the Holland House. The average speed maintained throughout the drive was ten miles an hour, and despite the storm not a single mishap occurred to mar the trip.

Mr. Sorg expressed himself as very much gratified with the initial trip, and believes the patronage during the fine weather will tax the capacity of the coach to its limit. He will continue the trips daily, Sundays excepted, for six weeks, with Larchmont as the objective point. The guests yesterday were Commodore Leonard Richards, Rear Commodore J. Schaefer, Frank Hardy, William Knabe, R. Floyd Clarke, George A. Freeman, Morton W. Smith, and Henry E. Smith.

BUFFALO HONORS WESTON.

City Officials Hold Banquet for Veteran Pedestrian.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 18.—Accompanied by a squad of mounted police, representatives of athletic clubs, and scores of enthusiasts afoot and in automobiles, who met him at the city line, Edward Payson Weston, the veteran long-distance pedestrian, reached a hotel on Main Street in this city at 12:45 to-day. He had walked fifty-two miles on muddy roads from Fredonia since midnight, and held his record at sixteen days ahead of the ninety-day schedule between Los Angeles and New York City.

Noontime crowds cheered him along the city streets and several thousand people thronged the vicinity of his hotel, where awaited him a banquet arranged by city officials, business and club men. Weston said he was in "fine form." He looked it.

Weston resumed his journey to the East at 5:30, with Batavia as his next objective.

Indoor Rifle Shooting Title.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The indoor rifle shooting team championship of the United States has been won by the Rocky Mountain Rifle Club of Butte, Mon. This club and the Winchester Rod and Gun Club of New Haven, Conn., were tied for first place in the twelve weeks' shoot, and in the deciding contest last week the Rocky Mountain Club won by a score of 985 to 980 points. Each of the leading clubs had lost one and won ten matches. The Myles Standish Rifle Club of Portland, Me., was third, the Warren, Penn., Rifle and Revolver Club was fourth, the St. Paul Rifle and Pistol Association was fifth, the Seattle Rifle and Revolver Association sixth, and the Fort Pitt Rifle Club of Pittsburg seventh.

Cornell Starts Training Table.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 18.—The track team training table at Cornell University was selected to-day by Coach Moakley as follows: H. C. Young, P. J. Taylor, Newman, Ebersole, R. B. Hurlburt, C. S. De Golyer, M. S. Jones, R. F. Fleming, Noland Blass, A. C. Bean, S. F. Nixon, E. G. MacArthur, B. F. Ford, V. A. Stibolt, Harold Gouinlock, A. S. Elsenbast, T. S. Berna, H. N. Putnam, and W. D. Haselton.

NOTES OF THE TURF.

Frank Mooney, formerly well known as a horse owner and turf operator on the New York and New Jersey tracks yesterday was reported to have died at a small railway station in Illinois. He was on his way to the East from California, where he raced through the Winter and was stricken on the train.

Joe Marrone has regained possession of his useful horse, Frank Purcell, which was claimed from him out of a selling race at Jacksonville.

Cornelius Fellowes, son of the late Cornelius Fellowes, Secretary of the Coney Island Jockey Club, is dangerously ill at a sanitarium. He is said to have submitted to four operations recently.

At a meeting of the Stewards of the National Steeplechase and Hunt Association held yesterday morning the following licenses were granted:

Gentlemen Riders—W. C. Hayes, Everett Waddey, Jr., and E. W. Hammond.

Jockeys—Med. Henderson, (to ride for Silas Veitch only,) Silas McClain, Lewis Johnson, Louis Hughes, J. Slaughter, Charles Aikles, and William Granat, (to ride for employer only.)

Trainers—C. C. Hall, Henry Craven, William Granat, Clyde Gallenga, J. W. Dayton, and Henry L. Bell.

Intercity League Proposed.

CHICAGO, April 18.—A new Intercity Baseball League, to be composed of Chicago, Kansas City, Philadelphia, New York, Cleveland, Cincinnati, St. Louis, and possibly Boston, is under contemplation, according to Henry C. Osterman. Osterman said to-day that money had been obtained, and queries had been sent to the various cities to determine what steps might be taken to bring about the immediate organization of the proposed league.

SCRIMMAGE SCORES KEENE'S FIRST RACE

Wild Mint Colt Wins Ozone Stakes in a Wet Day's Sport at Aqueduct.

Aside from some scattering race results at the Aqueduct course yesterday the weather was the dominating thing. Old patrons of the Queens County Jockey Club could not recall a worse day, and the track was so bad that the time fairly approximated trotting records. The conditions, however, made no bar to an attendance, and the covered parts of the grand stand enclosure were so well filled that a good racing crowd was fairly well represented.

The sport was interesting in spite of the rain and cold wind, two events for two-year-olds, one a stake fixture, in which the James R. Keene stable earned its first victory of the season, with the gelding Scrimmage, being the feature of the day's contests. Scrimmage, a bay gelding, by Wild Mint-Ballyhoo Belle, ran in a field of nine horses for the Ozone Stakes, and though he was more or less overlooked by the betting men, ran much the best horse of the field, and came on from behind at the end to win in pronounced style by a half length from the sprinting Texas-bred Frank Mullens, which made the early pace in a style suggesting that quarter racing might be more in his line.

In another race for two-year-olds, the first on the card, a number of the big breeders and leading racing men of the New York turf were represented, R. T. Wilson, Jr., starting two of his Hamburg Place-bred colts, the Madden and Keene studs' representatives making up a big part of the field. Seth, the second of the sons of Adam to race in New York this Spring, carried the Newcastle Stable's colors and started favorite, but ran very green and was never a contender. Madden's Hamburg Place furnished the winner in Whin, which carried F. R. Hitchcock's jacket, and at a good price, swooped on at the finish, to snatch the race by a head from Pluvius, which made about all the running and looked to be winning into the last few jumps.

Ed Ball, now in the stable of H. G. Bedwell, ran in a style so different from his performances as J. A. Bennett's property that he did not look to be the same horse. He started a strong favorite, and simply romped in first at the end.

Wise Mason had only the pretense of a race for the six and a half furlong handicap, and beat Wander, his only opponent, as he pleased.

Now that H. B. Duryea has sent his once great race horse Irish Lad out of the country, Irish Lad being in France, where he will have a very limited chance, sons of Irish Lad, both failures in the Duryea stable last season, ran first and second in the six-furlong for maidens, fifth on the card. Danfield, with a fair support, was the winner after making all the running, while Blundara was second.

Metaphor III., one of Mr. Keene's Castleton-bred horses, which was returned to America after a season in England as a two-year-old, and a full brother to Maskette, showed a lot of speed in the last race, but stopped after leading to close on the post, Bob Co, one of the choices, coming on to win, ridden out, by a head from Duke of Ormonde. Summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Purse, for maidens 2 years old; special weights; four furlongs.

F. R. Hitchcock's Whin, ch. f., by Ogden-Whyota, 103, (Taplin,) 6 to 1 and 2 to 1.1
Varian Barker's Hawley, ch. c., 106, (Hyland,) 20 to 1 and 8 to 1.....2
T. W. O'Brien's Pluvius, ch. c., 106, (Glass,) 5 to 1 and 2 to 1.....3½
Judge Monck, 106, (Page,) 6 to 1; Sheriff Bradley, 106, (Dugan,) 8 to 1; Seth, 106, (Garner,) 9 to 5; Fleece, 106, (Butwell,) 15 to 1; Dixon, 106, (J. Queen,) 40 to 1; The Follies, 106, (Langan,) 100 to 1; Sinn Feinn, 106, (Featherington,) 40 to 1, and Dreaming, 103, (Garner,) 12 to 1, also ran. Won ridden out. Time—0:52.

SECOND RACE.—Purse, for three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; six and a half furlongs.

H. G. Bedwell's Ed Ball, ch. g., aged, by Verge d'Arniobe, 107, (Taplin,) 11 to 10 and 1 to 4.....1
Earl Linnell's Black Mate, ch. g., 6, 107, (G. Garner,) 6 to 1 and 1 to 4 to 5 and 3 to 5.....2½
J. W. May's Bob R., b. c., 3, 99, (Glass) 10 to 1 and 6 to 5.....3
Lord Strephan, 100, (King,) 60 to 1, wheeled and was left at the post. Won easily. Time—1:24.

THIRD RACE.—The Ozone Stakes, for two-year-olds, selling allowances; four furlongs.

James R. Keene's Scrimmage, g., by Wild Mint-Ballyhoo Belle, 104, (G. Burns,) 7 to 1 and 3 to 5.....1½
R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, Agawam, b. c., 106, (Creevy,) 5 to 1 and 2 to 1.....2¾
F. T. Wood's Frank Mullens, b. c., 112, (Garner,) 11 to 5 and 1 to 1.....3½
Moncrief, 109, (Dugan,) 7 to 2; Peccant, 102, (Taplin,) 8 to 1; Whitwool, 102, (Langan,) 8 to 1; Miss Jonah, 104, (Glass,) 10 to 1, and Sylvan Dell, 101, (F. H. King,) 30 to 1, also ran. Won ridden out. Time—0:50 4-5.

FOURTH RACE.—Handicap purse for three-year-olds and upward; six and a half furlongs.

Newcastle Stable's Wise Mason, b. g., 4, by Sempronius-Manola Mason, 111, (G. Garner,) 1 to 7 and out.....1½
A. Wilson's Wander, ch. g., 4, 99, (Taplin,) 6 to 1.....2
Won easily. Time—1:28.

FIFTH RACE.—Purse, for maidens three years old and upward, special weights; six furlongs.

G. A. Brander's Danfield, br. g., 3, by Irish Lad-Zuna, 107, (Doyle,) 7 to 2 and 7 to 5.....1²
W. T. McGivney's Blundora, b. g., 3, 107, (Taplin,) 7 to 2 and 7 to 5.....2½
J. H. Warren's Young Belle, b. f., 3, 105, (Fox,) 30 to 1 and 10 to 1.....3¹
Stafford, 137, (Owens,) 5 to 2; Nunda, 105, (Page,) 8 to 1; Brighton, 107, (Pohanka,) 20 to 1; Master Lismore, 107, (Glass,) 12 to 1; George Field, 102, (Garner,) 7 to 1; Miss C. Divota, 100, (Flanagan,) 30 to 1, and Oswego, 100, (Heatherington,) 30 to 1, also ran. Won ridden out. Time—1:19.

SIXTH RACE.—Purse, for three-year-olds, non-winners of $2,000, special weights, with allowances; five furlongs.

John W. Schorr's Bob R., ch. g., 3, by Lord Esterling-Brief, 103, (Burns,) 4 to 1 and 1 to 1.....1¹
Ormondale Stable's Duke of Ormonde, b. c., 3, 101, (Butwell,) 4 to 5 and 1 to 4.....2²
James R. Keene's Metaphor III., br. c., 3, 96, (Garner,) 12 to 1 and 4 to 1.....3³
Our Hannah, 101, (Ural,) 12 to 1; Ognier, 96, (Diggings,) 5 to 1, and O. E. M., 96, (Glass,) 20 to 1, also ran. Won ridden out. Time—1:04 2-5.

Entries for Aqueduct Races.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds, selling, $400 added; six and a half furlongs.

Radation	103	Petronius	105
Starboard	106	Captain Swanson	110
*Charlie Hargrave	109	Rustem	98
Myles O'Connell	111		

SECOND RACE.—For fillies, maidens, two years old, $400 added; four furlongs.

Winning Widow	107	Ugo	107
Love Cure	107	Gold of Ophir	107
Killarney Rose	107	Lula	107
Pickaninny	107	Night Fall	107
Quincy Belle	107		

THIRD RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward, selling, $400 added; one mile.

Font	103	The Peer	100
Joe Rose	110	Golden Shore	101
Nadzu	111	Berkeley	115

FOURTH RACE.—The Peconic Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, guaranteed gross value $1,500; six furlongs.

Arondack	92	King Cobalt	103
Besom	102	Alfred Noble	117
Right Easy	110	Magazine	106

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling, $400 added; four and a half furlongs.

Gnager	102	Oakdale	102
*Stadina	97	Sugar Loaf	102
County Chairman	105	Uncle Fred	102
Hawklike	105	*Carbineer	100

SIXTH RACE.—For mares three years old and upward, selling, $400 added; six furlongs.

*Imitator	105	Silverin	108
Elizabeth Harwood	108	*Sensible	104

*Apprentice allowance.

American Horses Finish Third.

ST. CLOUD, France, April 18.—Two third places was the best that American horses could do in the racing at St. Cloud to-day. W. K. Vanderbilt's Defender and Eugene Fischof's Antioche finished third, respectively, in the Prix Fleury and the Prix Chausse.

Basket Ball at Coney Island.

A series of basket ball games has been arranged between the Bushwick team and the Fourth Division, First Battalion, N. M. N. Y., best two out of three, to be played at Stauch's hall, Coney Island. The first game will be played this evening at 9 P. M. The winning team will be presented with bronze plaques. The referee for the gams will be William Stillman.

SPORTING EVENTS.

Opening National League Baseball Championship. Polo G'ds. To-day, 4 P. M. GIANTS vs. BOSTON. Music 1:30 P. M.

Koster Leads Bowlers at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, April 18.—All four of the leaders in the individual class were displaced by to-day's rolling in the fourth annual tournament of the National Bowling Association now in progress at the Garage Alleys, and at the same time the third and fourth teams in the two-man team race were pushed aside.

John Koster of New York, who is credited with having made more perfect scores than any other man, took the lead in the individuals, with 623 pins, and he was closely followed by James Smith of Buffalo, with 622, and J. Geraghty of Paterson, N. J., and Aug. Kropp of Philadelphia, who tied for third place with 621.

In the two-man team contests King and Grossman of Philadelphia retain first place, with a score of 1,221, and Brunt and Ball of Passaic, second, with 1,213; but to-day Schults and Koster of New York moved into third place by scoring 1,192, and Taylor and Olree of Paterson, N. J., took fourth place with 1,189.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

LINK CHAIN BELT COMPANY.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petiton in bankruptcy filed on Feb. 25 against the Link Chain Belt Company, manufacturer of belting for machinery, at 50 Church Street.

JOHN G. STUART.—John G. Stuart, who was formerly a partner in the firm of W. b. Smith & Co., seven years ago, who filed a separate petition with liabilites of $264,431, obtained his discharge yesterday, as no creditors opposed his application.

CHARLES MENDELSON.—Charles Mendelson, cloak manufacturer, 30 West Fifteenth Street, has made a settlement with creditors at twenty-five cents on the dollar cash, and Judge Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed against him on Feb. 25. The liabilities were $8,000.

JAMES M. BASS.—James M. Bass of 500 West 143d Street, formerly dry goods dealer, 327 Church Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $3,781 and assets of $513, consisting of note, $450, and commissions, $63. He also has sixty-five shares of stock of the Bas-Winkler Company, of no value, out of business.

PERLHEFTER & SCHATZ.—Judge Hand has adjudicated the firm of Perlhefter & Schatz, auctioneers, formerly of 88 University Place, and also Barnett Schatz, and has dismissed the petition as to John R. Perlhefter, individually, and has referred the case to John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy. A creditor's petiton in bankruptcy was filed against them on Sept. 22, 1908.

LATHROP, HASKINS & CO.—A meeting of creditors of Lathrop, Haskins & Co., stock brokers of 60 Broadway, who were caught in the collapse of the Hocking pool, was held yesterday at the office of Henry Hunter, Referee in Bankruptcy, at 71 Broadway. Many claims were filed, and the receiver, Henry D. Hotchkiss, was elected trustee, with a bond of $25,000. The liabilities are $3,655,052 and the nominal assets are $1,208,078.

FISK & ROBINSON.—Fisk & Robinson, bankers and brokers of 35 Cedar Street, against whom a petiton in bankruptcy was filed on Feb. 1, applied for their discharge from bankruptcy yesterday in the United States District Court. Two creditors only appeared in opposition to the discharge, the Pioneer Trust Company of Kansas City, Mo., $3,438, and Milton H. Holmes of Kansas City, $167. The case went over for the usual two weeks.

W. B. SMITH & CO.—W. B. Smith and William Harry Osborne, who composed the firm of W. B. Smith & Co., stock brokers, 11 Broadway, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on June 16, applied for their discharge from bankruptcy in the United States District Court. Appearances were entered in opposition to the discharge by eight creditors, Mary E. Mullins, $2,584; John Weiss, $970; Fred Schmidt, $610; Nicholas Walter, $419; George Killen, $198; Joseph Chmielowski, $307; William B. Naisawald, $341, and Carl Wannagal, $233. The case went over for two weeks.

SIMON MARCUS.—Simon, sometimes known as Sim Marcus, salesman, of 220 West 101st Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $92,517 and no assets. Of the liabilities $52,500 are secured by a mortgage on 619 and 621 West 136th Street to the United States Savings Bank, and of the unsecured liabilities most of them are for indorsing notes of the Arnold Realty Co., of which he was Secretary. Among the creditors are the Metropolitan Bank, $8,150; Fifth National Bank, $2,650; Twenty-third Ward Bank, $1,445; Twelfth Ward Bank, $600; Union Exchange Bank, $519; Indelhi Confonti Company, $4,350, and G. H. Gerard, Son & Co., $2,334, all on indorsements for the Arnold Realty Company.

FRANK R. HALL.—Frank R. Hall of 104 West Fifty-seventh Street, at present unemployed, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $2,550 and assets of $10 cash and clothing and stickpin, $55, for which he claims exemption. All the debts were contracted since Oct. 1, and part during this month. They are for hotel bills, wines and liquors, auto hire, and borrowed money. Among the creditors are Oakes Hotel Company, Albany, $427; John W. Wheaton, care of Hotel St. Paul, $148; Italian-American Auto Company, $552; Charles K. Starr, $78, auto hire; C. M. Schildwachter, $130, taxicab hire, for which a judgment has been obtained; Von Glahn & Waje, Fifty-ninth Street and Columbus Av., $165, liquors and loans; Philip Brode, 1,044 Sixth Avenue, $115, merchandise and loans; Pat Duffy, Fifty-eighth Street and Sixth Avenue, $50, liquors and loans; Sam and Abe Miers, Seventh Avenue and Forty-seventh Street, $299; liquors and loans; Tom Morris, Fifty-fourth Street and Eighth Avenue, $50, liquors and loans; Charles Schmidt, Twenty-fourth Street and Sixth Avenue, $145, liquors and loans; Albert Ethier, 1,338 Broadway, liquors and loans; William Ross, Fifteenth Street and Sixth Avenue, $225 loan; Nathan Low & Son, 1,010 Sixth Avenue, $150 loan; John Steinmetz, Thirteenth Street and University Place, $50 loan; Joseph Strand, 134 East Fifteenth Street, $25 loan.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Hand, in the United States District Court yesterday, granted a discharge from bankruptcy to the following bankrupts:

ARCHIBALD ROBERTSON, shipbuilder, of City Island; liabilities $26,394.
WILLIAM BOCK, grocer, 697 Columbus Avenue; liabilities $5,945.
BERTHA J. K. BOENIGER, milliner, 82 West Forty-fifth Street; liabilities $3,986.
BENJAMIN J. FALLICK, 59 East 115th Street, formerly a baker; liabilities $548.
CHARLES M. FREELAND, hotel keeper, Turners, N. Y.; liabilities $4,067.
HENRY GARFINKLE, shoes, Yonkers; liabilities $7,398.
A. H. GOELET, 2,080 Broadway; liabilities $20,511.
SAMUEL GOLDSMITH, clothing, New Rochelle; liabilities $4,104.
ABRAHAM JOACHIM, real estate broker, 93 Hamilton Place; liabilities $13,758.
ALEXANDER S. REISS, shoes, 284 Bowery; liabilities $9,178.
JOSEPH SCHNAPP, grocer, 258 Division Street; liabilities $14,355.
MAURICE D. STERNBERG, clerk, 136 East 112th Street; liabilities $843.
SIMON ZINS, salesman, 72 West Street; liabilities $1,799.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Abelman, Abraham and Ida—T. Resch, $235.
Avery, Le Roy—M. Sloan, $189.
Bischoff, Albert H.—Improved Property Holding Co. of New York, $817.
Biggar, Laura—A. M. Hendrick, $50,679.
Beck, Otto H.—B. Schneller, $537.
Collins, James R, et al.—C. F. Fox, $1,050.
Christensen, Harold B.—L. Volz, $1,226.
Cowes, William A.—J. D. Rishill, $1,155.
Dulmage, William T., et al.—C. F. Fox, $1,050.
De Hierapolis, George S. and Emilie S.—Waterbury Co., $2,050.
De Hierapolis, George G., and Emilie S.—Bank of Jamestown, $519.
Epstein, Philip—Twelfth Ward Bank of the City of New York, $325.
Ernst, John F., et al.—B. Raphael, $108.
Fuerst, Elbert F., and William F.—N. Sumergrade, costs, $108.
Feigin, Rose—Interborough Rapid Transit Co., costs, $122.
Flanagan, Thomas—J. Sinnott, $184.
Fischer, Henry C., et al.—B. Raphael, $108.
Greenberg, Wolf—E. Paulai, $169.
Goldstein, Arthur A.—N. Brody, et al., costs, $145.
Gleason, John J.—M. J. Tausey, $1,548.
Gruber, Louis H.—Attelboro Manufacturing Co., $193.
Geiger, Leon A., et al.—W. E. Barry, $1,649.
Hoffman, Daniel—W. A. Lepard, Jr., $3,835.
Howard, Leonard H.—E. Hoffman, $106.
Hamilton, Charles—E. I. Du Pont de Nemours Powder Co., $263.
Harris, Isidor, et al.—R. Kuehn, $2,457.
Huhna, Anthony—G. W. Carr, $133.
Heitman, William—Mohawk Condensed Milk Co., $219.
Kennedy, D'Arcy P.—G. A. Hopkins, $139.
Koehler, Otto—National Park Bank of New York, costs, $100.
Lang, Mary, or Wintermeyer—F. F. Steinback, $1,459.
Logel, Mathias—C. Adler, $147.
Morris, Tillie—J. H. Farges, $268.
Minot, Henri A., et al.—W. E. Barry, $1,649.
McCarthy, John—J. Rose, $102.
Rubin, Isidor—A. Bakot et al., $128.
Rosenberg, Isaac D.—P. B. Olsen, $170.
Ryan, Pierce—Monticello Distilling Co., $107.
Schmidt, Max—W. Rosenberg, $230.
Skipton, Peter M.—Murray & Reid Co., $136.
Secor, Charles A.—C. W. Jenkins et al., $221.
Schaefer, Henry—Glokner & Blue Co., $198.
Spitzer, Minnie—N. Trahan, $1,267.
Schweitzer, Joseph et al.—R. Kuehn, $2,457.
Smith, Emery J.—Yaurman & Erbe Mfg. Co., $153.
Tillotson, Naughton B.—John Wanamaker, New York, $404.
Van Dusen, Robert L.—J. Hallahan et al., $519.
White, Charles C.—N. E. Gray et al., $1,109.
Wintermyer, Mary, or Lang—F. F. Steinback, $1,459.
Walter, Alfred—E. Lyons, $112.
Weipert, Christian or Christ—C. H. Bahrenberg et al., $1,104.
Ziesler, Ludvig—J. A. Guedon, $180.
Zahler, Jacob—A. Cohen, $288.
Allen Kingston Motor Car Co.—S. Weit, $748.
Eagle Roofing Co.—Coal Tar Product Co., $123.
Charles E. Haff Co.—Long Island Engineering and Contracting Co., $532.
Same—Same, $111.
Mutual Realty Co.—W. R. H. Martin, $215.
Acme Roofing Co. et al.—Theodore E. Hergert, Inc., $240.
Palmer Sheet Metal Works, Inc., et al.—Same, $240.
Automobile Mail Delivery Co.—F. B. Calkin, $418.
Calumet Construction Co.—A. Mortenson, $940.
German-American Insurance Co.—J. C. Cohen, $718.
Royal Insurance Co.—Same, $1,860.
Scottish Union National Insurance Co.—Same, $2,017.
Southern Pants Co.—A. Baer et al., $1,689.
Cresco Realty Co.—J. Hock, $1,884.
United States Rattan Co.—V. Cowperthwait, $3,922.
American Lithographic Co.—A. Kirum, $6,182.
Degnon-McLean Contracting Co.—D. Burns, $4,159.
Title Guaranty & Surety Co.—John Pierce Co., $10,118.
Norbert-Wolff Co.—J. Cronin, $200.
Lyons Beet Sugar Refining Co.—Larrowe Milling Co., $2,020.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Eichner, Edward R.—W. E. Wall, Oct. 15, 1908, $188.
Borough Iron Works—C. E. Ring, Oct. 22, 1908, $839.
Lord's Court Building and Empire State Surety Co.—C. Parkinson, April 11, 1910, $142.
Same—Same, March 5, 1909, $182.
Lester, George H.—C. H. Smith, Feb. 21, 1910, $279.
La France Fire Engine Co.—W. A. Graham, Sept. 21, 1908, $682.
Munroe, George H. and Alexander, et al.—C. Parkinson, April 20, 1908, $2,702.
Arizona Amalgamated Copper Co, Lord's Court Building, and Empire State Surety Co. et al.—C. Parkinson, April 20, 1908, $2,702.
New York Cab Co., Ltd.—P. Corsa, March 19, 1910, $1,156.
Rabe, August W.—J. Oussani, Oct. 17, 1908, $898.
Same—Same, June 17, 1908, $408.
Webster, Lou B. B.—A. E. Reynolds, April 6, 1910, $1,068.
Haggerty, James J.—Health Department, Sept. 26, 1904, (vacated,) $262.
Van Norden, Otto H.—T. Allison, April 1, 1910, (vacated,) $110.
Marcus, Louis—City of N. Y., April 4, 1910, $111.
Swift Building Co.—S. Gotthelf, April 12, 1910, $1,274.
New York Edison Co.—P. Gullo, March 16, 1910, $2,837.
Zahler, Jacob—A. Cohen, April 18, 1910, $288.

Elgin Butter Men Keep Up Price.

ELGIN, Ill., April 18.—The local Butter Board held its own against a delegation of Chicago commission men to-day, sustaining a quotation of 32 cents a pound for creamery butter as against a price of 31 cents proposed by the Chicagoans. The fight started when Holmes of Aurora offered to buy 500 tubs at 32 cents. The Quotation Committee, every member of which was present, thereupon reported the market firm at that price. James Gallagher of Chicago then moved to substitute 31 cents as the price, but the vote went against him 32 to 17.

Bergen County Bond Sale.

The Bergen County Freeholders yesterday afternoon sold the $400,000 Court House 4½ per cent. bonds to John D. Everett & Co. and A. B. Leach of New York. The price was 108.13. Two weeks ago not a bid was made for these bonds at 4 per cent. The money is to be used in the erection of the new million-dollar Court House at Hackensack.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and Brown Brothers & Co. of Philadelphia announce that the $10,000,000 Baldwin Locomotive Works first mortgage 5 per cent. sinking fund thirty-year gold bonds, purchased by them last week, have all been sold.

Arthur W. Pearce of the Stock Exchange firm of Simpson, Pearce & Co. leaves Wednesday with his family on the Lusitania, and will be gone for three months.

The annual meeting of the United States Rubber Company will be held in New Brunswick, N. J., on May 17.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, April 18.—Following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |

BONDS

We offer a variety of **Municipal** and **Railroad Bonds** eligible for **Investment** by **Trustees** of **New York State**

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For Sale

20 Am. La Fr. F. E. Pfd.@ 28
500 Amer. Thread Pfd. ---@ 5⅛
100 Am. Gas & Elec. Com.@ 47½
50 Aeolian-W. P. & P. Pfd.@ 95
20 Childs (Rest'nt) Com.@139
100 Central Foundry Pfd..@ 2
50 Empire Steel & I. Pfd.@ 78
100 Frick Company.----------Bid
11 General Chemical Com.@ 98
5 Nat. L., H. & P. Com.@ 15
10 Nat. L., H. & P. Pfd.@ 70
50 Pope Manufact'g Com.@ 71
70 Un. Typew'r Co. Com.@ 57
50 Un. Typew'r Co. 2d Pfd.@111½
25 West. Power Co. Com.@ 33½
25 West'n Power Co. Pfd.@ 55
50 Tefft Weller Pfd. ----@ 65
50 Bronx Nat'l Bank----@212½
25 Chemung Canal Tr. Co.@195
10 Columbia Trust Co. --@302
5 Carnegie Trust Co...Bid wanted
15 Guaranty Trust Co. --@880
25 Knickerb'ker Trust Co.@340
10M Am. La Fr F.E.6% b'd@ 85
10M Du Pont P. 4½% bond@ 88¼
5M Hecker-Jones-J. M. 6%@105¼
5M K. Co. E. L. & P. 6%@114
10M E. W. Bliss Co. 6% bonds.

Hallowell & Henry
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J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
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12 Amer. Chicle Pfd.
75 By-Products Coke
$5,000 Central Railway Syndicate
100 Federal Sugar Common
100 Lord & Taylor Pfd.
50 Lord & Taylor Com.
25 Nat. Park Bank "Rights"
15 Phelps, Dodge & Co.
7 State Bank
100 Tri-City Ry. & Light Pfd.
24 United States Express
54 Wells Fargo Express
100 Western Pacific
WANTED
150 Bush Terminal Com.
50 Childs (Restaurant) Co. Pfd.
$10,000 Federal Publishing 6s
100 Hartford Carpet Pfd.
100 Pacific Gas & Electric Pfd.
50 Sen-Sen Chiclet
100 Tri-City Ry. & Light Com.
$10,000 United Lead 5s
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks in General Decline—Call Money Rates, 2½@3 Per Cent.

REACTION FOLLOWS ADVANCE

Movement Technical Following Recent Rapid Rise—Wheat and Cotton Down.—More Gold for London.

On the floor of the Stock Exchange excuse was found for the sharp decline in prices in certan sections of the list yesterday, and in the general heaviness of the market as a whole in the fact that for a number of sessions the movement has been rapidly forward. Under such circumstances and in the absence of definite news to support a further advance a reaction of some dimension is usually in order. There was no news of sufficient importance to account for the market's behavior; as a matter of fact the sharp fall in wheat and the even more violent decline in cotton might in the absence of purely technical considerations of the opposite kind have provided grounds for a very sharp rise in securities. Weakness was most pronounced in the Copper, Smelting, and Steel issues. Continued evidence of overproduction of copper metal and corresponding declines in its price hold out little inducement for either speculative or investment purchases of the shares of the concerns engaged in copper mining or allied lines, while as regards the Steel situation the slower raté at which pig iron production is now going forward clearly spells a let-up in activity in finished products. It is going too far afield, however, to attempt to discover reasons for yesterday's market course in fundamental changes in the industrial or railroad situation; the movement of prices is readily explained by speculative conditions pure and simple. Matters of real interest included the break in wheat, the decline in cotton, the further adjustments of wage disputes between the railroads and their men, and the engagement of an additional amount of gold for shipment to London on Wednesday. Wheat fell because the greater part of the Winter wheat country received an ample supply of moisture through a heavy snow fall. The plant is not as yet so far advanced as to suffer from the attendant cold weather, and the occurrence is beneficial in every respect. The moving cause for the fall in cotton seems to have been the institution of an action by the Government in connection with speculative operations, although the exact facts in this matter were not disclosed up to the end of business. It is obvious, however, that a large speculation, calling for the use of a great deal of money, has been going on in both wheat and cotton, and anything tending to release these funds for other and more pressing purposes is quite acceptable.

Saturday's bank statement made it plain that those in charge of money matters here are awake to the situation and that they are able by attracting deposits from the interior to meet in large measure the demands involved in the current gold movement. There seems to be a strong belief in banking circles that the supplies obtainable after this fashion will be adequate and that exce. in the event of excited speculation in securities money will be procurable for all legitimate needs at fair rates for some time to come. The uncertain feature of the international money position is the complicated political-financial situation in England.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway for rights.
Cuban-American Sugar Co. for dividend on preferred.
International Steam Pump Co. for dividend on preferred.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Batopilas Mining Co.
Consolidated California Vineyards.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2½@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2¾ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 3 per cent.

Time money rates, 4 per cent. for sixty and ninety days and 4@4¼ for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4½@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½@6 per cent. for others.

Private discount rates at foreign centres: London, 3 13-16 per cent., unchanged; Paris, 2⅝ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Berlin, 3¼ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $184,474,883; balances, $8,752,409; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $740,714.

The local banks have gained $1,257,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was firm, with demand quoted at $4.8765@$4.8775, sixty days at $4.84@$4.8425, and cables at $4.8805@$4.8815.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.17½@5.17½ plus 3-64 for cables and 5.17½ less 1-32@5.17½ plus 1-64 for sight; reichsmarks, 95¼ plus 1-64@95 5-16 less 1-64 for cables, 95 3-46 plus 1-64@95¼ for sight, and 94⅝@94¾ for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 10c discount; Chicago, 15c premium; St. Louis, 45c premium; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, 90c premium; San Francisco, 40c premium; St. Paul, 55c premium; Savanah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 15⅝c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d lower in London, at 24 9-16 per ounce, and ⅛d lower in New York, at 53⅜c per ounce. Mexican dollars, 44⅝@48c.

THE CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 18.—Small transactions scattered over a number of issues was all the local Exchange had to offer in the way of a market to-day. Holders of local securities, generally speaking, seem well enough satisfied with their investments and are indifferent to the efforts made from time to time to stimulate prices and the inevitable reaction from such demonstrations. This leaves the market in the hands of floor traders, who have not the courage to play for more than a moderate rise or fall.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
110	Am. Shipbuilding	79½	79¼	79½
10	Am. Shipbuilding pf	110	110	110
20	Booth Fisheries pf	70½	70½	70½
45	Chicago Pneu. Tool	43½	43½	43¼
88	Chicago Rys., series 2	29	29	29
2	Chicago Rys., Series 4	8	8	8
250	Chicago Subway	2¾	2½	2½
40	Chicago Title & Trust	156	156	156
32	Commercial Edison	116	116	116
120	Diamond Match	100	100	100
246	Illinois Brick	88	87½	87½
151	McCrum-Howell	57½	57½	57½
105	McCrum-Howell pf	102¾	102	102¼
60	Met. Elevated pf	53	53	53
20	Nat. Biscuit pf	123¼	123¼	123½
110	People's Gas	111⅞	111⅝	111⅝
7	Quaker Oats pf	105	104⅞	105
270	Sears-Roebuck	165	165	165
13	Sears-Roebuck pf	120½	120½	120½
185	Street's Stable Car	26	26	26
21	Street's Stable Car pf	90	90	90
209	Swift & Co.	105⅝	105	105⅛
——	Chicago Clearings	456	200	400

Trend of the securities market, correspondence from all great financial centres, the situation in money, metals, and produce. Accurate quotations of every bond and stock dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb. The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year.—Adv.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday.

Total sales April 18, 1910 568,521
From Jan. 1, 1910 62,213,940
Corresponding period last year 64,946,840

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
10½	11⅛	280	Allis-Chalmers	11	11	11	11	— ½
38	39½	300	Allis-Chalmers pf	39½	39½	39	39	...
76¼	76⅞	35,500	Amalg. Copper	78¼	78⅝	76⅛	76⅝	−2
46½	47	100	Am. Ag. Chemical	47	47	47	47	−¼
39¼	39⅝	800	Am. Beet Sugar	40¾	40¾	39	39	−1
11	11⅛	300	American Can	11¼	11¼	11⅛	11⅛	+⅛
75½	76	200	Am. Can pf	76	76	76	76	−⅞
64⅛	65	1,200	Am. Car & Foundry	65	65¼	64	64	−1
68¼	68⅝	1,100	Am. Cotton Oil	68	68½	67⅞	68¼	+⅛
37½	38¼	900	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	38⅝	38⅞	38	38¼	−⅛
27	27½	200	Am. Ice Securities	27⅝	27⅝	27½	27½	−⅛
14½	15½	210	Am. Linseed	15	15	15	15	−⅛
39¼	40¼	260	Am. Linseed pf	40¼	40¼	39⅝	39⅝	−⅝
52	52½	700	Am. Locomotive	53¼	53¼	51⅞	52	−1
113	114	102	Am. Locomotive pf	113	113	113	113	+1
6¼	6⅝	200	Am. Malt	6½	6½	6½	6½	+⅛
38	40	100	Am. Malt pf	38	38	38	38	...
83⅝	84	23,920	Am. Smelt. & Ref	86¼	86¼	83½	83⅞	−2¼
106¾	107	300	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	107	107	107	107	...
88	88½	200	Am. Sm. Sec. pf., B	88	88¼	88	88⅛	...
61½	62½	900	Am. Steel Foundries	63½	63½	62	62	−1½
125	125¼	800	Am. Sugar Ref	126½	126¾	125	125¼	−1
137⅝	137⅞	1,600	Am. Tel. & Tel	138	138¾	138	138	...
97	98	300	Am. Tobacco pf	97¾	97¾	97¼	97⅝	−⅛
100⅛	100½	200	Am. Woolen pf	100½	100½	100½	100½	+¼
45¾	46	4,300	Anaconda Cop. Min	47⅝	47⅝	45¾	46	−1½
114	114⅛	6,000	At., Top. & S. Fe	114⅞	115	114	114	−¾
...	...	1,000	At., Top. & S. F. rgts	3-32	3-32	3-32	3-32	...
102¼	103⅛	100	At., Top. & S. Fe pf	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	...
111½	111⅝	300	Atlantic Coast Line	130	130	130	130	−⅛
3	3¼	1,300	Baltimore & Ohio	112	112	111½	111½	−⅛
...	...	100	Batopilas Mining	3½	3½	3½	3½	−⅛
...	...	6	Bank of Commerce	215	215	215	215	...
81	81½	20,720	Brook. Rapid Transit	82	82	80¾	81	−1
149½	153	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	149½	149½	140½	140½	−1
183	183¼	800	Canadian Pacific	183⅞	183⅞	183	183	−½
44⅝	45	9,595	Central Leather Co	45½	46	44¾	44¾	−⅝
88	88¼	5,925	Chesapeake & Ohio	89	89	88½	88½	−⅝
29¾	30	272	Chi. Great Western	29¾	29¾	29¼	29¾	−⅝
55	55½	426	Chi. Great West. pf	55⅞	55¾	54¾	54¾	−⅞
142¾	142⅞	4,000	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	144	144⅝	142⅞	142¾	−1⅛
158	158¼	400	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	159	159	158¼	158¼	−1¼
153¼	154¼	750	Chi. & Northwestern	155¼	155¼	153⅝	153⅝	−1¼
4	5	100	Chi. Un. Trac. t. r., sta	4	4	4	4	−⅛
8⅝	10½	100	Chi. Un. T. pf. t. r., sta	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	−1⅛
41¼	41⅝	700	Colorado Fuel & Iron	42	42	41⅝	41⅝	−⅝
60½	60⅝	500	Colorado & Southern	61	61	60¼	60⅝	−⅝
142⅜	143½	300	Comstock Tunnel	*30	30	30	30	−½
17	17⅞	800	Consolidated Gas	144½	144½	143	146	−1
77½	78½	100	Corn Products Ref	17½	17½	17½	17½	+⅛
172	173½	200	Corn Products R. pf	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾	+⅛
43½	43½	9,700	Delaware & Hudson	173½	173½	173½	173½	...
80	80½	900	Denver & Rio Grande	43½	4	43	43	+⅛
31	31⅝	100	Denver & Rio G. pf	80	81½	80	80¼	+⅞
27½	28⅝	300	Distillers' Securities	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	...
30¼	30⅝	2,100	Dul., S. S. & At. pf	28¾	28¾	28¼	28¼	−¼
60	65	100	Erie	31	31	30½	30½	−½
...	...	83	Fed. Min. & Sm. pf	69	69	69	69	−½
151	153½	3,700	Fourth Nat. Bank	199¾	200	199	199	+1
138⅝	139	3,700	General Electric	152	152	152	152	...
69½	70⅛	1,500	Gt. No. cts., ore props.	140	140⅝	138⅝	138⅝	−1½
139¼	141	300	Illinois Central	70⅝	71	70	70½	+⅛
22⅞	23	15,300	Interborough-Met	140½	141	140	140	−1
59	59¼	18,750	Interborough-Met. pf	23¾	23¾	22⅞	22⅞	−⅝
94½	94¾	1,400	Internat. Harvester	59½	59⅞	58⅝	59½	+⅝
13	14	100	Internat. Paper	95¾	95¾	94½	94½	−⅝
52	52½	200	Internat. Paper pf	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	−⅛
85	86	100	Int. Steam Pump pf	52½	52½	52½	52½	−⅛
22⅜	23	300	Iowa Central	85½	85½	85⅜	85⅜	−⅛
37½	38	1,400	Iowa Ceuntral pf	23¼	23¼	23	23	−⅛
103	103¼	500	Kan. City Southern	43	43⅛	43	43⅛	−⅛
18	20	300	Laclede Gas	38	38⅝	37½	37½	−⅝
150	151	700	Lake Erie & Western	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	...
136	137½	...	Louisville & Nash	20¼	20¼	20	20	−½
20	20½	65	Manhattan Elevated	151½	152	150¼	150¼	−½
100	101	100	Mercantile Marine pf	136½	136½	136½	136½	−½
35½	36½	130	Minn. & St. Louis	20	20	20	20	...
139½	139¾	400	M., St. P. & S. S. M	37	37	37	37	...
43⅝	43¾	11,500	Mo., Kan. & Texas	140¼	140½	139½	139½	−¼
70⅝	70¾	4,550	Missouri Pacific	44½	45⅝	43¾	43½	−1½
100	100¼	500	Nat. Biscuit Co	70⅝	72	70⅝	71	+1
82½	82⅝	400	Nat. Lead Co	109	109	100	109	−1½
28	28¼	1,300	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf	83¼	83¼	82⅝	83	−1
81	83	100	N. Y. Air Brake	28⅝	28½	28	28¼	...
124⅛	124⅝	3,000	New York Central	81	81	81	81	−⅜
57	58	200	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	124⅞	125	124¼	124¼	−½
154	156	200	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	58	58	58	58	−½
148½	149	100	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. certs., 1st paid	155	155	154½	154½	−½
45	45¾	800	N. Y., Ont. & West	149	149	149	149	...
104	104½	3,400	Norfolk & Western	46	46	45	45	+⅛
...	...	100	Norfolk & W. rights	105	105¼	104	104	−⅛
77	77½	200	North American	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	...
136	136¾	4,420	Northern Pacific	77½	77⅞	77½	77⅞	...
112	113	200	Pacific Coast	137¼	137⅝	136¾	136¾	−⅛
36½	38	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	111	112½	111	112¼	+⅜
138⅝	138¾	12,900	Pennsylvania R. R	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼	−⅛
111½	111⅝	200	People's Gas, Chi	137½	137¾	136¾	136¾	−⅛
102	102¼	2,300	P., C. C. & St. Louis	112	112	111¾	111¾	−⅛
21	22	1,900	Pittsburg Coal	102⅞	103½	102	102	−⅛
43½	44	300	Pressed Steel Car	22	22¼	22	22	−⅛
191½	192	236	Pullman Company	44	44	43½	43½	−⅝
166¾	166¾	300	R'way Steel Spring	192	192	192	192	−1
103	104½	61,300	Reading	43½	43¾	43	43	...
37¾	37⅞	100	Reading 2d pf	168	168¼	168⅜	168½	+⅛
48	48¼	400	Rep. Iron & Steel	103⅝	103⅝	103⅜	103⅜	−⅛
101½	101¾	100	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	38¼	38	38	38	−¼
91½	91¾	7,310	Rock Island Co	101¼	101¼	101¼	101½	+⅛
51	51¾	900	Rock Island Co. pf	49⅝	49⅝	47¾	48	−⅝
30¼	31	1,025	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	91¼	91½	91¼	91¼	−⅛
74⅜	75	500	St. Louis Southwest'n	52	52½	51½	52	+⅛
78	79	200	St. L. Southwest'n pf	31¼	31¼	30½	30¾	−⅛
127⅝	127⅞	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	78½	78½	75	75	−⅛
28	28⅜	21,000	Southern Pacific	78¼	78½	78¼	78¼	...
64⅝	65	2,800	Southern R'way ext.	120¼	120¼	127½	127¾	...
31⅛	31⅜	400	South. R'way pf., ext.	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	...
32¾	33	3,000	Tennessee Copper	65¾	65¾	65	65	−⅛
43¼	43⅝	200	Texas & Pacific	32¼	32¼	32	32	+⅛
66⅜	66½	500	Tol., St. L. & West	33⅞	33⅞	32⅝	32⅝	−⅛
114⅛	115	125	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	...
100	100½	100	Twin City R. Transit	65¾	66¼	65¾	66¼	+⅝
250	250	100	Union Bag & Paper	114¼	114¾	114¼	114¼	...
9	9	250	Union B. & Paper pf	9	9	9	9	...
64½	64⅝	46,700	Union Pacific	64½	64½	64	64	−⅛
188⅞	189¼	510	Union Pacific pf	188¾	189¼	186¾	187	−1⅝
97½	115¼	100	United Dry Goods	97½	97½	97½	97½	−⅛
114	115	70	United Dry Goods pf	114	114	114	114	−⅛
109½	109½	100	U. S. Cast Iron P. pf	109½	109½	109½	109½	−⅛
73½	74	200	U. S. Realty & Imp	73½	73½	73½	73½	−⅛
53¾	54	400	U. S. Rubber	80	80	79¾	79¾	−⅛
44	44¼	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	44	44	43½	43½	−⅝
114	114¼	16	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	114	114	114	114	...
80	86⅝	164,300	U. S. Steel	80	80	80	80	...
121½	121⅝	883	U. S. Steel pf	87½	88½	88	88¼	−1⅝
48⅞	48¾	7,022	Utah Copper	122¾	122¾	121¾	121¾	−½
58⅝	59	3,300	Va.-Caro. Chemical	49¾	49¾	48¼	48⅝	−⅝
56	60	100	Va. Iron, Coal & C	60	60¼	58⅝	59	−1
22	22¼	1,300	Wabash	59	59	59	59	−½
48¾	48⅞	2,800	Wabash pf	22¾	22¾	22	22	−¼
172	180	100	Wells Fargo Express	49½	49¾	48¼	48¼	−1¼
48⅝	49	300	Western Md. Ry	178	178	178	178	+3
65	69½	100	Western Md. Ry. pf	49½	49½	48⅝	48⅝	−⅝
48⅝	49¼	100	Western Md., 4th pd	68½	68½	68¼	68¼	−⅝
71⅜	72	200	Western Union Tel	49¼	49¼	49¼	49¼	−1½
67½	68	320	Westinghouse E. & M	72	72	72	72	...
4¼	4½	200	Wheel. & Lake Erie	67⅜	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝	−⅞
				4½	4½	4¼	4¼	−⅜

*Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¾	101¼	Hav. E. R. 95	99½	...
2s, c., 1930	100¾	...	Hav. E. R. pf.	94	97¾
3s, r., 1918	102½	106½	Hock. V. r.	120½	125
3s, c., 1918	102½	103½	Hock. V. pf.	101¼	...
4s, r., 1925	114½	115¾	Homestake	87	80½
4s, c., 1925	114¾	115½	Inger. Rand	85	...
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100⅝	101	Inger.-Rand. pf.	95	...
Pan. 2s, c., 1938	100⅝	101	Int. H. pf.	122½	128
Philippine 4s	100	...	Int. St. P.	47½	48
Adams Exp.	248	...	K. & M. r.	80	...
Alb. & S.	280	...	Kan. C., Pt. S. & Mem. pf.	74	77
Am. Ag. C. pf.	99½	101	Kan. C. So. pf.	67	68
Am. B. S. pf	92	95½	K. & D. M.	6	9
A. C. & F. pf.	117	...	K. & D. M. pf.	35	45
Am. Coal	90	117⅝	Lacl. G. pf.	85	95
Am. Cot. O. pf.	106	150	L. E. & W. pf.	57	60
Am. D. Tel.	15	106¼	Lake Shore	370	400
Am. Exp.	275	30	Long Island	67	70
A. H. & L.	7	295	Mackay Cos.	87	90¼
Am. Snuff.	250	7⅝	Mackay Cos. pf.	76	78
Am. Sn. pf.	98	300	Mahl. C. R.	375	...
A. E. R. pf.	122	100	Man. Beach	3¼	5
A. T. & T.	72	124	Md. C. pf.	50	90
Am. W. Co.	38	75	Mex. Marine.	6	6½
Ann Arbor.	30	38	Mich. Cent.	145	180
Ann. A. pf.	70	73	N. & St. L. pf.	65	70
B. & O. pf.	91½	92¼	N., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	88½	89½
Beth. Steel	30½	31⅝	N., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	148	152
Beth. Steel pf.	...	60	Mo., K. & T. pf.	78½	78¾
Brunswick Ter.	12½	15	N. C. & St. L.	135	139
B. R. & P.	95	107	Nat. B. pf.	122	...
B. R. & P. pf.	125	140	Nat. Enam.	22	23½
B. & S. pf.	...	38	Nat. En. pf.	89	90
Buff. & Co.	30¾	33	Nat. L. pf.	107½	109
Canada So.	64¾	67	Nat. R. of M. 1st pf.	68	65
Cent. L. pf.	108	108½	N. Cent. C.	30	60
C. R. R. of N. J.	283	300	N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	110
C. & S. A. Tel.	115	117	N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	82½	87
Chi. & Alt.	53½	54	N. Y. D. Co.	28	34
C. & A. pf.	...	70	N. Y. D. Co. pf.	82	85
C. B. & Q.	200	...	N. & W.	92	93
C. & E. Ill. pf.	...	118	Nor. Cent.	200	...
C. I. & L. pf.	65	80	N. O. T. & M. pf.	37½	...
C. & N. W. pf.	205	209	Ont. Mining.	2	2¾
Chi. St. P.	175	...	Pac. C. 1st pf.	95	108
M. & Om.	145	155	Pac. C. 2d pf.	111	118
Chi. St. P. M. & Om. pf.	160	175	Pac. Mail.	29	31
Chi. Ter. T.	2	2¼	Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	90	99
C. C. C. & St. L.	87	88½	Peo. & E.	20	25
C., C. C. & St. L. pf.	100	110	Pere Marq.	31	40
Cleve. & P.	171	...	Pere M. 1st pf.	86	65
Col. F. & I. pf.	113¼	115½	Pere M. 2d pf.	86	45
Col. & So. 1st pf.	79	80	Phila. Co.	99½	100½
Col. & So. 2d pf.	77½	78½	P. C. C. & St. L. pf.	114	116
Col. & H. Coal & I.	13	14¾	Pitts. C. & P.	73	75
Cons. Coal.	105	111¼	P., Ft. W. & C.	168¼	...
Crex Carpet.	56	60	Pr. St. Car pf.	103	104
D., L. & W.	590	610	Quicksilver.	3	4
D. M. & Ft. D.	5	10	Q'cksil'r pf.	2¾	3¾
Det. U. Ry.	60	64	Ry. St. Sp. pf.	101¼	103⅞
D., S. S. & A.	15½	18½	Rdg. 1st pf.	90½	92¼
Dul. Sup. T.	72½	73¼	Rens. & S.	190	...
Dul. Sup. T. pf.	...	70	R., W. & O.	122	...
Du P. De N. Pow. pf.	84¾	87	Rutland pf.	25	30
Erie 1st pf.	48½	49	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	69	71
Erie 2d pf.	37	38	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	140	160
Ev. & T. H.	55	62	St. L. & S. W. pf.	75	85
Ev. & T. H. pf.	...	85	St. L. & S. F. R.	30	50
F. M. & S.	30	50	Gen. C. Co.	91	100
Gen. C. Co.	...	100	Gen. C. Co. pf.	102	105
Granby Con.	50	65			

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 18.—George's Creek Coal and Iron, which has been displaying strength for two or three weeks, advanced 2 points. Northern Central was firmer and advanced a fraction. Baltimore Trust was firmer. Cotton Duck 5s

GILBERT ELIOTT & CO.

BONDS WANTED

$10,000 Adams Express Collat. Trust 4s
$2,000 Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R. 4s
$5,000 Buff. & Susq. Iron Debenture 5s
$3,000 Buff. & Susq. Iron First 5s
$12,000 Bush Terminal 4s
$5,000 Detroit, Toledo & Ironton 4½s
$10,000 Hudson & Manhattan 4½s
$5,000 Kansas City & Western First 5s
$25,000 Kansas City, Mexico & Orient 4s
$5,000 Louisiana & Arkansas First 5s
$25,000 New Orleans Great Northern First 5s
$10,000 Pittsburg, Shawmut & Northern 4s
$5,000 Republic of Cuba External 4½s
$10,000 Republic of Cuba Internal 5s
$3,000 St. Louis, Rocky Mt. & Pac. 5s
$10,000 St. L., Rocky Mt. & Pac. 6s, 1911
$10,000 St. L., Rocky Mt. & Pac. 6s, 1912
$5,000 United Lead Debenture 6s

BONDS FOR SALE

$6,000 Atlantic Shore Line 4s
$10,000 Bankers Realty & Sec. 5s
$10,000 Brooklyn Ferry 5s
$5,000 Bleecker St. & Fulton F. 4s
$5,000 Buffalo & Lake Erie Trac. 5s
$10,000 Buff. & Susq. Ry. 4½s
$17,000 Central Foundry 6s
$15,000 Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton 4½s
$10,000 Cincinnati Gas, Trans. Double Gtd. 5s
$5,000 Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron 6s
$5,000 Evansville Electric 4s
$5,000 Gulf & Ship Island First 5s
$10,000 Internat. & Great North. Third 4s
$10,000 Kansas City Viaduct & Terminal 4½s
$10,000 Keystone Telephone 5s
$4,000 Philippine Railway First 4s
$5,000 Southern Iron & Steel 4s
$8,000 Standard Cordage 5s
$5,000 Terre Haute Elec. 5s
$30,000 Washington Water Power 5s

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Kings Co. Elect. Lt. & Power 5s & 6s
Milwaukee Gas 4s, 1927
Westchester Ltg. 1st 5s, 1950
Second Ave. Cons. 5s, Tr. Ctfs.

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San Antonio & Aransas Pass 1st 4s, 1943
Helena Light & Railway 5s, 1925
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Southern Iron & Steel 4s-5s, 1929
Louisiana & Arkansas 1st 5s, 1927

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DEPOSITS, over $7,000,000.
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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Markets Unaffected by Snow.

News of the snowfall over a considerable portion of the Winter wheat country greeted Wall Street upon its return to business yesterday, and there was much curiosity, not unmixed with anxiety, regarding the effect on grain and stock markets. The stock market soon precluded the idea that it was at all concerned, and substantially lower prices for wheat in Chicago indicated anything but anxiety in the grain market. As a matter of fact, the best opinion is that the crop has really been benefited by the snow. What has been needed for some time has been moisture, and this has now been supplied by snow just as effectively as it could have been by rain. Some little damage to fruit has occurred here and there through the Winter wheat belt, but the more important fruit producing regions are outside the snowclad territory altogether.

***

The Hill-Gould Agreements.

In a market way the only response to the reports of agreements between the Hill and Gould lines covering traffic routes to the coast and to the Gulf came in the moderate strength of Denver & Rio Grande and Missouri Pacific in the face of dullness and the sagging tendency elsewhere. Obviously both Missouri Pacific and Denver & Rio Grande would gain much from arrangements like those reported, for Denver is the owner of $50,000,000 face value of stock of the Western Pacific Railway, over which the new traffic must reach the coast, while Missouri Pacific in turn owns 148,000 shares of Denver common, and 73,000 shares of Denver preferred. Incidentally, the prospect of additional traffic, and therefore earnings, for the Western Pacific would be acceptable to the Denver, for the additional reason that it has assumed fairly substantial obligations in connection with the issue of Western Pacific bonds.

***

Mr. Hill Gradually Retiring

These negotiations between the Hill lines and the Gould properties in the West will generally be accepted as further evidence of the retirement from active business of Mr. Hill. Wall Street was assured that Mr. Hill had given over all active participation in the affairs of his road when he resigned the Presidency to become Chairman of the Great Northern. At that time Mr. Harriman was a vigorous factor in the Far West railroad situation, and the lines marking the division of the Harriman and Hill spheres of influence had been rather definitely established. These lines are undergoing rapid obliteration now, and not the least interesting fact developed is the apparent indifference of the present Union Pacific control to the proceedings.

***

Rockefellers Out of Steel.

An examination of a list of large stockholders of the Steel Corporation published in Wall Street yesterday failed to disclose more than one name definitely connected with the Rockefeller house, and the holdings in this name were less than 18,000 shares. Perhaps this was to be expected, after the recent announcement of the withdrawal of J. D. Rockefeller, Jr., from the Steel Corporation directorate, but there is, nevertheless, disclosed the interesting fact that the stock holdings of the Rockefeller interests, which upon the turning over of the Lake Superior iron mines to the Steel Corporation were estimated as high as 344,250 shares each of common and preferred stock, have dwindled to 17,500 shares. Perhaps some stock owned by 26 Broadway rests in the names of various brokerage houses who figure prominently in the list, but the amount is insignificant, compared either with the original holdings or those of the interests which now dominate, although they were supposed to be seriously menaced in that control by the Standard Oil people as late as 1904.

***

Railroad Rates Next to Go Up.

Another railroad has settled its differences with its men by wage advances, and presumably the country is thereby brought one step nearer to the advance in rates which President Brown of the Central asserted was inevitable if the wage scale went up. To investors in railroad shares higher rates would mean a welcome addition to the margin between gross and net earnings, which has been seriously narrowed by the wage advances.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Monday.

After the first hour the trading tone on the Consolidated Stock Exchange suffered a decided change. Near the opening United States Steel common, Reading, and Union Pacific all touched high prices, which were ⅛ of a point above the New York Stock Exchange top figures. Later, however, the trading element turned to the short side and offered stocks freely up to the close. Business was on a large scale, the sales for the day of all issues totaling 107,330 shares. Fifty-eight different stocks were represented on the list.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
7,460	Amal. Copper	78¼	78¼	76¼	76⅝
140	Am. B. Sugar	40⅝	40⅝	39½	39½
90	Am. Can	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾
40	Am. C. & Fdy.	65	65¼	64⅝	64⅝
120	Am. Cot. Oil	68	68¼	68	68¼
170	Am. H. & L. pf.	38⅞	38⅞	38¼	38⅞
10	Am. Ice	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼
40	Am. Linseed.	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼
50	Am. Locomo.	53	53	51⅞	52
20	Am. Malt pf.	39	39	39	39
7,500	Am. Smelting	86	86¼	83⅝	84
390	Am. Sugar	125⅞	125⅞	125	125
950	Anac. Copper	47¼	47¼	45⅞	45⅞
490	A. T. & S. F.	115	115¼	114⅜	114⅝
60	Balt. & Ohio	111⅞	111⅞	111⅜	111⅜
3,990	Brook. R. T.	81	81⅞	80⅜	81¼
70	Can. Pacific	183½	183½	182	183
690	Cent. Leather	45⅝	46	45	45
580	Ches. & Ohio	88⅝	88⅞	88¼	88¼
10	Ches. & O. rts.	⅝	⅝	⅜	⅝
80	Chi. Gt. W.	29¾	30	29¼	29½
750	C., M. & St.P.	144¼	144½	142½	142¾
70	Col. F. & I.	42	42	41¼	41¼
110	Cons. Gas	144¼	144¼	143¼	143¾
200	Corn. Products	17	17	16¾	17
830	Dan. & R. G.	43	44⅜	43	43⅛
10	D. & R. G. pf.	81½	81½	81¼	81½
20	Dist. Secur.	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜
110	Erie	31	31	30⅝	30⅜
190	Gt. North. pf.	140¼	140¼	139	139
1,080	Inter.-Met.	23½	23⅝	22⅞	23
2,760	Int.-Met. pf.	50⅜	50½	58½	50¼
80	I. M. M. pf.	19¾	19¾	19⅜	19⅜
210	Kan. C. So.	37¾	38⅝	37¾	38⅝
50	Louis. & Nash.	152	152	151⅜	151⅜
790	Mo., K. & T.	44¼	44⅝	43½	43½
600	Mo. Pacific	71⅜	72¼	71	71
120	Nat. Lead	83½	83½	83	83
490	N. Y. Central	124⅞	125¼	124	124¼
80	N. Y. O. & W.	46½	46½	45⅝	45⅝
100	Nor. Pacific	137⅝	137⅝	136½	136⅝
1,040	Pennsylvania	137½	137¾	136¾	136¾
20	Pitts. Coal	22	22	22	22
14,640	Reading	168	168⅜	166⅜	166⅝
20	Rep. Steel	38½	38½	38½	38½
600	Rock Island	49¼	49¼	47⅜	48
8,570	Southern Pac.	129	129¾	127½	127⅝
80	Southern Ry.	29	29	28½	28½
80	Texas Pacific	33¼	33¼	33	33
12,460	Union Pacific	188⅝	189¼	187	187¼
130	U. S. Rubber	43⅝	44	43⅜	43⅜
41,690	U. S. Steel	87⅞	88¼	86⅞	86¼
70	U. S. Steel pf.	122¼	122¼	122	122
210	Utah Copper	49¼	49¼	48⅝	48⅝
270	Va.-C. Chem.	60¾	60¾	59	60
220	Wabash	22⅝	22⅝	22	22
690	Wabash pf.	49⅝	49⅝	48¼	48⅜
10	West. Union	72¼	72¼	72¼	72¼
107,330					

MINING STOCKS.

500	Atlanta	.14½	.14½	.14½	.14½
1,500	Blue Bell	.03½	.03½	.03½	.03½
400	Comstock	.31	.31	.31	.31
300	Cons. Va.	1.40	1.42½	1.40	1.42½
200	El Paso	.70	.70	.70	.70
650	Gold'd Cons.	7.75	8.00	7.75	8.00
2,000	Gt. Bend	.03½	.03½	.03½	.03½
500	Jim Butler	.18	.18	.18	.18
500	Jumbo Ext.	.35	.35	.35	.35
400	Montana	.85	.85	.85	.85
200	Ophir	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60
400	Portland	1.03½	1.03½	1.02½	1.03½
500	Red Hill	.05	.05	.05	.05
100	Tonopah Min.	7.12½	7.12½	7.12½	7.12½
200	Tonopah Ext.	.85	.85	.85	.85
600	West End	.37	.37	.37	.37
8,950					

WHEAT.

50,000	May option	1.07¼	1.07¼	1.05¾	1.06⅝
350,000	July option	1.01⅝	1.01½	1.00½	1.01⅛

BOSTON NOW THIRD PORT.

Import Trade Has Increased 42.5 Per Cent. in a Year.

BOSTON, April 18.—Boston is now the third port in the United States in amount of exports and imports, and is a close competitor of New Orleans for second, according to the annual report of the Chamber of Commerce, issued to-day. A year ago this city was in fourth place, but since then the import trade has increased 42.5 per cent.

For 1909 the total imports and exports amounted to $199,968,548, an increase of $26,493,031, or 15.2 per cent., over 1908. New York, of course, holds first place, with $1,519,397,445, and New Orleans is second, with $200,426,077.

In the year merchandise valued at $13,563,329 sent from Canada was shipped via this port.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Oil Shares Feature of London Trading —Continental Bourses Dull.

LONDON, April 18.—Money was plentiful and in good demand to-day. Discount rates were firm.

The $1,750,000 new gold available was taken principally by India.

Oil shares provided the feature of the day on the Stock Exchange, the public as well as professionals buying on a large scale at advancing prices. Rubber shares started good, but reacted and closed easy. Foreign bonds and Mexican rails attracted attention, and copper shares were firm in sympathy with the advance in metal stocks in New York. British securities were neglected.

American stocks opened a fraction higher, but soon sagged from lack of support. Later favorable crop reports helped the market, and Wall Street sent fair buying orders in the afternoon. Prices, however, moved narrowly and closed quite steady, a fraction below the best. Denver & Rio Grande shares were firm.

Bar silver steady; 24 9-16d. per ounce.

Money, 2½@3½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅜@3⅝ per cent.; for three months' bills, 3⅝ per cent.

PARIS, April 18.—Trading was dull on the Bourse to-day.

At closing three per cent. rentes were 98 francs 85 centimes for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 25½ centimes for checks.

BERLIN, April 18.—Trading was light and prices were about unchanged on the Boerse to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	81⅛	..	..	
Consols, account	81⅛	..	..	—1-16
Anaconda	9¾	47½	47½ex	..
Atchison	117⅝	114¾	114¾	..
Canadian Pacific	188¼	183⅝	183¼	+ ⅜
St. Paul	148	144⅝	144⅛	+ ⅛
Erie	31⅝	30⅞	31	— ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	50⅝	49	49⅝	— ⅛
Illinois Central	144	140⅝	141	— ⅛
Louisv. & Nashv.	155¼	151½	151	+ ½
N. Y. Central	128	124⅞	125	+ ⅛
Pennsylvania	70½	137½	137⅝	+ ⅛
Reading	86	167⅜	167⅝	..
Southern Pac.	132	128⅝	128¾	..
Union Pacific	193⅝	188⅝	188⅝	..
U. S. Steel	89⅛	87⅞	87⅞	— ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	125½	122⅝	122¼	+ ⅛

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday continued dullness was shown, although prices ruled about steady. Tin was a shade off. Copper was unchanged.

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday copper, for both spot and future deliveries, at the close showed a decline of 2s 6d from the initial prices of the day, but a gain of like amount from the final figures of Friday. The market finished easy, closing quotations ruling at: Spot, £57 15s; futures, £58 15s. Spanish pig lead was steady and unchanged at £12 12s 6d. Pig tin ended easy, with spot deliveries down 5s. to £145 12s 6d and futures deliveries off 12s 6d, to £151. Spelter was steady and up 2s 6d, to £22 10s. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 51s.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Friday:

	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Standard copper:				
Spot	12.70	12.85	12.70	12.85
April	12.70	12.85	12.70	12.85
May	12.70	12.85	12.70	12.85
June	12.70	12.85	12.70	12.85
Spelter	5.50	5.60	5.50	5.60
Lead	4.35	4.45	4.35	4.45
Tin	32.75	33.05	32.87½	33.10

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 18.—The local market opened steady but began to weaken during the second hour. The selling was not particularly heavy until the North Butte annual report came out. The selling which followed the publication of these very unfavorable figures caused a break of nearly six points in North Butte, and this weakness was quickly reflected throughout the list. The selling was not unusually heavy in the other copper shares, but there was no buying power in evidence. Lake Copper went off nearly five points, while Indiana, Copper Range, Butte Coalition, Arizona Commercial, and Amalgamated were a point or so lower. With the lower prices the market became comparatively dull and held that way up to the close.

To-morrow being a local holiday there will be no session of the Boston Stock Exchange until Wednesday.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Am. Agr. Chem. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
16,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	103¼	103	103¼
10,000	A. G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	66½	66½	66½
2,000	West. T. & T. 5s	96½	96½	96½

RAILROADS.

68	Boston Elevated	126½	126	126½
200	Boston Suburban	16	16	16
3	Boston & Albany	223	223	223
45	Boston & Maine	146	145	145
25	Mass. Elec	19	19	19
20	Mass. Elec. pf.	87¾	87½	87½
64	N. Y., N. H. & H.	155¼	154¾	155¼
76	N. Y., N. H. & H., 25 per cent. paid	149	148¾	148¾
120	Union Pacific	188	187	187
15	West End	90	90	90

TELEPHONES.

756	American	138½	137¾	138⅛
2,245	Mexican	6¼	6	6
5	Western pf.	90	88	90

MISCELLANEOUS.

5	Am. Agr. Chem.	47½	47½	47½
95	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	100½	100	100½
100	Am. Pneu. Svc. pf.	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝
65	Am. Sug. Rfg.	125½	124¾	124¾
17	Am. Sug. Rfg. pf.	123⅜	123	123
178	Am. Woolen pf.	100¾	100	100¾
50	Eastern S. S.	78	78	78
20	Edison	253	253	253
10	Ga. Ry. & Elect. pf.	85⅜	85¼	85⅜
11	Gen. Elec.	153½	153	153
80	Mackay pf.	78	77	78
717	Mass. Gas	79	78½	79
170	Mass. Gas pf.	92	92	92
20	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	112¼	112¼	112¼
46	Pullman	193	193	193
33	Reece Folding Mach.	5½	5½	5½
10	Rotary Ring	11¾	11¾	11¾
5	Seattle Elec	113½	113½	113½
30	Seattle Elec. pf.	103	103	103
116	Swift	105½	105	105
150	Torrington, Class A	31½	31½	31½
162	United Fruit	170½	170¼	170½
4,222	United Shoe	71⅞	70½	71⅜
105	United Shoe pf.	29½	29	29½
3,159	U. S. Steel	88	86¼	86½
5	U. S. Steel pf.	122¼	122¼	122¼

MINING.

3,131	Amalgamated	78¼	76	76⅝
305	Am. Zinc	26¼	25½	25½
20	Arcadian	6¼	6¼	6¼
2,530	Arizona Com'l	19⅜	18¾	18⅝
55	Atlantic	9	8½	9
120	Boston Corbin	15	15	15
295	Butte Coalition	22¾	22½	22⅜
9	Butte & Balaklala	9¾	9¾	9¾
85	Calumet & Arizona	67¼	65½	65½
3	Calumet & Hecla	600	600	600
75	Centennial	20¾	20	20
250	Cons. Mercur	10c	10c	10c
387	Copper Range	72	70	70
15	Daly West	8⅞	8¾	8⅞
150	East Butte	8¾	8½	8½
368	Franklin	15¼	15	15
973	Giroux	8⅞	8½	8½
805	Granby	51	49	49½
1,510	Greene-Cananea	10¼	9⅞	9⅞
335	Hancock	22½	21½	21½
200	Helvetia	4	3½	3⅝
847	Indiana	32¾	30	30
175	Isle Royale	18	17⅜	17⅜
105	Kerr Lake	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛
50	Keweenaw	4½	4½	4½
3,985	Lake	62	57	57½
15	La Salle	15	15	15
190	Mass	7¼	7¼	7¼
1,485	Miami	24½	24	24
152	Mohawk	56	55	55
561	Nevada	22	21⅝	21⅝
490	Nipissing	10	10	10
12,388	North Butte	41	35	35
760	North Lake	17	16⅜	16⅜
285	Old Dominion	39½	39	39
70	Osceola	145	144	144
80	Parrot	16	15¾	15¾
15	Quincy	83½	83½	83½
150	Ray Cons	20¼	20¼	20¼
145	Shannon	13	13	13
350	Superior	48	48	48
50	Superior & Boston	14	13¼	14
175	Superior & Pittsburg	13½	13⅜	13½
310	Trinity	7	7	7
795	U. S. Smelting	45½	44⅜	44½
176	U. S. Smelting pf.	50	49¾	49¾
1,000	Utah Cons	25½	24	24¾
134	Utah Copper	49¾	48¼	48¾
102	Wolverine	130	128	130

INTERBOROUGH EARNS MORE.

Traffic Greatly Increased in the Nine Months Ended March 31.

The statement of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company for the nine months ended March 31, issued yesterday, showed an increase of $2,004,727 in gross operating revenue, a gain of $1,884,367 in net, and a gain of $1,403,412 in net corporate income after the payment of interest, rentals, &c.

The surplus for the nine months after the payment of $2,382,500 in dividends was $2,090,587, an increase of $1,403,412. The percentage of operating expense to gross earnings was 38.14 per cent., compared with 41.44 per cent. during the corresponding period a year ago. The number of passengers carried during the nine months was 417,969,694, an increase of 39,434,771.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Liquidation Active in Grain — Provisions Irregular—Cotton Unsettled on Legal Complications.

There was decided activity and excitement in the wheat market, and a break to new low levels for the decline. The most pronounced pressure was in the May, which broke over 2c in the West, and the break was accompanied by reports that cash wheat was being pressed for sale by both the mills and the country. There was another increase in the visible supply, the gain being 284,000 bushels, compared with a decrease last year of 2,235,000 bushels. The decline precipitated heavy selling by houses supposed to be connected with the bull side of the market, and stop orders were forced out in large quantity. The weather conditions over Sunday were considered favorable, although temperatures were low. They were not believed to have been a factor for the wheat crop, although it was generally believed that much damage was done to fruit. The foreign statistics showed continuation of enormous world's exports. The shipments for the week up to Saturday night were 12,448,000 bushels, or nearly 5,500,000 bushels more than last year, and the Russian shipment reached the enormous total of 5,600,000 bushels. The market late showed some rally from the low of the day, but the feeling was very unsettled. A report by Snow claimed that the condition of wheat April 14, was only 81.5, against 81.3 on April 1, while the amount abandoned would reach the enormous total of 3,767,000 acres. Cash wheat quoted No. 2 red Winter $1.14½, nominal, cost, insurance, and freight; No. 2 red, spot, nominal, $1.16, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, opening, $1.17¼, nominal; No. 2 hard Winter, nominal, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, May, $1.10½.

Corn was active and very weak. There was heavy selling of May corn, and Western advices stated that bulls were throwing over corn in large quantities, influenced by the weakness in wheat and heavy stocks. The big bear interests were reported sellers of corn in a large quantity, and cash corn was weak, with the demand again unsatisfactory. The visible supply showed a decrease of 670,000 bushels, compared with 261,000 bushels' decrease last year. Cash corn quoted No. 2 nominal, elevator export basis; No. 4 nominal, and steamer nominal, all elevator export basis.

Oats were fairly active with prices steady during the morning, developing considerable weakness after midday with other grain, but closing steady. There seemed to be a good deal of speculative selling, influenced in part by the further rains, and the belief that the weather conditions would prove very favorable for the early growth of the crop. The visible decreased 75,000 bushels. Cash oats quoted natural white, 46½@48½c, and white clipped, 47@52½c.

Provisions were irregular and quite active at times. The opening was lower on rather full receipts of hogs and a break in live hog prices, from this there was a sharp recovery on covering of shorts. The market, however, showed renewed weakness after midday, and on continued liquidation, with new low levels made late.

NEW YORK FUTURES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
May	$1.14¾	$1.13⅜	$1.14¼	$1.16⅜
July	1.06¾	1.06⅜	1.06⅝	1.10⅝
September	1.07⅞	1.06⅝	1.07	1.07⅛
Corn—				
May	..	..	66⅝	68⅜
July	..	..	70½	71⅝
September	..	..	70½	71½
Lard—				
September	..	..	12.35	12.74

Curb, 2:30 P. M.—July wheat, $1.09⅜. Puts, $1.08⅝@$1.08⅜; calls, $1.09⅝@$1.10.

CHICAGO FUTURES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
May	1.07½	1.05¾	1.06½	1.08
July	1.01⅝	1.00⅝	1.01¼	1.01⅜
September	1.00	98⅞	99⅝	1.00

2:30-2:45 P. M.—July ups, $1.01⅞; downs, $1.00⅝.

Corn—				
May	57⅜	56¼	57¼	57¾
July	60⅞	60	60¼	60⅞
September	62¼	61½	61⅞	62½
December	56½	56⅛	56⅜	56⅝

July ups, 60¾c; downs, 60¼@60½c.

Oats—				
May	42⅜	41¼	42¼	42¼
July	40¼	39⅝	40	39⅞
September	38¼	37⅝	38¼	37⅜
December	38⅜	38⅛	38⅜	..
Lard—				
May	12.32½	11.80	11.85	12.12½
July	12.22½	11.80	11.85	12.05
September	12.25	11.75	11.85	12.00
Ribs—				
May	12.10	11.75	11.87½	12.00
July	12.05	11.70	11.75	11.90
September	12.07½	11.70	11.70	11.87½
Pork—				
May	21.20	20.60	20.60	21.05
July	21.47½	20.90	20.90	21.25
September	21.40	20.90	20.90	21.10

COTTON.

Cotton was quiet, with total sales of 14,000 bags, but there was a steadier tone, and at the close the market showed a net advance of five to ten points. The demand was not particularly active, but the market was influenced by comparatively small offerings. Some little buying was credited to Cotton Exchange houses, and there was a noticeable improvement in the demand for May. Havre was unchanged to ¼ franc lower, Hamburg was unchanged to ¼ pfennig decline, and in Brazil both Rio and Santos were unchanged, with receipts of 11,000 bags, compared with 9,000 bags last week and 4,000 bags last year. Stocks at Rio and Santos are now 1,886,000 bags, against 472,000 bags a year ago. The warehouse deliveries of Brazilian coffee at United States ports amounted to 80,802 bags, against 46,357 bags the previous week and 95,333 bags last year. The visible supply of Brazilian coffee in and afloat for the United States is 3,231,533 bags, against 3,742,887 bags last year and 3,637,785 bags two years ago. Spot coffee inactive, but steady; 8⅛c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
April	..	..	6.55@6.60	6.50
May	6.55	6.55	6.55@6.60	6.50
June	..	..	6.65@6.70	6.60
July	6.75	6.75	6.75@6.80	6.70
August	..	..	6.80@6.85	6.75
September	6.80	6.80	6.80@6.85	6.75
October	..	..	6.80@6.85	6.75
November	..	..	6.80@6.85	6.75
December	6.90	6.85	6.90@6.95	6.90
January	..	..	6.88@6.92	6.82
February	..	..	6.90@6.92	6.84
March	..	..	6.93@6.95	6.89

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for Saturday as follows:

	April 16.	Month.	Fisc. Yr.
Customs	$1,143,544	$14,984,712	$296,820,153
Int. revenue	1,222,074	11,674,424	210,762,258
Miscellaneous	221,293	2,207,220	36,005,799
Total	$2,586,912	$28,866,357	$510,588,211
Expenditures	2,607,150	2a1,126,587	533,808,751
Deficit	20,238	1,170,229	17,220,540

Executor — Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Lo

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

The Lincoln Holding Co. Buys Another West 21st Street Parcel—Apartments to Invade Exclusive Dwelling House Section—The Auction Market Booming.

The Lincoln Holding Company of which David Zipkin is President, increased its holdings on West Twenty-first Street yesterday by the purchase of 133 and 135, comprising a plot 42.6 by 98.9. Two old-fashioned buildings stand on the parcel, which will undoubtedly be torn down to make way for a tall loft building.

Last week the Lincoln Holding Company purchased the three adjoining parcels, 137 and 139, which were held by Joseph H. Choate, and 141, which was owned by the Franklin Trust Company of Brooklyn.

With yesterday's purchases the company now controls a plot 100 by 98.9, which is one of the largest in the loft zone at the present time. Several loft-building projects are under way in this particular neighborhood, and plans are being drawn for others.

Apartment for West 74th Street.

A new high-class apartment house in the Seventy-second Street west side section is forecasted by the purchase through Slawson & Hobbs and E. C. Williams & Co., of three three-story dwellings at 235, 237, and 239 West Seventy-fourth Street. The purchasers, the Herald Square Holding Company, of which Samuel Levy is President, intends to tear down the present building and erect on the site an eight-story apartment house of the most approved type. The plot has a frontage of 60 feet and a depth of 102.2 feet. It is only 183 feet west of Broadway, and the West End Avenue end of the block is the residence of Charles M. Schwab, occupying the entire block front between Seventy-third and Seventy-fourth Streets. The owners of the three houses just sold were Mrs. Blanche Walton, William R. Wilder, and Arabella M. Kneeland, respectively.

Fifth Avenue and 13th Street Leased.

Henry Corn has leased, through the Douglas Robinson-Charles S. Brown Company, the seven-story building at the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Thirteenth Street.

The building, which is known as 72 Fifth Avenue, occupies a plot 52 by 100, and is leased for twenty-one years at an aggregate net rental of about $325,000.

The property is owned by John M. Bowers, Katherine B. Lorillard, and Louis L. Lorillard, Jr., trustees for Katherine B. Lorillard, who are the lessors in the present transaction.

Mr. Corn is about to begin the erection of a tall store and loft structure on the adjoining "L" shaped plot at 74 and 76 Fifth Avenue, extending around into Thirteenth Street, which he purchased a few months ago.

He has secured the corner property primarily to protect the light and air of the adjoining building, although the floor levels in the latter will be so fixed that the walls may be broken through and the two structures converted into one.

Mrs. Russell Sage Buys Dwelling.

Mrs. Russell Sage is the purchaser of the dwelling 35 East Sixty-fifth Street, sold several weeks ago by Robert I. Jenks. Mrs. Sage owns the two adjoining buildings, 37 and 39, and now controls a frontage of 50 feet.

Dr. F. A. Remington has bought 57 West Forty-ninth Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 100.5, Columbia College leasehold. Dr. Remington is the tenant in the house.

Dorothea Levy and John Merkel have sold 269 and 271 West Thirty-eight Street, two four-story and basement dwellings, on plot 41 by 98.9. D. M. Koehler & Co. are reported to be the buyers.

Buying Flats for Investment.

Edward A. Prentice has sold to R. Ray 523 East Thirteenth Street, a six-story new-law house, on plot 37.6 by 108.3.

Pease & Elliman and L. E. Levy have sold for Miss Mary H. Maynard 869 Park Avenue, a five-story flat, on lot 25.4 by 100, between Seventy-seventh and Seventy-eighth Streets.

The Auction Market Booming.

Over a half million dollars worth of realty was sold under the hammer yesterday by Bryan L. Kennelly in the Vesey Street salesroom. There was a good attendance and the biding was spirited, and excellent prices were obtained. One of the most interesting parcels disposed of was the old B. T. Babbitt Soap Company property at 46 to 50 West Street, extending through to 76 to 82 Washington Street, comprising a plot of 20,026 square feet, which was struck down for $331,000, to Philip W. Mackenzie, of 500 Fifth Avenue. Bidding started at $225,000.

The six-story building 72 Washington Street, also belonging to the Babbitt estate, was struck down to Elizabeth A. Hyde for $39,500. The Griswold estate property at 25 and 27 West Thirty-sixth Street was sold to John H. Perry for $151,000. Herbert A. Sherman sold this parcel at private sale on April 6, 1888, to Almon W. Griswold for $53,000.

Bronx Sales.

Julius Trattner has sold for Philip Freudenmacher 705 Elton Avenue, a six-story flat, six families on floor, on lot 52 by 100, to Charles Kroetz, who gave in exchange the southeast corner of Cauldwell Avenue and 161st Street, a four-story building with stores on lot 25 by 100.

Leon S. Altmayer has sold for N. Feler to the Hoe Avenue and Freeman Street Realty Company, the northwest corner of Hoe Avenue and Freeman Street, consisting of five frame buildings. These buildings will be immediately demolished, and this corner, located at a Subway station, will be immediately improved with one of the finest apartment buildings yet erected in the Bronx.

Mr. Altmayer also negotiated the building and permanent loans for the new operation.

Lauter & Blackner have sold for Leo Levinson the two-story two-family house, 725 Manida Street.

Lauter & Blackner have sold for the Martha Realty Company a plot on the east side of Hall Place, running through to Intervale Avenue, 30 by 99 by 89 by 28, to a builder for improvement.

Ernst & Cahn have sold to Albert Bossert 466 East 188th Street, a four-story flat, on lot 20 by 100.

W. E. and W. I. Brown, Inc., have sold for James T. Barry a plot of six lots, situated at the northeast corner of Washington Avenue and Fletcher (or 182d) Street, to a builder who will immediately improve the same with five-story apartment houses.

Brooklyn Sales.

Thomas Rosecrans has sold for Annie Miller to Thomas R. Turner the two-story and basement two-family house 296 Prospect Place.

Davenport & Rhodes have sold ten lots on Sixty-first Street, near Seventeenth Avenue, to a client for investment; ten lots on West Seventh Street, near Avenue U, to a client for immediate improvement.

Staten Island Sales.

C. E. White of Alabama has purchased through Cornelius G. Kolff a large site on the Highland section of Emerson Hill, where he contemplates the erection of a residence for his own occupancy.

Suburban Sales.

Fish & Marvin have sold the William C. White property in the Heathcote Association at Scarsdale. The property was occupied until recently by W. J. Wilgus, the ex-Vice President of the New York Central Railroad, and was held at $45,000.

John Welden has purchased the celebrated Preakness farm near Paterson, N. J., consisting of seventy-five acres, on which are located two residences and stables, barn, and outhouses. This place was formerly owned by the late James Gallaway and became famous under his management as one of the finest horse-breeding farms in America.

The Duross Company has sold the acreage property belonging to the James D. Murphy estate located at College Point, L. I., consisting of ten acres of upland between Shore Road and Tenth Street, near Witzel's Point, six acres under water adjoining the Chisolm Dock, together with two large mansions. The buyer intends to develop this property and sell off the lots.

The James L. Wells Company has sold for a client the block containing sixty-one lots bounded by Park Avenue, Amackassin and Belmont Terraces, and Shonnard Place, Yonkers. The buyers are Theodore H. Silkman, Benjamin Halliday, and Marcus Ewing. The property was to have been offered at auction last Saturday.

Restaurant for Riverside Drive.

Plans have been filed for a two-story restaurant to be erected for the Palmer Realty Company, Leslie R. Palmer, President, at the northeast corner of Riverside Drive and Ninety-sixth Street, with a frontage of 109.1½ feet on the Drive and 50.6 feet on the street. W. H. Smith, the architect, places the cost at $15,000.

The Mortgage Market.

The weekly mortgage statement of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company seems to indicate that the mortgage situation in New York is in a very comfortable condition. The report reads: "We have disposed of 114 mortgages aggregating $852,550 during the week, and have placed on record during the same period in Manhattan and the Bronx fifteen mortgages aggregating $993,000.

Notes.

Augustus H. Ivins & Co. have placed a $500,000 mortgage at 4½ per cent., with cancellation clause, on the northeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street, being 98.9 feet on Seventh Avenue and 244 feet on Thirty-seventh Street.

August Belmont, who recently married Miss Eleanor Robson, has taken a lease of a cottage at Falmouth, Mass., which he will occupy during the Summer.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

36th St, 25 and 27, n s, 388.9 ft w of 5th Av, 87.6x98.9, two four-story dwellings; executrix and trustee's sale; estate of Mary A. Griswold, deceased; to John H. Ferry, $151,000.

West St, 46, e s, 400.2 ft n of Morris St, 124.5x180.2 to 76 to 82 Washington St, x 100.1x irregular, four and three story buildings; to Philip W. MacKenzie, $331,000; also 72 Washington St, 25x90, six-story building; executor's and voluntary sale; estate of B. T. Babbitt, deceased; to Elizabeth A. Hyde, $39,000.

35th St, 848, s s, 345 ft e of 9th Av, 20x98.9, three-story dwelling; executor's sale; estate of Rosina Shortemeier, deceased; to John Wells, $16,750.

21st St, 336 and 338½, s s, between 9th and 10th Avs, 50x92; C. C. Moore, leasehold; three four-story buildings; executors' sale; estate of Jeremiah B. Gruman, deceased; to Frederick S. Myers, $6,900.

112th St, 158, s s, 127 ft e of Lexington Av, 25x100.11, four-story tenement, with store; voluntary sale; to Cidinot, $17,750.

Franklin Av, 475, e s, 34.4 ft s of Jefferson Av, Brooklyn, 16.4x100, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale; to Otto Singer, $7,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

125th St, 257, n s, 18 ft w of 2d Av, 28x74.11, five-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale; adjourned to April 27.

Hughes Av, 2,422, e s, 71.8 ft s of 188th St, 24.10x87.6, two-story dwelling; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, Joseph Byers, $5,200.

Av D, s w corner of 10th St, 108x105, Unionport; foreclosure sale; to the defendant, E. A. Schill, $4,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Broadway, w s, 200 ft s of 218th St, for a one-story brick garage, 20x100; T. Dwyer of 601 West End Av, owner; F. W. Aroson, architect; cost, $500.

12th St, 137 to 151 West, for three six-story brick tenements, 41.4x90.3; C. Rullingor of 220 Broadway, owner; H. S. Lion, architect; cost, $120,000.

50th St, 611 to 617 West, for a three-story brick factory, 65x56.6; J. J. Astor, owner; Kohler & Campbell, lessees; 50th St and 11th Av; Ross & McNeil, architects; cost, $10,000.

Riverside Drive, n e corner of 90th St, for a two-story brick restaurant, 109.1x50.6x irregular; Palmer Realty Co., owner; W. H. Smith, architect; cost, $15,000.

Rider Av, s e corner of 137th St, for a three-story brick stable, 50x100; Robitzek Brothers, on premises, owners; William H. Birkmire, architect; cost, $10,000.

Boston Road, 1,013 and 1,015, for a one-story brick theatre, 48.8x98.9; Charles Kling, on premises, owner; William Kurtzer, architect; cost, $12,000.

Kingsbridge Road, n e corner of Morris Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 57.9½x97; William Guggolz of 2,740 Creston Av, owner and architect; cost, $75,000.

Alteration.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

54th St, 233 to 239 West, to g a four-story brick loft; J. F. Tilford of Hotel Plaza, owner; C. True, architect; cost, $30,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, APRIL 18.

ANTHONY AV, e s, 41.4 ft s of 181st St, 20x81.11x20x80.3; Jeanette Auerhahn to Norman Auerhahn, (mtg $6,000,) $1.

ANTHONY AV, e s, 61.4 ft s of 181st St, 20x82.4; Norman Auerhahn to Jeanette Auerhahn, (mtg $6,000,) $1

COSTER ST, e s, 137.6 ft n of Spofford Av, 18.9x100; Millfall Realty Co. to Leona A. Terwilliger, (mtg $4,200,) $100.

CROTONA PARK NORTH, n s, 502 ft e of Prospect Av, 50x93.11x50x94.6; Henry J. McGough to Katherine J., his wife, ½ part, (mtg $5,500,) gift.

EASTBURN AV, s e corner of 173d St, 46.8x95; William F. Fetzer to William Fajen, (mtg $3,000,) $100.

FLETCHER ST, 36 to 40, n s, 69.2x irregular; Thatcher M. Brown to Waterman Building Co., $100.

HENRY ST, 168, s s, 26.1x100; Realty Holding Co. to Samuel Cohen, (mtg $30,000,) $100.

HONEYWELL AV, e s, 44.11 ft n of 178th St, 20x88; Emilie A. Winter to Johanna Woolley, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

JACKSON AV, e s, 114.6 ft n of 161st St, 19.9x84; Simpson Hamburger to Jeanne Adams, (mtg $2,000,) $1.

LAFAYETTE AV, n s, at n e s of Manida St, 105.5x147.5x100x113.10; George F. Johnson's Sons Co. to Catherine Meehan, (mtg $52,000,) $100.

LIND AV, 52, e s, 264 ft s of 165th St, 25x83; Albert H. Lewis and others to Louis Meckes, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

LOT 139, map of Hunt's Point Realty Co.; Charles J. Kratochwil to Frank H. Alzberger, ½ part, quitclaim, $50.

LOT 34, map Westchester Terrace; Annie Scotti to Jessica D. Harrison, all title, $1.

LOTS 44 to 52, Map 313 of Gleane property, dated June 24, 1897, Westchester; the People's Trust Co. of Brooklyn, trustee, to Charles A. Capron, $3,500.

LOTS 44 to 52, Map 313 of Gleane property, dated June 24, 1897, Westchester; Charles A. Capron to Martin Schrenkeisen, Jr., executor, &c. $3,500

LOTS 73, 74, 89, 201, and 202, Map 1,272 of Joel Wolfe estate, Twenty-fourth Ward; Timothy A. Haggerty to Margaret A., his wife, $1.

MADISON AV, 1,021, e s, 80 ft s of 79th St, 20.4x75; David McClure and another, trustees, to Frank Torek, $45,000.

MAPES AV, w s, 544 ft — of Lot 115, map of East Tremont, 44x145; David Goodstein to Morrisdale Realty Co., $100.

PARK AV, 4,426, e s, 25x141; Bridget Dennison to William H. Karman, quitclaim, $100.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, e s, 55 ft n of 105th St, 23x100; Bertha M. G. Voss of London, England, to Frederick G. Voss of same city, $1.

ROBIN AV, e s, 175 ft s of Madison Av, 25x100; John A. Muller to Christina Muller, $1.

SPRING ST, s s, 50.4 ft w of Lafayette St, 50x94.1x50x97.3; Felicia, wife of Pietro Alvino, to Savoy Holding Co., quitclaim, $1.

STANTON ST, 320, n w corner of Goerck St, 25x75; Philip Newman to Morris Newman and Harris Mayer, (mtg $32,000,) $1.

ST. MARK'S PLACE, 37, n w corner of 2d Av, 120x48; 9th St, 234 East, s s, 18x56, with all title to yard or carriageway leading from 9th St, 25x55; John St, 88, s w s, at n w s of Gold St, 17.7x90.2x14.3x88.7; Eugene K. Smith of Swanton, Vt., to Edith M. K. Wetmore of Newport, R. I., and Alice Ketcltas, New York, 2-21 parts of all, $100.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 183.9 ft s of 145th St, 125x100; William Lauer to Dora Grasmuck, 1-15 part, $100.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 183.9 ft s of 145th St, 125x100; Frederick Grasmuck to Dora Grasmuck, 13-60 part, $1.

TIFFANY ST, n w corner of Maxwell St, runs w — to e s of Western Bay Av x n — to allotment "A" on map of Barretos Point x e — to w s of Tiffany St x s — to beginning; Arthur Knox to Oak Point Land and Dock Co., 109-110 part, $1.

3D AV, Lots 215 and 216 in Parcel 29, map of 339 lots at Woodlawn Heights, 40x100; Anna Lomberg to Catharine McLaughlin, (mtg $1,800,) $200.

3D AV, n w corner of 180th St, a strip, runs w 1.10 ft to w s of Fordham Av and n 472 ft to w s of 3d Av x s 47.1 to beginning, gore; A. Oldrin Salter, trustee, to Mark Levy, $95.

4TH ST, e s, 19.6 ft n of Bank St, 20x75; John J. Kuhn to Fanny H. Von Schmid, $7,750.

7TH AV, w s, 74.1 ft s of 36th St, 40.8x irregular; Charles May and another, executors, to R. C. Daniel, (mtg $45,000,) $140,000.

7TH AV, 2,247, e s, 25 ft n of 132d St, 25x75; Alma Schmid to Jacob Schmid, (mtg $18,700,) $1.

7TH AV, n w corner of 144th St, 40x100; Max Marx to Anthony Doll, Jr., and Adolph Doll, (mtg $60,000,) $100.

10TH AV, n w corner of 24th St, 79.1x70; Charles De Rham and others to Twenty-fourth Street Realty Co., $1.

23D ST, 517 West, n s, 25x98.9; James F. McCormick to Church of the Guardian Angels, (mtg $5,000,) $1.

32D ST, s s, 220 ft w of 4th Av, 40x98.9; William R. McClellan to Dreht Corporation, (mtg $200,000,) $100.

43D ST, n s, 155 ft e of 3d Av, 50x100.5; Anna M. Kiemann to Elizabeth G. Schmid, $1.

55TH ST, n s, 130 ft e of Avenue A, 25x100.5; Fredrica Koenig to Andreas Denner, (mtg $8,000,) $1.

78TH ST, n s, 144 ft w of Avenue A, 25x102.2; Thomas F. McLaughlin, executor, to the Murray estate, $18,300.

99TH ST, 168 West, s s, 15.4x73.10; Iva H., wife of Cortlandt H. Van Rensselaer, to Mary J. Gaynor, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

108TH ST, s s, 175 ft e of Columbus Av, 75x100.11; Isaac Bochm and others to the Crest Realty Co., a corporation, $100.

115TH ST, 358 East, s s, 25x100.11; Ella S. Winternitz to Carmela Palermo, (mtg $18,000,) $100.

123D ST, s s, 74 ft e of Lenox Av, 13x90.10; Andrew B. Van Loan and others to Mary C. Stewart of Brooklyn, $1.

123D ST, s s, 74 ft e of Lenox Av, 13x90.10; Mary C. Stewart to Andrew B. Van Loan, ½ part; Joseph T. Albert and William W. Van Loan and Louise Nalsawald, each ¼ part, $1.

134TH ST, 404 East, s s, 16.8x100; Mary Hays to Amelia L. Fraser, $100.

178TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 83.4x100; Herman Coben to Philip Kraus, $100.

191ST ST, s w s, Lot 194, Map 296, in Westchester County, made by Andrew Findlay of Fordham, 50x100; Olive Kent and others to Grace M. Saward, (mtg $9,000,) $1.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

APFEL, Arthur, to American Mortgage Co.; Vermilyea Av, s e corner of Dyckman St, 100x100, 3 years $20,000

ARNSTEIN, Henry, to an Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females; 8th Av, 2,619, w s, 27x100, 5 years, 4½% $28,000

CHARLES A. COWEN & CO. to Charles H. Cowen and another, executors; Canal St, s s, 153.6 ft e of Church St, 25.5x95.5 to Lispenard St, x25x100.9, due, &c, as per bond. $40,000

CHASIS, Joel M., to Union Trust Co.; 10th St, 319 East, n s, 25x94.8, 5 years, 4½%. $18,000

CLAUSEN, Christian C., to George Lahrmann; Lot 31, map of Bronx View Park, prior mtg $2,800, 1 year, 6% $1,200

COHEN, Samuel, to Realty Holding Company; Henry St, 168, s s, 20.1x100, prior mtg $30,000, 4 years, 6% $5,000

COLORADO REALTY COMPANY to Thomas F. Keating; Starling Av, s s, 121 ft w of Glebe Av, 25x112, due May, 1913, 6% ..$3,500

COLORADO REALTY COMPANY to Thomas F. Keating; Starling Av, s s, 271 ft w of Glebe Av, 25x112, due May, 1, 1913, 6% $3,500

CONNELLY, Patrick, to Louis Gates; Hughes Av, 2,311, w s, 25x100, prior mtg $3,750, 2 years, 6% $500

BAILEY, Thomas, to William J. Hoe; Amsterdam Av, 1,840, w s, 18.8x75, 3 years ..$12,000

BRADY, Lillian E. and James A., to Peter T. Barlow; Prospect Terrace, w s, 50 ft n of 12th St, 25x100, Williamsbridge, prior mtg $2,750, 1 year, 5½% $250

DANIEL, Richard C., to Charles May; 7th Av, w s, 74.1 ft s of 36th St, 40.8x irregular, prior mtg $45,000, 5 years $75,000

DAVIS, Charles O., and others to Anna E. Hass and another; Perry St, s s, 195.8 ft w of Greenwich Av, 22x95, 3 years, 4½% ..$5,000

DENNER, Andreas, to Fredericka Koenig; 55th St, n s, 130 ft e of Avenue A, 25x100.5, prior mtg $8,000, 3 years, 5½% $4,000

DONNELLY, Michael T., to Herman H. Becker; Catharine St, 281, n s, 100 ft e of Morris Av, 65x110, prior mtg $8,000, 2 years, 6% $3,000

DORF, Henrietta, to Samuel Seiniger; 118th St, s s, 200 ft e of Park Av, 40x100.11, 5 years $40,000

FAUSNER, Clara E., Brooklyn, to Charles E. Rushmore; 93d St, 69 and 71 East, n s, 39x100.8, 5 years $42,000

FRANKENFELDER, Pernhard, to Robert S. Clark; Madison Av, 75, e s, 24.8x100, due as per bond $60,000

FRASER, Amelia L., to Mary Hays; 134th St, 404 East, s s, 16.8x100, 5 years $6,000

GEST, Guy M., to Frances C. Fessenden; 38th St, s s, 150 ft w of Central Park West, 25x100.11, prior mtg $8,250, 3 years ..$1,750

GOLDSMITH, Gustavus A., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 73d St, 160 and 111 East, n s, 42x102.2, due, &c, as per bond $60,000

HOFTON, Spencer T., to Franklin Savings Bank; Tremont Av, 105 West, 31.2x— 5 years $6,000

JACOBSON, Jacob, to Samuel Cowen; Prospect Av, 647, w s, 57.3 ft s of 152d St, 18.6x100, prior mtg $—, 3 years, 6% $1,750

KLEINANN, Anna M., to Elizabeth G. Schmid, executrix, &c.; 43d St, n s, 155 ft e of 3d Av, 50x100.5, 5 years $4,000

KRAUSS, Philip, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 178th St, n s, 141.8 ft w of Audubon Av, 2 lots, each 41.8x100, 5 years, 2 mtgs, each $20,000, mtg ..... $—

LAVORERIO, Antonio, to Charles H. Stumpfel; Lot 240, map of 473 lots of Haight estate, 3 years, 6% $875

LEERBURGER, Mathilda, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 113th St, s s, 287.6 ft e of Broadway, 18.9x100.11, 3 years, 4½% $20,000

LEVINSON, Leo, to William A. Cameron; 150th St, s s, 47.2 ft e of Park Av, 50x98.5x irregular; Steuben Av, w s, 100 ft s of 210th St, 75x100, due as per bond $5,000

LIPKOWITZ, Jacob D., to Rose Lipkowitz; Avenue A, e s, 48.10 ft s of 87th St, 15.7x81x14.10x81, 3 years, 6% $1,500

MEEHAN, Catherine, to George F. Johnson's Sons Co.; Manida St, n e s, at n s of Lafayette Av, 105.6x irregular, due Dec. 1, 1911 ..... $12,000

NOBLE & GAUSS CONSTRUCTION CO. to Manhattan Mortgage Co.; Park Av, s e corner of 179th St, 85x50, prior mtg $—, due, &c, as per bond $35,000

PALERMO, Carmela, to Ella S. Winternitz; 115th St, 338 East, s s, 25x100.11, prior mtg $18,000, installments, 6% $400

QUINLAN, Ellen M., to William C. Arnold; Lots 198 and 199, map of 369 lots of Hunt's Point Realty Co., 3 years, 5½% $2,000

REILLY, Hugh, to Bridget Duffy; Lots 81 and 82, map of New York City private park, prior mtg $7,000, 2 years, 6% $2,000

ROSENBERG, Jennie A., to Maud E. Thorp; Cypress Av, s e corner of 139th St, 100x80, 5 years, 6% $12,000

RULING, Mary, to Elizabeth O. Dewing; plot begins 840 ft e of White Plains Road and 795 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x100, 5 years, ... $3,500

SAGGES, Joseph, to Thomas H. Messenier; Lot 315, map of portion of Hunt estate, 3 years, 6% $1,000

SCHNEIDER, Beke, to Joseph F. Stier; 96th St, 210 and 212 East, s s, 48.3x100.8, due March 1, 1915 ..... $44,000

SCHWARZLER, Elizabeth, to Gertrude W. Glassford; Washington Av, e s, part of Lot 63, map of Morrisania, 25x121, 5 years ..$3,500

SIPPEL, John E., to Augustus Gareiss; Lot 93, map of Gleason property, due Aug. 28, 1912, 6% $500

SMITH, Nelson, Jr., to Jeanie D. Lilley; Washington Av, e s, 87.4 ft s of 180th St, 24.10x95.6x22.4x95.10, 3 years, 4½% ..$2,000

TERWILLIGER, Leona A., to Muhlhall Realty Company; Coster St, e s, 187.6 ft n of Spofford Av, 16.9x100, prior mtg $4,200, due as per bond $700

TIFFANY STREET IMPROVEMENT CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Tiffany St, w s, 266.8 ft s of 167th St, 42x100, due, &c., as per bond $30,000

TREY, Rose, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; road leading from West Farms to Hunt's Point, w s, adjoining land of the now or late heirs of Webb Jennings, runs n w 215x n 115x s e 68x s 25x s e 100 ft to road and s 90 ft to beginning, due, &c, as per bond. $6,000

TWENTY-FOURTH STREET REALTY CO. to Charles de Rham and another; 10th Av, n w corner of 24th St, 79.1x70, 5 years ... $67,000

VON SCHMID, Fanny H., to John H. Dye; 4th St, e s, 19.6 ft n of Bank St, 20x75, 1 year $6,000

WECHSLER, Joseph, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Avenue C, w s, 19 ft s of 12th St, 19.6x67, 5 years $10,000

Mechanics' Liens.

BEAUMONT AV, n w corner of 189th St, 40x100; Tozzini & Co. against Bedford Park Construction Co., owner and contractor, $418.

SULLIVAN ST, 214 to 218; John Callahan against Eugene Gerbereux, owner; Levin & Levin Contracting Co. and Morris Levin, contractors, $312.

165TH ST, 879 East; Joseph Puccinini against Albert Gerhards, owner; John Greenberg, contractor, $425.

DEVOE TERRACE, 2,471 and 2,473; Charles Tiernan against Philip Cahill, owner and contractor, $97.

FREEMAN ST, n w corner of Longfellow Av, 25x100; Piccinini & Zambetti against Albert Gerhards, owner and contractor, $324.

132D ST., s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, —x—; Angelo Gagliano against Robert Friedman Construction Co., contractor, $551.

17TH AV, n e corner of 135th St, 100x100; Eller Manufacturing Co. against J. M. Cohen, owner; Manhattan Steel Ceiling Co., contractor, $44.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

WEST FARMS ROAD, 20 ft s of 174th St; Daniel J. Leary and others against John C. Heintz and others, March 17, 1910, $405.

3D ST, 81 and 83 East; Launer Brothers against L. Frankenthaler and others, Aug. 4, 1909, (vacated,) $48.

BROADWAY, 3,770 to 3,776; William J. Kelly against McMorrow Engineering and Construction Co. and others, April 9, 1910, $700.

161ST ST, 507 West; Colwell Lead Co. against Five Hundred and Seven West One Hundred and Sixty-first Street Co. and others, April 2, 1910, $1,416.

161ST ST, 507 West; Colwell Lead Co. against Five Hundred and Seven West One Hundred and Sixty-first Street Co. and others, April 4, 1910, $1,416.

WHITLOCK AV, w s, 50 ft n of 144th St; Cross, Austin & Ireland Lumber Co. against Bothner, Schmidt & Co. and others, April 14, 1910, $550.

RIVER ROAD, w s, opposite East 70th St, Blackswell's Island; Cross, Austin & Ireland Lumber Co. against City of New York and others, April 14, 1910, $957.

Lis Pendens.

LOT 532, map of Village of Wakefield, Bronx; Frances L. Glover against John J. Zuelch and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, B. G. Franklin.

FORSYTH ST, 109; John Palmieri against Max Wolper and others, (action to declare deed void;) attorney, M. Wechsler.

82D ST, 426 East; Adolf Miller against Ludwig Fischer and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. H. Mittlemann.

100TH ST, 317 East; State Bank against Samuel Lorber and others, (foreclosure of mortgage,) attorney, J. A. Kohn.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR TO LET
FOR A TERM OF YEARS, PRIVATE DWELLING, UNFURNISHED, ON 48TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV. FOR PARTICULARS INQUIRE STIMSON & WILLIAMS, 2 RECTOR ST., NEW YORK CITY.

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Convert your non-renting apartments to profitable houses.
HAVE THEM MANAGED BY "BERLIN RENTING SYSTEM,"
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$10,000 CASH
secures a $50,000 investment property subject to a first mortgage only; annual rental over $5,000.
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GRAND OPPORTUNITY.
Prominent Harlem saloon, corner, 5-story, modern, triple, 25x100, together with business, $75,000; big bargain. Sohns, 321 W. 116th St.

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After you have investigated all the other co-operative apartment house propositions and before you purchase, call and see us and let us show you the most attractive and safe investment of them all.
Location WEST 72D ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
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15% INVESTMENT.
Stanton Street, near Bowery. 5-story 14-room modern tenement; leasehold 40 years. CHARLES McKENNA, 147 Fourth Avenue.

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A.—A NEW ROW OF $14,000
three-story brick and limestone two-family houses, conceded the best planned houses in Bronx. Near Grand Concourse, Jerome Av., and line of new Broadway-Lexington Av. Subway. Price for next 30 days, $12,750 each. Buy now before the boom. Apply on premises. Wm. E. Diller, Walton Av. and 165th St.

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For sale at less than cost of buildings, a modern brick mansion; 30 rooms, and good frame house, 12 rooms; corner plot 14 lots; block from "L" station; suitable for private hospital. For diagrams and photos apply W. E. and W. I. Brown, 3,428 3d Av.

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Briggs Av., North of 194th St., Fordham. ALSO ONE-FAMILY FRAME HOUSES, 263-265 Kingsbridge Road, facing Poe Park. Wm. H. Wright & Son, Inc., Builders.

To lease for term of years, 3-story business building; lot 25x80; at foot of East 149th St. Subway and elevated stations; all transit facilities. E. J. Busher, 375 East 149th St.

Two-family frame; 12 rooms; all improvements; Crotona Av., near 180th St.; must sell quick; terms to suit. Owner, 610 Cortland Building.

2 story and attic, lot 34 foot front; price $7,000. POLAK, 4,030 3d Av.

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At Farmington, Conn., for season or longer, small old-fashioned house, six rooms, bath; suitable for young couple or two ladies; fully furnished with old-fashioned furniture; short walk from Country Club; trolley line to Hartford, Conn.; picturesque, commanding lovely views. Address "Old House," Maiden Lane, Farmington, Conn.

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On main road, 5 minutes from station, 5 acres, comfortable old house, 12 rooms; barn, orchard, beautiful shade trees; bargain, $7,000; large mortgage to responsible buyer. DAVIS & ROBINSON, 5 East 42d St.

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PLUMBING INVESTIGATE. regularly inspected and kept in repair. 30 cents monthly per tenant. Sole Plumbing Inspection System, 1,691 Park Ave. 'Phone 359 Harlem.

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Don't Miss This Opportunity
Absolute Auction Sale
—OF—
360 Lots and One Dwelling
AT BEAUTIFUL
Battle Hill Park
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Saturday, April 30, 1910
91 Electric Trains Daily on N. Y. & Harlem R. R.

This property is about five minutes from present railroad station and CLOSE TO PROPOSED NEW STATION OF THE HARLEM RAILROAD, now ELECTRIFIED; is about 400 feet above sea level and about 170 feet above the town. Streets are macadam, have sewers, water, electric lighting, telephone service. The New York, Westchester and Boston R. R. (now under construction) will have a station at White Plains and will connect with New York subway.

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Titles Insured and Policies Delivered Free.
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Farley & Rumsey, Attorneys,
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Absolute Administrator's Sale
BY ORDER OF STEPHEN DARCY, Administrator,
THURSDAY, APRIL 21,
at 12 o'clock, Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey St., N. Y. C.
559 West 36th St.
A choice vacant Lot, ready for immediate improvement. Size 25x98.9.
R. & E. J. O'GORMAN, Attys., 51 Chambers St., New York City.
Particulars from above attys., or
Joseph P. Day
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Kinko Duplex-Houses

are ideal homes for small families. Charmingly artistic and cleverly arranged. Two Duplex Apartments beneath one roof with entire separation and privacy. The owner may occupy one Apartment and rent the other, paying all fixed charges for the whole house from the income.

Two groups now offered for sale at Brooklyn Ave. and St. John's Place and Third Street and Prospect Park West.

Prices moderate. Rentals $60 to $75. As investments they are exceptional. Call or write for Catalog.

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Bishop's Houses
in Beautiful
PROSPECT PARK EAST
The Original NO Basement Homes
32 NOW SOLD
of the Two and Three Story Houses.

Three-story houses on Midwood St., near Flatbush Ave., contain 11 and 12 rooms, 3 baths, and an abundance of closet room.

Two-story houses on Maple St., near Bedford Ave., contain 10 rooms, 2 baths, 17 closets, and only one flight of stairs for tired housewife to climb.

Trimmed in choice hardwoods; hot water heat; electric light; parquet floors; exquisitely decorated.

Prospect Park and Brighton Beach "L" one block away; also 5 trolley lines.

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E. H. BISHOP & SON,
Maple St. and Bedford Ave., Brooklyn.

Flatbush houses my specialty; from cottage to mansion; 47 varieties; one special 8-room house, perfect gem, $5,500, worth $7,500; open Sundays. Edwards, Church Av., Brighton Beach Station.

We have exceptional bargains in choice lots and plots in Flatbush; ripe for building. Edwards, Church Av., at Brighton Beach Station.

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Good property for investment; quick if price reasonable; send full particulars; or lent $3,500-$5,000 for good bonus, 5½% on 2d mortgage good real estate; letters only. Stanz, care Maxsenholder's Weinstube, 1,648 2d Av.

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YOU CAN BUY A HOUSE IN ROSLYN ESTATES FROM $12,000 TO $30,000, ACCORDING TO YOUR REQUIREMENTS, OR A SITE CONTAINING 8 LOTS FOR $2,000 UP, AND BUILD A HOUSE TO COST $6,000 OR MORE.

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THE HANDY, MODERATE PRICED SUBURB
SPECIAL SALE, SAT. MAY 7, 2 P. M.
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This tract is almost as accessible from New York as it is from Market and Broad Streets, Newark. This property is directly opposite Weequahic Park, one of the handsomest park developments in Essex County.

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with private lake. Less than ten minutes from Hopatcong Station; close to hotels and cottages. From $150 upward. Write or call. HOPATCONG MOUNTAIN LAKE DEVELOPMENT CO., 165 Broadway, New York.

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Beautiful hill section, 50 minutes on D., L. & W.; fine, modern house on Mountain Av.; 11 rooms, 3 baths; every convenience; porch on 3 sides; large coach barn with living rooms; 6 acres; more ground if wanted; price less than cost of buildings.

Six-room house; all improvements; lot, 150 ft. front; 2 minutes to West Summit; $3,500. A. A. Potter, opposite Murray Hill depot.

At beautiful Dumont, 12 miles, via West Shore Railroad, nine cents fare, several new houses for sale on large plots; all modern improvements; small first payment, balance on mortgage or monthly installment basis. For full particulars address Charles C. Hough, 501 West 33d St., New York City.

Charming Westfield corner 82x109; on top of fine hill with splendid view of mountain, &c.; near street cars and railroad; lies between new houses now building; everything to make a desirable home site or investment; $1,200; $10 cash, $12 monthly. Tickets from H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

A new house in Westfield on a hill near depot, school, &c.; 9 rooms, bath, range, gas, electric light, fine finish, beautiful decorations; big lot; $5,250; only $750 cash. It is so good a bargain we will pay all expenses to show it. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Elegant new 6-room cottage, all improvements, hardwood trim, hot water heat; high, healthy location; half hour out; two railroads; commutation 8 cents; $700 cash, balance as rent; owner sell. Carl Hallberg, owner, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

Westfield building plot 50x208, between two good houses; near everything, including street cars; a snap at $600; $10 cash, $6 monthly; guaranteed title. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Only one tract left; 5 acres on paved street in Westfield; makes 50 large lots or 8 small farms; bargain at $5,000; terms. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

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An exceptionally well built nine-room 24x44 modern home, 45 minutes from Union Square; 50-foot plot; first class growing neighborhood; principals only. J. A. Park, Van Houten Av., Passaic, N. J.

Beautiful plot 100x100, covered with fine forest trees; Westfield; only $650; $10 cash, $6.50 monthly; lot is on high land, near depot, and fronts on trolley. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Widow sacrifice nine-room house, furnace heat; lot 75x100; barn, chicken house; plenty shade; high ground; price, $3,800; easy terms; 25 minutes from Broadway. Nicholson Co., Lyndhurst, N. J.

Artistic Nutley houses $4,750 up; choice lots $250 up. Lambert, 99 Nassau St., N. Y.

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West Side.

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COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Supreme Court of the United States:

351—The United States, appellant, vs. Oberlin M. Carter et al., and

352—Oberlin M. Carter et al., appellants, vs. The United States.—Decree affirmed, and cause remanded to circuit for Northern District of Illinois.

491—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Antonia Inda.—Rehearing granted.

702—Cassius B. Thomas et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. William C. Taylor.—Consideration of motion to dismiss or affirm postponed to the hearing on its merits.

802—Amory Eliot, appellant, vs. James G. Freeman et al.—Advanced and assigned for Oct. 11.

869—Maine Baptist Missionary Convention, appellant, vs. Charles E. Cotting et al.—Advanced and assigned for Oct. 11.

846—Lillian F. Slocum, executrix, &c., petitioner, vs. New York Life Insurance Company.—Certiorari granted.

855—George M. Nowell et al., petitioners, vs. the International Trust Company et al.—Certiorari denied.

154—Nollman & Co., appellants and petitioners, vs. Wentworth Lunch Company.—Judgment affirmed.

875—The United States, petitioner, vs. the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Company.—Petition for certiorari submitted.

885—Secundino Mendezona, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States.—Docketed and dismissed, and mandate granted.

Original ex parte—In the matter of the Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, petitioner.—Motion for leave to file a petition for writ of prohibition or mandamus submitted.

884—The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Company, petitioner, vs. Mark B. Hambie.—Petition for certiorari submitted.

6—Brown-Forman Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Commonwealth of Kentucky.—Leave granted to file a supplemental brief for the plaintiff in error.

144—George C. Rankin, receiver of the Berlin National Bank, and the Berlin National Bank, plaintiffs in error, vs. John Emigh and O. L. Atkins.—Argument concluded.

182—J. Alexander Chiles, plaintiff in error, vs. Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Company.—Argument concluded.

Adjourned until to-morrow.

Day call: Nos. 159, 160, 162, 164, 165, 166, 168, 640, 169, and 171.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. 237—Bossert Electric Co v. Pratt Chuck Co. 238—Same v. Sprague Electric Co. 239—Frank v. Bernard. 242—Trumbull Elec Co v. Conn Co. 247—Frost Co. v. Samstag. 248—Tweedie Trading Co v. Actieselskabet Sangstad. 234—Mann v. Dempster. 243—City of N Y v. Dredge No 1. 249—Press Publishing Co v. Monteith. 15—Herr v. Tweedie Trading Co. 16—Tweedie Trading Co v. Herr. 228—Newcomb v. Burbank.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Holt, J. Preferred causes: 61—Fairpoint Corp'n v. Shotton. 62—Purnell v. Goodman. 65—Kessler v. Federal Ins Co. 67—Freel v. Penn R R. 85—Tuthill v. N Y C & W R R. 86—Johnson v. N Y Times Co. 20—McCaffrey v. N Y, N H & H R R. 29—Warner v. Caples Realty Co. 46—Ohman v. City of N Y. 71—United States v. Neely. 72—Snyder v. N Y C & H R R R. 73—Royce v. D, L & W R R. 111—Hartigan v. Oceanic Steam Nav Co. 124—Gibbons v. N Y, N H & H R R. 128—United States v. Bolognesia. 132—Colasurdo v. C R R of N J. 145—Susswein v. Penn Steel Co. 148—Dundon v. N Y, N H & H R R. 149—Joline v. Cent Park &c. R R. 151—Sweeney v. N Y, N H & H R R. 153—Hoffman v. Kraut. 154—French v. Kelley. 156—Bergen v. N Y, N H & H R R. 166—Douglas v. same. 168—United States for Bartlett v. U S Fid & Gy Co.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hand, J.—Court opens in Room 47, P. O. Building, at 11 A. M. Equity calendar. 14—Murjahn v. Hall. 15, 16—Victor T M Co v. Leeds & Catlin Co. 17—Am Ever Ready Co v. Halcome. 24—Neenan v. Otis Elevator Co.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hough, J.—Equity calendar. 11—Hillard v. Remington.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Dowling, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 304—Van Schaick v. Heyman. 314—Berkeley v. Dusenberry. 316—Goldsmith v. Tolk. 318—Brady v. Penn Steel Co. 297—N Y, N H & H R R v. Willcox. 195—Carpenter v. Hoadley. 311—Rosenthal v. McGowan. 279—Mosler Safe Co v. Maiden Lane Safe Dep Co. 320—Borkstrom v. Ryan. 321—Brauer v. N Y City Ry. 322—Saracena v. Lambrecht. 323—Same v. same. 324 and 325—U S Wood Preserving Co v. City of N Y. 326—Adelsky v. same. 327—Willetts v. C R R of N J.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Whitney, J.—Litigated motions. 1—In re Calumet Const Co. 2—Delaney v. City of N Y. 3—Am Ice Co v. Matlock R Co. 4—Gennert v. Georger. 5—Brown Co v. Hedden & Sons Co. 6—In re Dreyfus. 7—In re Hurst. 8, 9—In re Schlidewachter. 10—In re Beyers. 11—In re Keil. 12—In re Wolters. 13—Regan v. Woodbury. 14—Sykes v. Sheridan. 15—Hall v. City of N Y. 16—Newmark v. Moss. 17—Elsner v. Pringle Memorial Home. 18—Trieb v. McAllister Steamboat Co. 19—Connor v. Schenectady Railway. 20—Goertler v. City of N Y. 21—Tenney v. Barber Asphalt Co. Cummings v. Lenahan. 23—Griffiths v. Griffiths. 24—Seteducatti v. Devenuto. 25—U S Radiator Co v. Boyd Plumbing, &c, Co. 26—Moloughney v. Walther. 27—Williar v. Feale. 28—Connor v. Schenectady Ry. 29—Runge v. Koch. 30—Happel v. Grand Central Bldg, &c, Co. 31—Russell v. Warranty Realty Co. 32—In re Universal Compound Co. 33—In re Weber Bldg Co. 34—In re Gurlitt Manning Co. 35—In re Monroe. 36—In re Parsth. 37—In re Gates. 38—In re Fritz. 39—In re McCrea. 40, 41—Fitch v. Hill. 42—Cottrell & Sons v. Seymour. 43—In re Hotchkiss. 44—Wolff v. Berger. 45—Levy v. Sullnsky. 46—Kilmer v. Kilmer. 47—Messe v. Meyer & Co. 48—Clark v. Clark. 49—Imparate v. Illinois Surety Co. 50—Gordon v. Levenson. 51—Muller v. Aristocratic Pub Co. 52—Stanton & Co v. Dady. 53—Gorlitzer v. Wolffberg. 54—Jackson v. Abell. 55, 56—Hoeninghausen v. Sayre. 57—Schwartz v. Klar. 58—Schacht v. Post & McCord. 59—Bayer v. Phila Cos Co. 60—Hannas v. Hannas. 61—Fischer v. Gies. 62—Kessler v. Pettit. 63—In re Bronx Boulevard. 34—Bowers v. Frazier. 65—Guzzetta v. City of N Y. 66—Constantino v. Same. 67—Long v. Lebanon Nat Bank. 68—Heoman v. Haskin. 69—Flaherty v. Owens & Co. 70—Brown v. U S Trust Co. 71—Kelleher v. Black. 72—Setzer v. Gervais. 73—Werda v. Werda. 74—Knoedler v. Luhrs. 75—Rosenfeld v. Natkins. 76—Kadin v. Koch. 77—Lefkowitz v. Ginzbourger. 78—Monahan v. O'Reilly. 79—McLaughlin v. Mayor, &c. 80—Curnen v. Coe, &c. 81—Loven v. Packard Co. 82—McCarthy v. Herz. 83—Sommerich v. Frankel. 84—Olenish v. Frankel. 85—Probst v. Andrews. 86—Quinn v. Siegel. 87—Caskell v. Nolte. 88—Blumlein v. Phenix Ins Co. 89—Same v. Hartford Fire Ins Co. 90—Weiss v. Herrman. 91—Lynn v. Carnegie Trust Co. 92—Herburger v. Herburger. 93—Paterno v. Tax Commissioners. 94—Schlesinger v. Schlesinger. 95—Welch Motor Car Co v. Brady & Son Co. 96—Raymore Realty Co v. Pfotenhauer Co. 97—Gates v. Gates. 98—Riordan v. Riordan. 99—Grobert v. Grobert. 100—Meisel v. Mountshannon Realty Co. 101—Tomannelli v. Gesunda. 102—Katz v. Stewart. 103—Lyons v. Lyons. 104—Seelig v. Scudl. 105—Morrison v. Levine. 106—People v. Woelfel. 107—Pollock v. U S Title Guar, &c, Co. 108—Werda v. Werda. 109—Tasker v. Upper Saranac Assn. 110—Dellgman v. Kassler. 111—Rappolt v. Baring. 112—Messe v. Mayer, &c. 113—In re Porges. 114—Willets v. Levey. 115—Marsh v. Kissam. 116—In re Deutsch.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Blanchard, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Fitzgerald, J.—Motions. Preferred causes. 5297—Clement v. Guske. 5544—Krakower v. East 180th St Bldg & C Co. General calendar. 2052—Raisler Heating Co v. Rutland R Co. 2053—Same v. De Wahtoff-Marcuson R Co. 2481—Serritella v. Doelger. 3176—Racish Asbestos Co v. Brooks. 3206—White v. Waters. 4243—Boyle & Co v. Boyle. 4250—Hausman v. Hausman. 4260—Bader v. Bader. 4322—Gray v. Gray. 4419—Miller v. Miller. 4479—Robinson v. Johnston. 4488—Hochfeld v. Hochfeld. 4750—Muschel v. Schiff. 4763—Harper v. Moorman-Harper Co. 4794—Holh v. Schoenlank. 1675, 1676—Brickner v. Sulzberger. 4245—Tracki v. Tracki. 4320—Salisbury v. Casino. 4321—Stitt v. Ward. 4428—Leavitt v. Bardine. 4702—Eldt v. Eldt. 4742—Benjamin v. Benjamin. 4766—Holzman v. Lamchick. 4954—Keller v. Keller.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term.)—Marcus, J.—1—Donald Persch. 2—Donald Persch, A D F Adams. 3—John F Sherwood.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Bischeff, J.—Inquest. 7291—Greenstein v. Vonderlinden. Inquest. 7436—Janeway & Carpenter v. Kurlandzik. 7231—Olsen v. Olsen. 7501—Balbi v. Balbi. 7208—Twombly v. Dinnny. 6055—Ebling Brew Co v. Kleinfeld. 6725—Marks v. Schnitzler. 6765—Marvin v. Llewellyn. 6732—Billings-Stevens Co. v. Goldsmith. 6747—Levis v. Gridley. 4588—Cirone v. Camardella & Hattesheimer. 6499—Finn v. Bowery Sav Bank. 7442—Hawes v. Board of Education. 7468—People ex rel. Duncan v. Clement. 6813—Pelton Water Wheel Co v. Allis-Chalmers Co. 7009—Ebling Brew Co v. Krinsky. 6477—Cameron v. Williams Eng & Const Co. 7385—Internat Hide & Skin Co v. Waldman. 7470—Hill v. Albert. 7402—Cooney Co v. Davis. 7453—Goldenblatt v. Harwitz. 7363—Carpenter v. Fox. 7496—Ketcham v. Neuman. 7315—People ex rel. Dyer v. McClellan. 7382—Gleichenhaus v. Bishop & Babcock Co. 7325—Thompson-Bonney Co v. Keeseville Elec Co. 6886—Eder v. Selleck. 7208—Coy, Hunt & Co v. Jurginson. 7492—Friedman v. Korn. 7485—Kurland v. Korn. 6919—Schienkman v. Schenkman. 7261—Adler v. Washington. 7494—Same v. Garry. 5069—Con Fruit Jar Co v. Heyman. 7481—Lord Baltimore Press v. Dattilo. 7464—Culver v. Neilson. 7407—Lord Baltimore Press v. Dattilo.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—McCall J.—1230—McKenna v. Whitridge. 1243—Lindstrom v. N Y C & H R R R. 1246, 1247—Barton v. Joline. 1257, 1258—Rosner v. Joline. 741—Kriksaber v. Joline. 1242—Williams v. N Y C & H R R R. 1203—Sherwood v. Whitridge. 1222—Lennon v. Joline. 1263—Whitney v. C R R of N J. 1103—Maloney v. B H R R. 1245—Ruda v. Joline. 1240—Moran v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Amend J.—3047—Wohle v. Murphy Const Co. 3048—Lebowitz v. same. 7146—Casseno v. City of N Y. 1501—McDonnell v. Robinson Co. 3598—Trainor v. N Y Inst for Deaf and Dumb. 3242—Kreisberg v. Davidson. 3038—Silva v. City of N Y. 6537—Bibelle v. Empire City Subway Co. 3089—Overton v. Le Lesser. 3855—Hagney v. Petshke. 2216—Geraghty v. Degnon Const Co. 105—Haigh v. Edelmeyer & Morgan Co. 2475—Janota v. Stern. 3214—Franz v. Strauss. 3722—Lehmann v. City of N Y. 3731—Solomon v. Burns. 3732—Gould v. Kuenzlen. 3737—Volz v. City of N Y. 3738—Fava v. Bienenzucht. 3785—Shoup v. City of N Y. 3797—McInerney v. Burgoyne. 2030—Duffy v. Cons Gas Co. 6505—Muller v. Vessel. 3592—Kane v. Malia. 3634—Bloom v. Schwarzenbach. 7267—Dougherty v. City of N Y. 5590—Levine v. Fishlbn. 2063—Horan v. Wilson. 3350—Murphy v. Pape. 2065—Jacobs v. City of N Y. 3652—Zeidl v. Doll. 3061—Goodwin v. United Eng and Const Co. 3071—Shobiz v. Hebrew Orphan Asylum. 2900—Green v. Brock. 3569—Patterson v. Lehman Co. 2984—Rayner v. Buckley. 6504—Presby v. Degnon-MacLean Co. 2036—McGuire v. Kirkman & Sons. 2056—Holtzberg v. O'Rourke Co. 3353—Swerling v. Oppenheim. 3711—Conway v. Phila & Reading, &c, Co. 3798—Tiplady v. Holbrook. 3835—Dickman v. Pine Hill Crystal Spring Water Co. 3841—Donohue v. Mazeroff. 3844—Kaskel v. Kaskel. 3847—Hardy v. Hoffman. 3858—O'Hara v. Strauss. 3868—Olsen v. Bradley. 3872—Eckhard v. Koch. 3877—Hilton v. Am Victoria Hotel Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Newburger, J.—Inquest, 4550—A. G. Hyde Sons v. Brandt. Inquest, 7385—City of New York v. Welch. Inquest, 7370—Same v. Cottonwood & Co. Inquest, 7387—Same v. Kelly. Inquest, 7330—Same v. Hazell. Inquest, 7352—Same v. J. R. Smith

AUCTION SALES

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auction'r.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF

STOCKS AND BONDS

By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON

OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.

Wednesday, April 20th, 1910

at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

12 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
5 shs. Lawyers Engineering & Surveying Co.
1 share New York Law Institute.
Right, title, and interest of the Estate of Mary S. Rossiter in 60 shs. New York Phonograph Co. T. C.
Right, title, and interest of the Estate of Harriette C. S. Buckham in 10 shs. New York Phonograph Co.
Right, title, and interest of the Estate of Harriette C. S. Buckham in 452 shs. New York Phonograph Co. T. C.
25 shs. Oriental Bank.
FOR ACC. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
8 shs Union Trust Co.
20 shs. Gallatin National Bank.
1 share Guaranty Trust Co. V. T. C.
20 shs. Equitable Trust Co.
1 share New York Law Institute.
22 shs. Northern Bank.
100 shs. Auto Press Co. prefd.
51 shs. American Caramel Co. common.
$12,900 Standard Cordage Co. 1st 5s, April, 1910, coupons on.
30¼ shs. Acker, Merrall & Condit Co.
100 shs. Carnegie Trust Co.
$10,000 Elko Realty & Development Co. 1st Mtge. 7 p. c. Bds., 1918, Jany., 1910, coupons on; also a $35 coupon due July 1, 1909.
15 shs. Northern Bank.
100 shs. International Silver Co. common.
100 shs. Carnegie Trust Co.
$250,000 City of New York 4s, due Nov., 1958.
$175,000 City of New York 4s, due May, 1959.
30 shs. Audubon Natl. Bank.
100 shs. Hudson Companies prefd.
35 shs. Donald Steamship Co. prefd., with 17½ shs. common as bonus.
$9,000 Lackawanna Iron & Steel Co. 1st Mtge., 5 p. c. Bds., 1926.
$1,000 Green Bay & Western R. R. Deb. "A."
$20,000 State of North Carolina 6 p. c. Special Tax Bds., Apl., 1870, coupons on.
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240 shs. American Light & Trac. Co. common.
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CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer, sells
Friday, April 22nd, 1910,
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Borough of Manhattan, a large stock of above, comprising about

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EMBROIDERIES, INSERTIONS, ALL-OVERS, CORSET COVERS, PETTICOATS,
In original pieces and in large lots to the trade.
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TAKE NOTICE THAT BY VIRTUE OF A lien held by Healey and Company against the following-described personal property, namely:

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One Cabriolet,

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CHICKERING Upright..... $185
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HAINES BROS. Upright..... $160
WISSNER Upright..... $185
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WEBER Grand Pianola Piano, Latest Model, practically new, for $600 less than regular price; also PIANOLAS, CECILIANS, ANGELUS and other players taken in part payment for the "Tel-Electric" at half price and less. Many other bargains — Convenient terms.

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Upright pianos, $75; $5 monthly. New self-playing pianos, $350. Call and hear them.

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The entire stock of trunks, satchels, bags, office fixtures, safes, etc., of T. B. PEDDIE & CO., will be sold at public auction, in lots, at the store, No. 368 Broadway, New York City, N. Y., on Thursday, April 21, 1910, commencing at ten-thirty o'clock forenoon. The goods may be inspected at the store from April 14th to and including April 20th.

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Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

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Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Harrisburg, Penn.; R. H. Cochran, colored dress goods; 2 Walker Street; The Breslin.
Crown Hat Company, Detroit, Mich.; D. C. Drease, boys' clothing; 2 Walker Street; The Breslin.
Sisson Brothers & Welden Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; L. R. Marvin, cloaks, suits, and waists; The Breslin.
Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; F. E. Pennock, domestics, dress goods, and silks; J. F. Sperlein, dry goods; 214 Church Street; The Breslin.
Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss C. H. Fuld, ladies' wear; 31 Union Square; The Breslin.
Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. W. Dempsey, gloves, furs, and umbrellas; 243 Leonard Street.
Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; J. R. Towler, general merchandise; 874 Broadway; Hotel Seville.
Hens & Kelly Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; T. C. Dooley, domestics and silks; Hotel Seville.
Frederick & Nelson, Seattle, Wash.; A. B. Kuehn, cloaks and suits; 22 East Seventeenth Street; Hotel Seville.
Lipman, Wolfe & Co., Portland, Ore.; I. N. Levinson, cloaks, suits, and waists, 72 Leonard Street.
Brandels, J. L., & Co., Omaha, Neb.; H. H. Brandels, domestics, 688 Broadway.
Meier & Frank Company, Portland, Ore.; 81 Union Square.
Lexington Dry Goods Company, Lexington, Ky.; C. L. Thompson, notions, hosiery, and cloaks; T. W. Burnett, dress goods; Hotel Latham.
Carter Dry Goods Company, Louisville, Ky.; T. Keely, domestics, 43 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Bergner, P. A., & Co., Peoria, Ill.; P. A. Bergner, millinery and cloaks, 821 Broadway; Park Avenue Hotel.
Roberts Brothers, Portland, Ore.; T. Roberts, cloaks and furnishing goods, 274 Church Street; Hotel St. Denis.
Hornick, M., & Co., Charleston, S. C.; M. Hornick, notions and furnishing goods; Hotel Breslin.
Duffy & McInerney Company, Rochester, N. Y.; H. C. Jensen, millinery, 45 East Seventeenth Street.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss E. Spillane, cloaks, suits, and waists, 214 Church Street.
Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; L. A. North, dress goods, Sixth Avenue and Twentieth Street; Hotel Victoria.
Mabley & Carew Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; R. G. Carew, boys' clothing and ladies' furnishing goods; Hotel Wolcott.
Gilbert, C., Buffalo, N. Y.; millinery; Hotel Broztel.
Clark & Co., Baltimore Md.; Miss M. Campbell, laces and embroideries; Miss E. Kirby, handkerchiefs; Hotel Victoria.
Lisner, A., Washington, D. C.; J. N. Shaw, domestics; Hotel St. Denis.
Kaufman & Co., Richmond, Va.; J. H. Kaufman, cloaks and suits; 621 Broadway.
Siegrist & Fraley, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. J. Glaser, fancy and holiday goods; Mr. Braun, domestics and linens, 884 Broadway.
Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; P. Ullman, laces and embroideries; 684 Broadway.
Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; A. Heper, housefurnishing goods; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Broztell.
Almy, Bigelow & Washburn, Salem, Mass.; A. E. Ellis, house furnishing goods; 2 Walker Street.
Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; F. E. Smith, white goods; T. R. Brownlee, upholstery goods; 72 Leonard Street.
Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; D. J. Morgan, robes; 214 Church Street.
Lisner, A., Washington, D. C.; A. S. Heller, books and jewelry; The Hermitage.
Meldrum, H. A., Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. Ciancy, notions and jewelry; 320 Church Street; Hotel King Edward.
Shortenberg & Robinson Company, Pawtucket, R. I.; P. K. Crofts, upholstery goods; 75 Spring Street.
Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; M. Newman, dress goods; 450 Broome Street.
Brandon-Durrell Company, South Bend, Ind.; T. H. Brandon, cloaks, waists, and hosiery; E. Hogey, laces and trimmings; Hotel York.
Martin & Naylor Company, Gloversville, N. Y.; Mrs. W. E. Jeffers, suits, waists, and cloaks; 41 Union Square.
Healy, R., Worcester, Mass.; A. J. McGrail, cloaks and suits; Hotel Imperial.
May Company, Cleveland, Ohio; E. D. Stout, dry goods; Hotel Cadillac.
Pearson, J. B., & Co., Boston, Mass.; J. B. Pearson, woolens; Hotel Wolcott.
Hudson, J. L., Company, Detroit, Mich.; W. E. Suttington, dress goods and silks; 113 Bleecker Street; Hotel Latham.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; G. Louis, trunks and toys; 438 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.
Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Company, St. Louis, Mo.; M. Gwiener, silks and laces; 621 Broadway.
Hurst, John E., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. E. Hurst, dry goods; W. B. Hurst, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; E. N. Stoner, linens; J. G. Carmony, silks; 2 Walker Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Bernheimer Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; J. E. Berk, ladies' wear; I. I. Woolf, clothing; Hotel Marlborough.
Briscoe, Daniel, Company, Knoxville, Tenn.; J. E. Briscoe, dry goods; J. A. Smith, dry goods; 258 Church Street.
Hoyden Brothers, Omaha, Neb.; W. M. Nash, domestics; Hotel Imperial.
Houston Dry Goods and Notion Company, Houston, Texas; J. L. Souza, dry goods; 110 Fifth Avenue.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; W. Mutter, domestics; W. J. Boyle, silks and dress goods; J. E. Breese, laces, ribbons, trimmings, and handkerchiefs; Miss E. Dean, waists; 214 Church Street; Hotel Grand.
Gimbel Brothers, Milwaukee, Wis.; A. B. Koehler, wash goods; M. J. Flachbeck, domestics; 821 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.
Meekins, Packard & Wheat, Springfield, Mass.; R. H. Stern, dry goods; F. W. Harrison, dry goods; Hotel Broztell.
Breneman Brothers & Co., Lancaster, Penn.; A. H. Breneman, hats; The Breslin.
Levi, A., Schenectady, N. Y., clothing; Grand Hotel.
Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss L. Carter, fancy goods; Miss P. Metzel, fancy goods; 31 Union Square; Grand Hotel.
Graff, A., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; A. F. Lippincott, carpets; Grand Hotel.
Heus & Kelly Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; C. E. Bassett, millinery; The Breslin.
Lion Dry Goods Company, Toledo, Ohio; Miss M. A. Teu, fancy goods; Miss E. Hoyes, laces; 214 Church Street; The Breslin.
Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss E. Goldberg, misses and children's coats and suits; Sixth Avenue and Nineteenth Street; The Breslin.

SALESMEN.—Large manufacturer of kimonos and negligees desires high-class representatives to carry his product as side line for Pacific Coast and Middle West; state full particulars. G 24 Times.

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Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS. A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
BELTS, BAGS, AND FANCY GOODS. Baron & Horowitz, 45 to 51 Lispenard St.
BRUSHES for Household, Toilet and Paint. E. J. Kelly, "Anchor," 104 Chambers St.
CAMP OUTFITS & SPORTSMAN'S GOODS. Chas. J. Godfrey Co., 91 Chambers Street.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS. Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway. Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
CUT GLASS. J. Hoare & Co., (Exhibit.) Grand Hotel.
DOG COLLARS, TRUNK & SHAWL STRAPS George D. Pine, 104 Chambers Street.
FANCY FEATHERS and Feather Novelties. C. Weiker & Co., 9 and 11 W. 4th, n. B'way.
HUMAN HAIR. Milton Mayer, Importer, (Mfg. trade,) 22 W. 21 St.
LADIES' HAND BAGS & NOVELTIES. A. & E. Leather Goods Co., 419-421 Broome St.
MANICURE SUPPLIES. Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
MARABOUT BOAS, MUFFS, & NOVELTIES. Hauser & Davis, Mfrs., 59 East 8th St.
NECKWEAR—Men's. Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway. Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way. Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th Street.
PERFUME AND TALCUM POWDERS. C. H. Selick, "Florentine," 66 Leonard St.
RAINCOATS. Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Avenue.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods. Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS. Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Avenue.
TOYS, NOVELTIES, AND EASTER GOODS. Playmate Toy Mfg. Co., 152 Bleecker Street.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS. James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th Street.

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New steel steamers TROJAN or RENSSELAER leave Pier 46, N. R., foot W. 10th St., at 6 P. M. daily (Saturdays excepted). Sunday steamer touches at Albany. Leave Troy daily (Saturdays excepted) at 7:30 P.M.

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Direct rail connections at Albany and Troy for points North, East and West; horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates.
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is this year free from the Easter interruption.
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Elevator, steam heat; private baths; open surroundings; $3 up daily; $10 up weekly. Booklet. Capacity 500. W. B. COTTEN.

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On the beach. Hot and cold salt water in private baths. Elevator to street. Booklet.
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JACOB B. HAWK.

HOTEL LAMBORN,
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PONCE DE LEON Virginia Ave. and Beach, Atlantic City, N. J. Special Spring rates.
ALFRED B. GRINDROD.

AVON INN Ocean end Virginia Av. Hot water heat; elevator. Home comforts; special Spring rates; cap. 200; white service; write for rates. H.W. Williams

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Adjoining Boardwalk and Steel Pier. European, $1 day and up. American, $2.50 day and up.

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Mountain Top Views
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40 Minutes from Broadway.

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DIGBY, NOVA SCOTIA
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SURROGATE CITATION.

KELLY, WILLIAM H.—The people of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to Christopher A. Buckley, Sr., Charles F. Murphy, Frank Kelly, Joseph P. Kelly, Michael Kelly, Annie K. Nolan, Mary Kelly, Frank Kelly, Thomas Kelly, Rose Kelly Burke, Mary Kelly, Margaret Kelly, Elizabeth Kelly, Jennie Kelly, Frank Kelly, Daniel Gaffney, Lawrence Gaffney, Mary J. Gaffney, Terence Gannon, and to the heirs and next of kin of WILLIAM H. KELLY, whose names and places of residence are unknown and cannot with diligent inquiry be ascertained and if any of them have died since the testator, to their heirs and next of kin, executors, administrators, husbands, wives, devisees, legatees, assigns and legal representatives whose names and places of residence are also unknown and cannot with diligent inquiry be ascertained, the heirs and next of kin of William H. Kelly, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, John G. O'Keefe and John G. H. Meyers, of the City of New York, have lately applied to the Surrogate's Court of our County of New York, to have a certain instrument in writing relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last Will and Testament of William H. Kelly, late of the County of New York, deceased, Therefore, you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the Sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and ten, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last Will and Testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited, as are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the Seal of the Surrogate's Court of the [L. S.] said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said County, the 17th day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ten.

DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.
JOHN H. CORWIN, Attorney for Petitioners, 150 Nassau Street, New York City.

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You breathe in lungfuls of the good salt air of Long Island Sound—

On the way to Boston by Fall River Line steamer.

Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:30 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.
Fare to Boston..... $3

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Briarcliff Manor, New York,
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THE SAGAMORE,
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In the heart of the Adirondacks. Modern and first-class rooms en suite; private baths; single rooms. Bass and trout fishing, boating, fine tennis courts, &c. Illustrated booklet on application. Call or address JAS. H. REARDON, Town and Country Hotel Bureau, 389 Fifth Avenue, New York.

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New, select, and refined—best situated in Paris.

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Quiet. Refined. Home-like. Secluded yet central. Covered-way connection with Underground Railway System. Luxurious Lounge. Superior Cuisine. A la carte or inclusive terms. For illustrated booklet and full information address Town & Country Travel Bureau, 389 Fifth Avenue, N.Y.

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The Leading hotel at Delaware Water Gap, Pa. Now open under same management as the past three seasons. Every convenience and amusement. American plan, also A la Carte. Own farm and green houses. Orchestra. Write for booklet showing hotel, Kittatinny Mt. Park scenes, auto maps, etc. Special Spring rates. Livery. Garage.
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Second-hand cash registers, office furniture, chairs, safes, adding machines, partitions, mimeographs, $8; typewriters, time clocks, filing cabinets. Nathan's, 4 White.

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NEW MAMMOTH SS.
LAPLAND, April 23 11 A.M.
Glass-enclosed Promenade, Verandah Cafe, Lounge, Elevator, Orchestra, Shop, Wireless, etc.
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Celtic.....Apr. 23, 10 AM Arabic....May 7
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BERMUDA $20 and up Round Trip

By 6,000 Ton S. S. "OROTAVA." Sailing every Wednesday at 10 A. M. from Pier 52 North River, N. Y.
WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY AND BILGE KEELS.
Orchestra. High-Class Cuisine. Electric Fans in All Rooms.

SPECIAL TOURS OF 12 DAYS, $45 according to location. The right trip at the right time for a short vacation.

During April and May, when Lilies and Oleanders are in bloom. This includes transportation, meals, hotels, drives, visit to Stalactite Caves and Submarine Gardens, etc.

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Forty hours to the land of flowers.

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Largest and Fastest Steamers
S. S. Bermudian, 5530 Tons, $20 and up
Every Wednesday from New York, 10 A. M. Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels.
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Sailing every Saturday from New York, 10 A. M. Gymnasium, Orchestra, Electric Fans.
For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts., QUEBEC S. S. CO., LTD., 29 Broadway, New York. THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Agts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., Quebec.

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Wireless and Submarine Signals.
To London, Paris, Bremen.
Express Sailings, Tuesdays, 10 A.M.
K. Wm d. Gr.....Apl. 19
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K. Wilhelm II.....May 10
Plymouth, Cherbourg, Bremen.
Twin-Screw Sailings.
Thurs'ys, 10 A.M.
P. F. Wm. Apr. 21
*Zieten.....Apr. 28
G. Washington...May 5
Bremen.....May 12
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To Gibraltar, Naples, and Genoa.
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Berlin (New).....Apr. 23
Friedrich der Gr....April 30
Neckar.....May 7
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International Exhibition to commemorate the First Centenary of the Argentine Republic, to be held in the city of BUENOS AIRES from May to September, can be best reached via the large and luxurious steamers of the
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Sailing from New York, 5th & 20th of each month.
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THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY **R. M. S. P.**
JAMAICA-COLON, BARBADOS, Etc.
Atrato.....Apr. 30 Oruba.....May 28
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Tours of 12 to 25 days from $95 up.
Cruises to the North Cape by R. M. S. P. 11,500-Ton Twin Screw S. S. Avon, June to Aug.
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BALTIMORE STEAM PACKET COMPANY,
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Leave Baltimore every week day at 6:30 P. M. Finest steamers South of New York. Equipped with wireless telegraphy. All the delicacies of the Chesapeake. Delicious meals. Refreshing night's rest. Through tickets at principal railroad ticket offices. Staterooms engaged at S. A. L. Ry. Office, 1,183 B'way.

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7TH—42ND—B'WAY
Unusual Cooking—Old Wines—Good Music
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CLARK'S TOURS TO EUROPE
A few choice Tours with small membership; high class. "C," April 30, $465; "D," May 21, $515; "Ideal," May 10, $820; North Cape, $650; others at $275 upward. All include Passion Play.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

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Telephone Your Reservation.

HOTEL EMPIRE RESTAURANT
Broadway (Lincoln Square) & 63d St.
The West Side's most popular Restaurant. Exceptionally Good Music.
No

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10 cents per agate line each insertion.

An English society, established forty years, social and beneficial, with joint funds of a half million dollars and a membership of thirty thousand, desires to increase its usefulness by adding members to its roll. Englishmen resident in this country are requested to address, stating age, Brittiania, 68 West 39th St.

Wanted—Address of Fred B. Mulcox, Fred I. Smith. B 140 Times Downtown.

Lost.

35c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—Flute belonging to Mrs. Raymond Duncan, stolen from her dressing room, Berkeley Theatre, after 8 o'clock Monday evening, April 11; wooden flute, silver-plated keys, Boehm system, made by Ritterhauser of Berlin; maker's name and factory number and trade mark of eagle stamped on mouthpiece; in old black leather-covered suitcase with broken hinges and maker's name in gold on inside lining. A reward of $20 will be paid for information leading to the recovery of this flute by Mrs. Raymond Duncan, Hotel St. Marguerite, 129 West 47th St.

LOST.—Saturday afternoon, April 16, between 10 East 75th St. and Columbia University, via Madison Av., 116th St. crosstown, Broadway and Amsterdam, lady's gold open-face watch and silver chain; monogram L. C. on cover; photo and date inside. Liberal reward if returned to 10 East 75th St.

LOST—Saturday afternoon, between 34th St. Subway and Bond St., Brooklyn, a necklace set with amethysts and pearls. Liberal reward paid if returned to Mrs. Geo. Graves, 114 West 11th St. Telephone 3085 Chelsea.

LOST—On April 12, a black silk watch fob with 3 gold engraved bars, representing Sigfried killing the dragon, and one bearing initials, "S. S. P."; suitable reward and no questions asked. 19 West 70th St.

LOST—Southern Pacific Company common stock certificate No. C. 8725, for 5 shares, in the name ("Miss) Helen Forman." Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate should not be issued. Helen Forman.

LOST—$50.00 reward for heart pendant, sapphire surrounded by small diamonds, and platinum chain; lost April 15, between Broadway and 41st and 66th Street. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Avenue, 37th Street.

LOST—April 9, sunburst brooch, 8 or 9 diamonds; probably on Broadway Subway or Halsey St. car, Brooklyn; liberal reward if returned to Mrs. L. A. Larsen, 600 West 167th St.

LOST—A diamond brooch, on Saturday evening, between 91st St. and Empire Theatre, in Subway, Broadway car, or Kaiserhof. Liberal reward if returned to Room 504, 111 Broadway.

LOST—Vicinity Waldorf or New Jersey Central train from Newark, Friday, 15th, framed eyeglasses, probably in case, marked maker's name. 26 East 23d St.; $2.00 reward.

LOST—Sunday afternoon, between 80th and 94th Sts., gold ring with green jade setting. Finder please communicate with J. C. Wilson, 305 West 80th St.

LOST—Saturday, engagement ring, engraved "C. A. S., 1909, B. A. L.," 18th St., near Broadway; liberal reward. Telephone Searle, 2482 Broad.

LOST.—April 16, lady's gold open-face watch, monogram, silk fob, between 27th-45th Sts., near 5th Av. Telephone 8140—Madison Square.

LOST—Between Hotel Pierrepont and 86th St. and 5th Av., on Monday, round silver filigree brooch; reward if found. Hotel Pierrepont.

LOST.—Diamond crescent, platinum and gold setting. Liberal reward if returned to Mrs. R. W. Sweetser, 518 West 111th St.

LOST.—Pearl and diamond pin, on 122d St., between Broadway and Amsterdam Av. Mrs. Miller, 330 West 122d St. Reward.

LOST—Gold locket, diamond monogram "S. M.," keepsake. Meisner, 801 Courtlandt Av.

LOST—Fraternity pin, engraved "Helen Thoburn," &c.; reward. 3 Gramercy Park, city.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Large St. Bernard dog; dark color, long hair; no collar; had slipped it; answers to name Barrett; suitable reward. A. L. Heyer, 318 East 39th St.

LOST.—A black and white setter dog; Jupiter on Collar; wart under right eye; black ears. Reward. 605 West 181st St.

LOST.—French bull, Linden Av., Flatbush; female; liberal reward; no questions asked. Owner, 315 Linden Av., Flatbush.

$10 REWARD return black cocker spaniel, male dog named Sport; when lost very fat; no questions asked. During day telephone 4842 Chelsea; evening address Perkins, 233 East 18th St.

Found.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

ADVERTISE FOUND ARTICLES.
The Law:

"A person who finds lost property under circumstances which gives him knowledge or means of inquiring as to the true owner, and who appropriates such property to his own use, or to the use of another person who is not entitled thereto, without having first made every reasonable effort to find the owner and restore the property to him, is guilty of larceny."—New York State Penal Code.

Lost and Found advertisements for The New York Times may be left at any Advertising Agency, or call 1000 Bryant.

FOUND, April 18.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PROVIDENCE, Fall River Line: Cap, book, back comb, pipe and sample, baby shirt, hairbrush, 2 pins. S. S. CHAPIN, New Haven Line: Comb. S. S. LOWELL, Norwich Line: Letter, whisk broom, key.

FOUND, April 18—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: Umbrella, package, lady's coat, valise, railroad ticket, two pairs gloves.

FOUND, April 18—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply foot Liberty St., City: Pair gloves, umbrella, eyeglasses.

FOUND, April 18—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Two packages.

FOUND, April 18—DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Two umbrellas, two commutation tickets, three packages.

FOUND, April 18—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Umbrella, pair shoes, coat, two straw hats, boy's suit of clothes, package of glassware, umbrella.

FOUND, April 18—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: RAILROAD TRAINS—Suit of underwear, pajama pants, coat, 3 nightshirts, 2 umbrellas, shirt, cap, memorandum book, picture book, book and candy, comb and brush, card case, 2 books, pair rubbers, suit pajamas, 8 pair gloves, nail file, tennis shoes and chips, handbag, cuff button, safety razor, card case, 7 umbrellas, overcoat, package, handbag. JERSEY CITY STATION—Suitcase, toilet set, suitcase.

FOUND, April 16 and 17—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: 2D AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, bag, gloves, papers, bank book, photo cards, overalls, aprons, waist, handkerchief, muff, medicine. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Hat, cane, 8 umbrellas, glasses, cigars, music, books, gloves, pictures, keys, photo, hats, bag, pants, socks, silk, waist, apron, 2 fishing rods, wax, wine, tripod, mirror. 6TH AV. ELEVATED—Cane, 6 umbrellas, purse, bag, music, gloves, keys, knife, hats, bags, collars, evening papers, box, pocketbook, handkerchiefs, wood. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Book, cane, umbrella, parasol, hat, books, gloves, underwear, badge, pin, case. SUBWAY—5 umbrellas, watch, pin, bags, purses, glasses, books, music, blueprints, gloves, laundry, dry goods, shawl, neckpin, hat, photo, comb, belt, jug, paint, drill, saw.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.
Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington. (58.)

BLOOD'S BUREAU FOR GRADUATE MEN AND WOMEN NURSES AND MASSAGE OPERATORS. On call day and night. 241 West 137th St. 'Phone 4590-4591 Audubon.

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Fillsbury, 607 5th Av. 6185—Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

COOK.—Finnish girl; best references; has friend as waitress. Weid's Bureau, 324 Columbus Av.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 53d St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, [illegible] Bond $1,000 guarantees colored help. 2139 Seventh Av. 'Phone 4600 Morning.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET,
BROOKLYN.

Require several experienced saleswomen for their ladies' shoe, jewelry, and lace departments. Apply by mail or in person to Superintendent.

A WELL-EDUCATED WOMAN of social experience to organize a nature club. Apply Monday and Tuesday, Houghton Mifflin Co., 85 5th Av.

COOK and LAUNDRESS.—Girl; references. Kastor, 495 West End Av., (84th.)

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER for three in family; plain cook and laundress; small private house; salary, $25. Call Tuesday and Wednesday, 535 West 141st St.

GIRLS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require several well-recommended girls for permanent positions as parcel wrappers; good opportunities for advancement.
Apply at office of General Manager.

GIRL for general housework, family three adults. Call 10-12 A. M., H. C. Isaacs, 220 West 107th St., City.

NURSE.—Protestant; good salary if satisfactory; give experience and salary expected. P. C. W., Tuxedo Club, Tuxedo Park, N. Y.

SALESWOMEN to handle a line of dinner cards for stationers, jewelers, and caterers. C. D., Box 207 Times.

SALESWOMEN to handle a line for infants' department, New York, West, and South. S. D., Box 317 Times.

WANTED—Waist finishers and improvers, also skirt hands. J. D. Spooner, 105 East 55th St.

WOMAN, bright, of good address, to develop into position of special representative; good opening for woman of initiative. The Century Co., Union Square.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 88 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ARCHITECT'S SPECIFICATION WRITER WANTED.—Thoroughly experienced in all branches of the work. Call or write giving complete experience, references, and salary; permanent position. Schwartz & Gross, 347 5th Av., city.

BOOKKEEPER, with department store experience, progressive, reliable, competent to manage office; good future for right man with good references. A. Neuhaus & Co., Columbus Av., 82d St.

BUSHELMEN.
R. H. MACY & CO. require experienced, competent bushelmen for their Men's Clothing Department.
Apply at office of General Manager.

CANVASSERS for the wonderful world watch; tells time anywhere; sells at $2; no competition; big money. Room 504, 95 Liberty St., city.

COLLECTOR—Active, intelligent business man, about 30, to collect and adjust accounts; good opportunity for advancement; salary to start $12. Address C. M., 315 Times.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES WANTED.—Write for New York examination schedule; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept., 260N, Rochester, N. Y.

PACKERS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require experienced china, glass, and crockery packers. Apply at Supt. Delivery, 34th St. entrance driveway.

SALESMEN WANTED—No experience required; hundreds of positions now open paying from $100 to $500 monthly; if you want a good position our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how to get it. Write (or call) for it to-day. Address National Salesmen's Training Assn., 810 D Flatiron Bldg., New York. Branches: Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Atlanta.

SALESMEN, CANVASSERS.—Visit paint, hardware, and roofing stores; sell good article, side line. Blackman's Inside Leader Brush Co., 206 East 5th St.

SALESMEN to handle a line of dinner cards for stationers, jewelers, and caterers. D. C., Box 162 Times.

SALESMEN to handle line for infants' department on commission basis, New York, West, and South. D. S., Box 307 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Wanted, shipping clerk, thoroughly familiar with the wholesale grocery line; be sober and steady otherwise pay no attention to this advertisement. Austin, Nichols & Co., 61 Hudson St.

STENOGRAPHER and general sales assistant.—Salary $8 to $10. Call 11 o'clock, Mr. Eruhn, the Binger Co., 765 Broadway.

WANTED—Four specialty salesmen to sell new proposition in Jersey property; leads furnished; lots sell at $16. Call between 9 and 10 Monday and Tuesday. La Grange Realty & Development Co., Inc., 1 East 42d St., City.

WANTED—A boy in a law office; must be at least 16 years of age and reside with parents. Address in applicant's own handwriting, S. O., 110 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—Bookkeeper, experienced in newspaper work; state age, salary, and experience. Address K., New York Times, Times Square.

WANTED.—Bookkeeper, experienced in newspaper work; state age, salary, and experience. Address K., New York Times.

WANTED—Experienced and skilled proofreaders; references required. Address G 8 Times.

WANTED—Experienced and skilled proofreaders; references required. Address G, 8 Times.

$100.00 WILL BE PAID by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Agents Wanted.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

AT LAST!—Agents everywhere have been waiting for a perfect hand vacuum household cleaner, within easy reach of every home; OUR HAND VACUUM cleaner does the work of the most expensive electric vacuum cleaning plant.
HOUSEWIVES SNAP IT UP.
There is a big margin for salesmen. Send postal for descriptive circular and terms. UTILITY IMPORT AND EXPORT CO., Fourth Avenue Building, New York.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

BOOKKEEPER, (Massachusetts,) $18; stenographer, $15; manager's assistant, $15; others. Mighill, (Position Broker,) Flatiron Building.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, typewriters, office assistants, cashiers, furnished free. Wright Agency, 335 Broadway. Franklin 973.

Domestic Help.

A. A.—HOFMAYER'S EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 320 5th Av., 9th floor. Telephone 4527 Madison Square.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 729 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4696—Plaza.

MISS BRINKLEY
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.
4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.
Competent servants supplied after a careful, thorough investigation of their references.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

YORKVILLE EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 1,[illegible] Lexington Av.—Wanted, cooks, general housework[illegible], chambermaids, and [illegible]; telephone[illegible].

For Those in Search of Desirable Furnished Rooms

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

7TH AVE., 2,504.—Nicely furnished room to rent to gentleman; private family; all conveniences; near L and Subway; reasonable; apartment 14.

9TH ST., 39 WEST.—Medium and small rooms; well furnished; telephone.

12TH ST., 126 WEST.—Large room; running water; telephone.

15TH ST., 357 WEST.—Large front room, one flight; baths; floor all conveniences; private house.

17TH ST., 44 WEST.—Large and smaller front, rear rooms; hot, cold water; $2.50-$5.

19TH ST., 237 WEST.—Large furnished room for two gentlemen; heat and bath.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; gentlemen; references.

45TH ST., 232 WEST.—Large, cheerful room, with private bath; also hall room; comfortable home.

46TH ST., 29 WEST.—Small and large rooms, adjoining; private family; gentlemen preferred; reference.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Exceptionally beautiful; private baths; 'phone; breakfast; refined; reasonable.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Exceptionally beautiful rooms; private bath; 'phone; breakfasts.

48TH ST., 113 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room, with private bath; reasonable.

50TH ST., 51 WEST.—Private American family; elegantly furnished large room, connecting bath; gentleman; reference.

50TH ST., 70 WEST.—Two rooms, private bath, $8; small rooms; hot water; telephone.

51ST ST., 247 WEST.—Large and small furnished rooms.

61ST ST., 126 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; near Subway and "L"; private family. Ripel.

64TH, 119 W.—Unusually pleasant room; attractively furnished; all improvements; low rental until Sept.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

70TH ST., 146 WEST.—Large room, private modern house; references; permanent; reasonable Summer rate.

71ST ST., 73 WEST.—Large room; suitable 2 gentlemen; twin bed; adjoining bath; $4 each.

73D, 175 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; conveniences; single, en suite; telephone; sunny exposure.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; electric light; possession May 1st; reference.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large second-story front room; breakfast optional; telephone; reference.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room with extension, suitable physician; reception room, service; telephone.

79TH ST., 130 WEST.—Suite, parlor floor; private bath; select house; also room; southern exposure.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelor's handsome, airy, rear room; quiet, refined surroundings; private residence; reference.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Private house; newly furnished rooms; southern exposure; telephone; references.

81ST ST., 102 WEST.—Desirable large parlor; running water; convenient "L" and Subway; private house.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Well-furnished, light rooms; baths; telephone; gentlemen only; references. Inquire mornings.

82D, 45 WEST.—Attractive front room, private bath; well appointed house; telephone.

83D ST., 65 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite of two or three sunny rooms, suitable for two gentlemen; private bath; telephone; all conveniences; near Subway and "L"; $15 weekly; references.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Desirable, warm, sunny, large, small; abundant hot water; private house; telephone.

83D ST., 73 West.—Nicely furnished room, reasonable, with private family; all conveniences. Meiners.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful, large room, with bath; private house; references.

84TH ST., 149 WEST.—Parlor suite; ground floor; independent entrance; suitable married couple; conveniences. Bell.

85TH ST., 102 WEST.—Large and well-furnished room, bath, 'phone; with private family; reasonable. Rutt.

85TH ST., 120 WEST.—Large, small rooms, delightful back, front parlors, suitable doctor; telephone; Subway.

85TH ST., 255 WEST.—Handsome large room or suite; private family; gentlemen or married couple.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

86TH ST., 71 WEST.—Dainty, light room; running water; choice location; private family; references. Hayden.

92D ST., 202 WEST.—Comfortable room, southern exposure; adjoining bath; near Subway and L; reference. Muller.

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Scrupulously clean, newly, charmingly furnished, light rooms; $1.50 to $6. Henderson.

101ST ST., 8 WEST.—Nicely furnished suite rooms or separate; large, light, convenient; 6140—Riverside.

108D, 81 WEST.—Large, sunny front room, $5; gentlemen; also large room, $3. Phelps.

104TH ST., 66 WEST, (The Hudson.)—Housekeeping, large and single rooms; $2 up. 7658 Riverside.

110TH, 217 WEST.—Beautiful room; exclusive apartment, opposite Park; "L," Subway one block. White.

112TH, 507 WEST, (Broadway.)—Handsome suite; southern exposure; telephone; exclusive; moderate; refined gentleman. Murray.

112TH ST., 504 WEST.—Furnished for one or two; elevator; 'phone; shower; references. Cooke.

118TH ST., 419 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Attractive front rooms, suite and single; high-class elevator apartment; Subway one block. Inquire elevator boy.

121ST ST., 164 WEST.—Desirable large room suitable for two; modern conveniences; telephone.

121ST ST., 203 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, front room, suitable two; conveniences; telephone; quiet house.

122D ST., 509 WEST.—Parlor, alcove, front south; elevator; fine dining room; Summer rates. Howell.

127TH ST., 112 WEST.—Furnished or unfurnished back parlor, suitable for doctor; all conveniences; southern exposure; Lenox Av. Subway.

132D ST., 236 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant well furnished room with select private family; references.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 223, (82d.)—Parlor suite; separate entrance; private family; references.

MANHATTAN AV., 27, (Near 102d.)—Newly furnished large, small rooms; elevator; telephone 4920 Riverside. Edgar.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600, Corner 137th St.—Ideal Summer location; luxurious suite; private bath; large room; running water; every modern convenience; Subway express at corner; meal accommodations. Pierson.

ROOMS in bachelor suite, 142d St. West; telephone, electric lights, shower bath; three minutes to Hudson River; near Subway and elevated; $4 and $5 per week; references required. Lawrence Dunham, 31 Nassau St.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Elegantly furnished room, with private bath; $10 per week; hotel service.

WEST END AV., Cor. 94th, Telephone River—1228.—Private family; two single outside rooms; reasonable to business people; board optional.

East Side.

17TH ST., 113 EAST.—Large front parlor; also medium-sized front, rear rooms; running water; attractive those appreciate well-ordered house.

17TH ST., 216 EAST.—Desirable furnished room for gentleman; private house; bath, running water; references.

21ST ST., 139 EAST, overlooking park.—Furnished rooms, without board; running water; steam heat.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable rooms; private house; references.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Rooms; private bath.

46TH ST., 10 EAST, (6854—Murray Hill.)—Large room; private bath optional; private house; gentleman.

55TH ST., 106 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms for gentlemen; small; all conveniences.

58TH ST., 36 EAST.—Rooms; single, en suite; references.

68TH ST., 226 EAST.—Single front room, nicely furnished; bath; private house; convenient L.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms, tiled bath rooms; beds, box springs; absolute cleanliness; corner building.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable large and small rooms; private baths; board optional; telephone; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 6.—Refined, convenient; neighborhood Gramercy Park; exceptionally large, bright, airy room for gentleman or couple; $40 monthly; bath, dressing room; telephone; also single room, $16; small private, well-kept house.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

COOK, German, wishes position in hotel or boarding house; city or country. M. S., 229 3d Av., first floor.

DRESSMAKING home or out by day, $2.50; first-class. Box 12, 1,515 3d Av.

GOVERNESS.—An accomplished, experienced governess, speaking, teaching perfect French, German, English, music, desires position good American family; children 6-15; excellent teacher, traveler; highest references. Education, 233 East 60th St.

MASSAGE.—Wonderful recuperative power; children especially; highest medical references. Miss Osborn, 443 West 22d St.

NURSE.—Refined Protestant young girl to help nurse with small children; spend nights at her own home. Call Lesan, Graham Court, 116th St. and 7th Av., 10 to 12.

NURSE, &c.—As visiting nurse, governess; best references; middle-aged woman; French. G 29 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady; highest credentials, eight years' experience Wall St., desires position; has had charge "follow up" system for prospective customers for large bond house. B 138 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school education, eight months' experience, good speller, neat penman, desires permanent position with advancement; quick to learn; salary $7 to begin. Willing, B 134 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; quick operator; transcribe accurately, rapidly; not afraid of work; understands office work; ready to begin immediately; references; $15. Capable, B 135 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Employer recommends exceptionally competent girl; perfect speller, grammarian; experienced. B. D., 146 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner, good education, active worker, desires position where she can advance; small salary. Miss Brow, 419 East 85th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; high school education; rapid, accurate; salary $15. Miss L., B 139 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—By intelligent American girl; experienced; spells, reads notes correctly. Louise, 123 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT.
156 Fifth Av.
Room 923; telephone 2458 Gramercy; audits, investigations, systematizing, reports; books kept for small concerns, trustees, and estates; highest references; reasonable rates.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, employed during the day, wants work three or four evenings a week with firms not employing regular bookkeepers. B 122 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Joseph Nemerov, 200 5th Av., auditor, investigator, systematizer, bookkeeper, expert; reasonable. Gramercy 2062.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT. — Books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeepers $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 231, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2471 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, auditor, chief clerk, or assistant to manager; high-grade expert and young man of sterling character and ability; with wide experience; best references. C. Watson, Room 1,822 Park Row Building, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER wants better position; 20 years' experience railroad and mercantile work; with large corporation past 5 years. A 192 Times Downtown.

BOY, 18, wants clerical position; willing. B 141 Times Downtown.

CARETAKER.—Married couple, caretaker of residence; excellent references as butler and cook; husband employed during the day. Caretaker, care of Voudy, 200 West 81st St.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, first-class reference, wishes position with private party. Marshall, 406 East 79th St.

CHEF.—Colored; thoroughly experienced; dinner, butcher, carver; economical manager. Johnson, 262 West 47th St. Bailey.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY STUDENT EMPLOYMENT COMMITTEE can furnish thoroughly competent men and women tutors and companions; also clerks and draftsmen for part time and Summer work. Employment Committee, Sub-station 84, City. Telephone 1400 Morningside.

DETECTIVE seeks work by day or week; shadowing, investigating. Bean, 892 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

GARDENER wishes position as head gardener on first-class gentleman's estate; thoroughly understands growing of flowers, fruit, and vegetables under glass, and outside care of lawn, flower beds, shrubs, &c.; understands landscape work; first-class references. Address letters Gardener, 850 3d Av.

MECHANIC'S HELPER.—Young man, 19, wishes position in garage mechanic's helper; inexperienced; employed at present; can be seen evenings. Wilkens, 1,876 Park Av.

PAINTING, Graining, paperhanging, kalsomining, good class; landlord; private; city, country. Richards, 330 East 126th.

YOUNG married man, country bred, wants position where there is plenty of hard work; do not want soap job; thoroughly experienced in office work, but willing to do anything. Box 192 Times, 80 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 17, wishes position with some one to travel; well recommended and honest. Raymond Gallatovits, 311 East 72d.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wants office position where there is advancement. B 136 Times Downtown.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

7TH AV., 2,053, 123d St.—Airy, well-kept rooms; first-class board; private block; references.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Large room, comfortably furnished; running water; telephone; good table.

11TH ST., 27 WEST.—Double room; running water; telephone; good table.

16TH ST., 20-22-33 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; excellent board; telephone.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and room for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

48TH ST., 103 WEST.—Attractive, large and single; cleanliness; superior board; table guests; references.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; physician or family; other large and small rooms; board optional; near Central Park.

72D, 133 WEST.—Desirable, large front room; also medium sized and hall room; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Rooms; high-class accommodations; cuisine unexcelled; moderate; references; table guests accommodated.

76TH ST., 108 WEST.—Unusual opportunity secure medium front room; first-class board; homelike; references.

78TH, 212 WEST.—Excellent table board and rooms; refined American family; telephone; Subway.

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Exceptional table; handsomely furnished, scrupulously clean kept rooms; Summer rate; references.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; all conveniences; near "L"; table guests.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room; all conveniences; southern exposure; good board; telephone; references.

94TH ST., 188 WEST.—Large front room, adjoining bath; excellent table; table guests; business people.

95TH ST., 75 WEST.—Large, sunny front rooms; superior board; back parlor, suitable for physician; telephone, 7561 Riverside; Subway express; references.

104TH, 59 TO 63 WEST.—Private bath, suite, $20; married couple or gentlemen; other rooms, $8 upward; parlor dining room; Southern cooking; references exchanged; all transportations convenient.

113TH, 414 WEST.—Square, sunny, side, large front rooms; board optional; Summer rates. Levan.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Rooms, newly furnished and decorated; table a specialty; table guests; references.

126TH ST., 108 WEST.—Desirable rooms; all conveniences; Summer terms; near B'way Subway, "The Audubon."—Present vacancies: One large room, adjoining bath, $15 weekly for two; another, $20; a smaller room, $8.00; private 'phone; large reception parlor; capacious porch and garden in rear of buildings; good home cooking; social surroundings; a real home; Wash. Heights is the most beautiful and healthiest section in city; write for booklet.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

MADISON AV., 169, Corner 33d St.—Exceptional table board by the week or single.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 713, WASHINGTON Heights.—Large and small rooms and excellent board.

THE MARBLE HOUSE,
BROADWAY, AT 215TH STREET.
BEAUTIFUL ROOMS. GORGEOUSLY DECORATED.
Overlooking Hudson, Palisades, Harlem River, Spuyten Duyvil.
IMMENSE GROUNDS. SUPERIOR TABLE. LARGE SUITE; TELEPHONE; GARAGE. SUBWAY STATION AT ENTRANCE.

East Side.

177TH ST., 116 EAST.—Front parlor, suitable light business or small family; table board; telephone.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

21ST ST., 54 EAST.—Desirable double and single rooms; excellent board; telephone; under new management.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST. The Naylor.
Parlor suite; private bath; other desirable rooms.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Large suites, separate rooms; second floor; private bath; elevator; excellent board.

MADISON AV., 604-606, near 62d St.—Single and double rooms, with excellent board.

MADISON AV., 159.—Large rooms, table board.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5.—Heights; Subway 5 minutes Broadway; trolley connects all districts Greater New York, seaside; table choicest products New York markets; $9 to $25 week. Tel. 905 Main.

GREENE AV., 41, (Brooklyn.)—Some of my guests have been with me for years; they claim my house and table are homelike; parlor floor dining room accommodates fifty.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston, on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance; special rates starting season early. Apply direct or 1,123 Broadway.

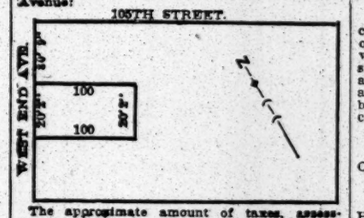
New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—Rooms, with excellent table; near station and golf club. 14 Walnut Crescent. Tel. 301 J.

Say you saw it in The Times.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—SAMUEL A. McGUIRE, plaintiff, against EMILY M. KALLOCH and others, defendants.
In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 6th day of December, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8th day of March, 1910, at twelve o'clock noon on that day, by Samuel Goldsticker, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:
All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the City and County of New York, bounded and described as follows:
Beginning at a point on the easterly side of West End Avenue, distant eighty (80) feet nine (9) inches southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of West End Avenue with the southerly side of 105th Street; running thence easterly, parallel with 105th Street or nearly so and a part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet; thence southerly, and parallel with West End Avenue or nearly so, twenty (20) feet and two (2) inches; thence westerly, and again parallel with 105th Street or nearly so, and a part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet to the easterly side of West End Avenue, aforesaid; thence northerly, along the easterly side of West End Avenue, twenty (20) feet and two (2) inches to the point of beginning.
Dated New York, January 27th, 1910.
ADAM WIENER, Referee.
FLANNAGAN & ERSKINE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
32 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 910 West End Avenue:



The approximate amount of taxes, assessments and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $419.81 and interest.
The said premises will be sold subject to a mortgage, now a lien thereon, in favor of the New York Savings Bank, upon which there is due and unpaid the principal sum of $30,000.00, with interest at the rate of 4½% per annum from the first day of December, 1909.
Dated New York, January 27th, 1910.
ADAM WIENER, Referee.
FLANNAGAN & ERSKINE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
32 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
Pursuant to stipulation of parties hereto, the sale of the above-named premises is hereby adjourned to Tuesday, March 29th, 1910, at the same time and place.
Dated New York, March 8th, 1910.
ADAM WIENER, Referee.
The sale of the above premises is hereby adjourned to Tuesday, April 26th, 1910, at the same time and place.
Dated New York, March 29th, 1910.
ADAM WIENER, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—MICHAEL J. COHALAN, as Receiver, &c., and others, Plaintiffs, against PRISCILLA TOWNSEND PARKER STARIN, as Extrx., &c., and others, Defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 1st day of March, 1910, and filed and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 10th day of March, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8

DELAWARE & HUDSON FACES STRIKE TO-DAY

Only an Eleventh-Hour Surrender Like Lackawanna's Can Avert It, Men Say.

DEMAND THE B. & O. SCALE

Strike Poll of a Week Completed Yesterday Shows Majority of the Men Ready to Enforce Wishes.

Special to The New York Times.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., April 18.—Whether the Delaware & Hudson Railroad Company will grant the demands of its men as did the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western at the last hour last night, or will see them go out on strike, will be determined to-morrow when the time limit for the company to grant the demands of the men expires. The strike poll, which has been under way for a week, was completed this morning, and it is understood among the railroaders here that the great majority of the men are in favor of a strike.

The engineers, firemen, conductors, telegraphers, and trainmen are all asking for advances in wages and various concessions, and the men believe in taking the extreme step of a strike to force the company to grant their demands. They are well organized, and predict that if a strike is called, practically every man of the five brotherhoods will obey it and go out.

The leaders of the brotherhoods say they believe that the company will grant the demands, but until they are sure they will continue conducting the preparations for a strike.

The men demand the scale of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

M. W. Cadle of Cleveland, Assistant Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Engineers, left Scranton to-day for Albany, where he will hold a conference with the higher officials of the company to-night.

It is thought the settlement of the grievances on the Lackawanna Railroad will alter the situation on the Delaware & Hudson so far as the company's side is concerned, and that at the last minute a compromise will be reached and a strike averted.

ALBANY, April 18.—General Manager C. S. Sims of the Delaware & Hudson Company was not in Albany to-day, and no statement was forthcoming concerning the possibility of a settlement of the grievances of the road's employes.

BALTIMORE, April 18.—Announcement of an amicable adjustment of the wage question between the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company and its locomotive firemen was made at the headquarters of the company here to-day. Under the terms of the agreement the men receive an average increase of 5½ to 6 per cent.

The settlement was reached after six days of conferences between a committee of the road's firemen and the management, no occasion for the intervention of the national officers of the men's brotherhood having arisen.

CENTRAL TAKES UP DEMANDS.

Arbitrators and Officials of Allied Roads Affected by Decision Sit in Conference.

Arbitration of the demands of New York Central trainmen and conductors started yesterday in the office of P. E. Crowley, Assistant General Superintendent, and it is likely to last several days.

E. E. Clark of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and P. H. Morrissey, President of the Railroad Employes and Investors' Association, the two arbitrators, arrived in this city yesterday morning and were met at the Hotel Manhattan by Grand Master Garretson of the Order of Railroad Conductors and Grand Master Lee of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Grievance Committees of the men.

The heads of the organizations and the arbitrators had a brief interview with President Brown on the question of open or executive sessions. The railroad officials were in favor of open sessions. The labor men wanted hearings in executive sessions and won out, the railroad not pressing the point.

General Superintendent T. E. Clarke and Vice President E. E. Loomis of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad came from Scranton to attend the conference, the Lackawanna having agreed to be bound by the findings of the Central arbitrators. The conductors and trainmen of the Lackawanna were represented by A. T. Downey and W. J. Welsh, Chairmen, respectively, of its Grievance Committees of conductors and trainmen.

The Boston & Albany, a branch of the New York Central, which comes under the present arbitration proceedings, was also represented, and some of the Vanderbilt lines which are allied more or less with the New York Central and the Boston & Albany, including the Michigan Central, Lake Shore, West Shore, Pittsburg & Lake Erie, Big Four, Lake Erie & Western, and the Nickel Plate. There are 5,700 trainmen directly affected by the result of the arbitration independent of the allied roads, which bring the number affected directly and indirectly up to 35,000.

The New York Central was represented by General Manager Smith and Assistant General Superintendent Crowley.

The morning session was occupied by Grand Master Garretson of the Order of Railroad Conductors, who presented the claims of the conductors. In the afternoon W. G. Lee, Grand Master of the trainmen, argued their side of the case, and both were answered by General Manager Smith. To-day the representatives of the trainmen and conductors will speak, and President Brown, who was absent from yesterday's meeting, will discuss the situation.

Grand Masters Lee and Garretson will, it is said, in reply to the statements of the company, refer to an interview with President Brown, in which he is quoted as saying that the cost of living had increased enormously within the past two years. They will also quote remarks alleged to have been made by him to the effect that the New York Central never had been more prosperous than this year.

President Brown will try to prove that the offer of the railroad to advance wages from 8 to 25 per cent. was fair and reasonable, being half of the great advances demanded, ranging from 8 to 64 per cent.

When yesterday's sessions were over Grand Masters Lee and Garretson said that they intended to confine their arguments closely to facts and figures.

"We will not attempt persuasion," said Grand Master Lee. "Both the arbitrators are thoroughly posted on railroad matters and are competent to reach a fair and reasonable conclusion. We will be through, I believe, to-morrow, and it may take the arbitrators a day or two to go over the evidence."

It was said that the representatives of the other roads would likely have a say to-day and may make suggestions.

GRAPE-NUTS.

A UNIVERSAL FOOD
Following Nature's Footsteps.

"I have a boy, two years old, weighing forty pounds and in perfect health who has been raised on Grape-Nuts and milk.

"This is an ideal food and evidently furnishes the elements necessary for a baby as well as for adults. We have used Grape-Nuts in large quantities and greatly to our advantage."

One advantage about Grape-Nuts food is that it is pre-digested in the process of manufacture; that is, the starch contained in the wheat and barley is transformed into a form of sugar by the same method as this process is carried out in the human body, that is, by the use of moisture and long exposure to moderate warmth, which grows the diastase in the grains and makes the remarkable change from starch to sugar.

Therefore, the most delicate stomach can handle Grape-Nuts and the food is quickly absorbed into the blood and tissue, certain parts of it going directly to building and nourishing the brain and nerve centres.

Made at the pure food factories of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read "The Road to Wellville," found in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

W. R. COE'S BUTLER ARRESTED

Had His Employer's Wife Frightened—Policeman Helps Dress Him.

The butler at the residence of William R. Coe, an adjuster, at 6 East Eighty-third Street, created all sorts of trouble there last night, according to the police, and finally landed in the East Eighty-eighth Street Station on charges of intoxication, creating a disturbance, and refusing to leave the house when ordered.

The butler, who said he was George Tapley, 28 years old, said he was brought to this country from Ireland by former Street Cleaning Commissioner Major John McGaw Woodbury, and that he had once been a salesman. William R. Coe has offices at 49 Wall Street.

Policeman Hearn was standing near the coe residence when a servant girl ran to him and told him the butler was frightening Mrs. Coe. Hearn hurried into the house, and on the top floor found Tapley lying half dressed on his bed. There was a revolver on a table. Hearn tossed the revolver into a drawer, and tried to rouse the butler. After half an hour, and with the aid of the assistant butler, Hearn managed to get the butler's coat on him, and also a few other garments. He then took him to the station.

Mrs. Mary Stephen, the housekeeper, followed in a taxicab and made the charges against the butler. Tapley begged Mrs. Stephen to withdraw the charges; then he demanded his pay. Lieut. Cooney grew tired of the scene and had Tapley put in a cell.

"IN GERMLAND" BY STUDENTS.

Novel Play Warmly Received, but Lacking for Professional Stage.

Special to The New York Times.

MADISON, Wis., April 18.—"In Germland," the comedy written by W. H. Matchette of Milwaukee, was produced by the bacteriological students of the University of Wisconsin before an audience of five hundred members of the Faculty and their friends in Lathrop Hall here to-night, and was voted a big success.

In spite of its enthusiastic reception here the play will not be produced immediately on a professional stage. Manager Sam Lederer of the Olympic Theatre, Chicago, who came here to witness the production, said that although the idea was unique, the play would have to be worked over before professional production.

"The idea is novel," said Mr. Lederer, "and I think it has great possibilities, but it will be necessary to rewrite it before it can be used. It had a splendid production here in this environment of scientists, but the general public has not become educated sufficiently in germs to make it a popular hit."

STRIKERS BEAT POLICEMAN.

One of Them Shot by Chief Smith of Schoenville, Penn.

PITTSBURG, April 18.—Practically without warning 1,000 men, mostly foreigners, employed in the erecting department of the Pressed Steel Car Company, Schoenville, quit work to-day. Within an hour a workman had been shot in the left arm and the chief of the car company's police had been beaten severely by strikers.

The trouble started over the discharge of four workmen on last Thursday. The men are said to be members of a labor organization known as the Industrial Workers of the World. Early to-day a committee from the labor organization notified the car company officials that they would refuse to work unless the four discharged employes were reinstated. They made good the threat. Chief of Police Smith attempted to disperse a gathering. Smith was struck down with a blackjack. As he fell he fired several shots from his automatic revolver. One bullet lodged in the left arm of a striker. More trouble is anticipated.

ZEIGLER MINES UNIONIZED.

Leiter Properties Sold to New Company, Which Will Resume Operations.

CHCIAGO, April 18.—Control of the Leiter coal mines at Zeigler, Ill., has passed into the hands of the Bell-Zoller Company, and hereafter they will be operated by union men. For more than a year the mines have been sealed up, and the bodies of eight men who were killed in an explosion have not been recovered.

Mining will not begin until a settlement of the present wage difficulty is reached, as the new company is a member of the Illinois Coal Operators' Association.

The unionizing of the Zeigler mines completes the organization of the coal miners in the State, as they are the only properties in Illinois where non-union miners were employed.

ASLEEP FOR 144 HOURS.

Physicians Can't Arouse an Unidentified Man—Mrs. Hodes Near Death.

Physicians of Yonkers are puzzled over the case of a patient who has for 144 hours been in a state of coma in St. Joseph's Hospital there, with not a trace of injury discoverable. The man, whose identity cannot be learned, was found, well dressed and sound, but in unbreakable sleep, in a lot in Herriott Street last Tuesday evening. He was first thought to be the victim of a highwayman. Since then, all efforts to awaken him at the hospital have been futile. When apparently on the point of waking he suffers a sinking spell that carries him near death. Then, slowly, he rallies again. There are no letters or papers to tell who the man is.

Mrs. Charles Hodes of 914 Blake Avenue, Brooklyn, who has been in a similar trance for several days, was said by a physician who visited her last night to be slowly starving to death. Her jaws are set, and her limbs rigid as in a semi-cataleptic state. At times she awakes, and then she is suddenly possessed of a ravenous appetite. The food supply in the little tenement home is not always commensurate with her appetite, however, and the physician said that unless more of it is forthcoming the trance must end in starvation.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
1:30—511 W. 30th St.; Carbonless Paper Company	$23
4:15—129 3d Av.; Max Heller	Trifling
7:00—44 Broome St.; David Rebhan	$75
9:40—400 W. 57th St.; Puritos Mineral Water Company	$500
10:28—1,675 Washington Av.; F. Krehoh	Slight
11:45—809 Melrose Av.; Max Coalinke	$500
7:15—1,292 Park Av.; Mrs. L. Bloom	$50
7:40—222 St. Nicholas Av.; M. H. Chester	$50
7:40—363 Canal St.; S. Lessersohn	$1,000
8:20—819 1st Av.; Schwarzschild & Sulzberger	$5
10:35—462 11th Av.; Crystal Spring Water Co.	$5
11:00—155 W. 23d St.; unknown	None

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Gas and Electric Light Fixtures

WE MAKE is EVIDENT when you SEE our designs, the QUALITY of our goods, and know our PRICE. "Miller" fixtures are made from HEAVY brass and BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED. Poorly finished (cheap?) goods only look well for a short time. We make all styles, a complete line. If you think of buying WE WANT YOU TO COME AND SEE OUR GOODS.

EDWARD MILLER & CO., 80 Warren St.
Established 1841. Make sure of this name.

500 WARRANTS OUT FOR SALOON KEEPERS

Gaynor's Excise Plan Reaps a Harvest of Complaints Against Sunday Violators.

ONLY ONE DIRECT ARREST

Liquor Selling Most Open in Manhattan—The Mayor Rebukes Brooklyn's Deputy for Ignoring Baker.

The working out of Mayor Gaynor's plan of handling the excise question by having policemen submit affidavits of alleged violation of the law by saloon keepers, instead of arresting them without warrants, became more evident yesterday, when 500 affidavits were sent to Police Headquarters, and later distributed among the District Attorneys for the various counties within the city. The 500 alleged violations covered the entire five boroughs, and the affidavits were made for the most part by ordinary patrolmen, the excise squad of plain clothes men as suggested by Mayor Gaynor not being yet perfected.

It was by far the largest number of affidavits that has been submitted since the new excise plan has been in operation, tentative and otherwise, and while neither the Mayor nor Police Commissioner Baker would comment on the situation, it was evident that the official opinion was unanimous that Sunday was not such a dry day after all, and that the question of Sunday liquor selling had not yet been settled. There was only one arrest, and that had to do with the breaking up of a drunken brawl in the back room of a saloon on the west side.

The list of affidavits by counties was made up as follows: New York County, (Manhattan and the Bronx,) 317; Kings, 116; Richmond, 63; Queens, 4.

The affidavits turned in did not apply to 500 separate saloons. Many of them concerned more than one violation in a particular place. In some instances as many as five policemen swore to excise violations in one saloon. The police of the Union Market Station made the record of the day, as they swore to 96 affidavits. The Madison Street Station yielded 38 affidavits and the Mercer Street Station 33.

Only one affidavit came out of the old Tenderloin precinct, but this was explained by the fact that most of the saloons there have Raines law hotel licenses and conformed strictly to the form of the statute. The West Thirty-seventh Precinct Station turned in 14 affidavits, while the West Forty-seventh Precinct Station, one of the most important in the city from an excise standpoint, produced only 5.

Only One Arrest Made.

It was in this precinct that the only arrest was made. Patrick McGuirl, a bartender at 685 Ninth Avenue, was the victim. Detective Stapf heard of a fight going on in the back room of the saloon and investigated. He noticed that the conditions of the law regarding a screen had not been complied with, and when he found a glass of beer on the table he arrested McGuirl. Meantime a free-for-all fight had developed, but the arrest quieted the crowd. McGuirl was held in $500 bail in the West Side Court.

The bulk of the affidavits, or those of Manhattan, were turned over to District Attorney Whitman, and it looked as if the business of the Tombs Court would be inundated. It is in this court that all the New York County cases have been set for a hearing so far.

Mayor Gaynor seemed to be somewhat stirred up over the report that many of the violations had been reported by plain-clothes men. The Mayor wanted to know how the plain-clothes men could have been so active when the regular squad had not yet been formed. He said that while he and Commissioner Baker had gone over the recent list of plain-clothes men furnished by the latter, it would be several days before the regular excise squad would be picked out. The Commissioner was an early caller at Mayor Gaynor's office yesterday. He remained one hour.

It was reported at Police Headquarters that special men under instruction from inspectors and precinct commanders had toured the city yesterday and last night keeping watch on the patrolmen, in the old-fashioned shoo-fly manner, and as a result many charges would be filed against negligent patrolmen. Several of the affidavits, it is known, were made by Sergeants and Lieutenants.

Busiest in Manhattan.

During the afternoon yesterday 192 of the 317 complaints filed by Manhattan and Bronx policemen were turned over to District Attorney Whitman. Of this number twenty-seven were for selling liquor, 119 for obstructing the view of the bar, fifteen for having an open door, twenty-nine for miscellaneous violations, and two for selling during forbidden hours.

The latest tiff between Fourth Deputy Commissioner Reynolds, in charge of Brooklyn, and Commissioner Baker was also adjusted yesterday by the Mayor. Mr. Reynolds on Saturday, after a conference with Borough Inspector Hoolihan, ordered the latter to send out orders to all precinct commanders in Brooklyn and Queens to notify saloon keepers to pay strict attention to the law.

Commissioner Baker rescinded the order as soon as he heard of it, and sent a report of his action to Mayor Gaynor. On Sunday Deputy Reynolds did not like the lay of the land, and made a hurried trip to St. James, L. I., and laid his case before the Mayor in person. The Mayor, it is said, administered a sharp rebuke to Mr. Reynolds, and the latter apologized for his action. After Mr. Reynolds's explanation the Mayor was inclined to consider the incident closed. He declared that no change in the personnel of Police Deputies could be looked for as a result of the incident.

In rebuking Deputy Commissioner Reynolds the Mayor took occasion to explain his attitude in regard to Brooklyn autonomy. Brooklyn, he said, must not consider that she is a city in herself any more, but must realize that she is an integral part of New York City; and that separate orders, police or otherwise, are not necessary for carrying on the Government. Orders issued to the Manhattan force, he said, must apply to all the other boroughs.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Roughly Hewn and Squared Sandstone Is Not "Unfinished Grindstones."

Lombard & Co. of Boston failed yesterday before the Board of United States General Appraisers to establish that roughly hewn and squared sandstone slabs are "grindstones unfinished," as that term is used in the Tariff act of 1909.

The merchandise was invoiced as "pieces of sandstone for manufacturing into grindstones in the United States." Collector Loeb assessed duty at the rate of 50 per cent. under the provision for sandstone in the new tariff. Lombard & Co.'s sole claim was that the articles are dutiable at the rate of $1.75 per ton as "unfinished grindstones." According to the report of Appraiser Wanmaker the pieces of the merchandise are thin, roughly hewn, and squared slabs of sandstone of the quality small grindstones are usually made of.

In overruling the claim made by the importers General Appraiser McClelland says that to warrant the classification contended for by the importers it must appear that the pieces of stone in question are either fashioned into the form of grindstones or so far shaped by process of manufacture into the form of grindstones that they would not be susceptible of any other use. As the testimony very clearly shows that nothing whatever has been done to these slabs toward fashioning them into such shape, it follows that they are subject to classification under the provisions of Paragraph 114, at the [illegible]

To Men Who Know

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369 Broadway
146 Broadway
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58 Nassau St.
14 Wall St.
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27 New St.
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WEBER & HEILBRONER
Furnishers and Clothiers to Men Who Know

STEEL'S STOCK LIST CONTAINS SURPRISES

Frick, Dryden, and Reid Own One Share of Common Each, but Frick Has 15,000 Preferred.

MORGAN HOLDS BIG BLOCKS

Dutch Syndicate Carries More Than 200,000 Shares—Gary Reports Mills Running to Capacity.

The stock lists of the United States Steel Corporation, which were opened for inspection at the annual meeting of the stockholders in Hoboken yesterday, gave Wall Street the first glance it has had in several years at the names of the large holders. There are, all told, in the neighborhood of 100,000 stockholders. The stock is more widely distributed than that of any other corporation in the world, so far as known. The only corporation in the United States which approaches the Steel Corporation in the number of shareholders is the Pennsylvania Railroad, and it has only a little more than half as many.

The published list revealed that some supposedly large holders of Steel stock actually hold very little or none at all, a number of the Directors being in this category. According to the stock books of the company on March 15, Henry C. Frick held in his own name only one share of common stock and 15,000 shares of preferred, and J. F. Dryden, C. A. Griscom, and Daniel G. Reid had one share of common each and small holdings of preferred. The only stock recorded in the name of Charles Steele was one share of the preferred.

The name of J. P. Morgan & Co., for the firm or for others, appears in the list for large amounts, and so, too, does the London house of Morgan, now Morgan, Grenfell & Co., but known up to the beginning of the year as J. S. Morgan & Co. Large amounts of stock are held by the London house under both its old and its new title. The holdings in the name of Luke H. Cutler, amounting to 17,395 shares, are considered to be stock owned by John D. Rockefeller. The foreign holdings included in the list are very large. Besides 216,870 shares held by a Dutch syndicate, there are large blocks in the names of a number of foreign banking or brokerage houses. The names of New York Stock Exchange houses figure prominently in the list, Shearson, Hammill & Co. leading this group of stockholders, with holdings of 20,953 shares of the preferred and 145,395 shares of the common.

Holdings of 34,426 shares of the preferred and 54,930 shares of the common in the names of E. H. Gary and Richard Trimble were supposed to include the stock purchased by the corporation itself and resold to its employes under the terms of the plan by which the employes have annually been allowed the privilege of subscribing to some of the company's stock and paying for it in installments.

This is a partial list of stockholders, as taken from the Steel Corporation's list by the Dow, Jones & Co. news agency:

	Preferred.	Common.
Dutch Syndicate	....	216,870
Shearson, Hammill & Co.	20,953	145,395
*W. S. Craig	....	6,000
*R. B. Doble	1,750	14,050
*C. A. Guerard	....	6,000
*W. P. Haskill	287	4,250
*L. A. Keys	....	3,100
*J. W. Nicholas	....	2,330
*C. M. Pohlman	300	10,400
*F. L. Purdy	....	5,100
*Albert Smith	14,922	70,266
*O. H. Smith	1,000	2,400
*J. H. Spohr	1,538	....
*W. T. Stokes	1,509	4,264
*Leo Sullivan	105	1,374
*E. E. Thomas	3,435	10,291
*F. J. Thornley	4,916	2,992
*C. J. Walsh	5,621	28,457
*J. P. Whitlock	1,548	3,284
J. P. Morgan	....	10,000
J. P. Morgan & Co.	1,300	1,500
J. S. Bache & Co.	3,606	23,643
C. D. Barney & Co.	3,044	35,135
E. C. Bogert	2,464	23,100
S. W. Boocock	6,000	30,400
F. B. Cahn & Co.	9	41,500
Clark, Dodge & Co.	4,015	28,370
Henry Clews & Co.	5,215	28,915
E. H. Gary and Richard Trimble.	34,426	54,930
Halle & Stieglitz	615	37,465
Haligarten & Co.	3,704	26,025
Hayden, Stone & Co.	1,386	35,716
Huhn, Edey & Co.	6,737	68,790
Eugene Meyer, Jr., & Co.	300	17,083
C. K. Philphard	16,266	30,516
Post & Flagg	2,030	68,352
Raymond, Pynchon & Co.	223	28,793
E. & C. Randolph	973	33,118
Webb & Prall	7,814	48,472
Van Emburgh & Atterbury	9,469	14,705
De Rothschild Brothers	....	22,500
Huggins & Clarke	7,785	75,500
Leon Brothers	4,920	60,980
McAnally & Inglis	80	22,810
Marks, Bulteel, Mills & Co.	16,005	43,030
J. S. Morgan & Co.	7,314	81,190
R. Raphael & Co.	480	29,410
N. N. Rothschild & Co.	14,011	20,855
J. Henry Schroeder & Co.	500	27,500
Swiss Bankverein	1,040	15,388
Asiel & Co.	1,500	16,730
Benjamin, Ferguson & McMurtry	5,606	15,109
Blake Bros. & Co.	3,566	10,400
Boissevain & Co.	800	14,880
Carpenter, Baggot & Co.	200	9,250
S. B. Chapin & Co.	1,696	16,730
Lazard Freres, account of G. F. Clark	....	5,900
Darr & Moore	3,902	20,748
J. W. Davis & Co.	18,138	41,913
R. L. Day & Co.	8,079	10,716
Dominick & Dominick	1,407	15,894
W. H. Goadby & Co.	995	12,905
Harriman & Co.	809	21,590
Harris, Winthrop & Co.	9,965	17,687
Hornblower & Weeks	2,042	12,493
Hay & Boynton	....	10,600
H. L. Horton & Co.	2,308	16,011
H. B. Hollins & Co.	16,047	9,782
A. A. Housman & Co.	1,875	8,625
C. I. Hudson & Co.	850	27,490
George A. Huhn & Sons	....	32,050
Keech, Loew & Co.	1,186	11,101
Kidder, Peabody & Co.	4,079	3,144
Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co.	1,234	11,740
Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co.	1,606	10,007
Effingham Lawrence & Co.	87	13,514
Lee, Higginson & Co.	2,260	6,682
Lounsbery & Co.	15,100	12,927
Thomas L. Manson & Co.	1,994	21,183
Potter, Choate & Prentice	88	12,203
Pyne, Kendall & Hollister	....	14,861
Probst, Wetzlar & Co.	1,562	12,872
L. F. Rothschild & Co.	125	10,171
H. Content & Co.	....	1,900
H. C. Frick	15,000	1
J. P. Morgan, Jr.	505	501
C. K. Chipard	16,266	30,516
Norman B. Ream	101	94
W. E. Corey	8,088	1,182
J. F. Dryden	100	1
C. A. Griscom	400	1
Daniel G. Reid	50	1
Nathaniel Thayer	1,395	36
William H. Moore	1,123	....
Charles Steele	1	....
*Indicates J. P. Morgan & Co., either for or account for.	trustee	
Robert Winsor	1	500
Andrew Carnegie, 2d	....	62
H. H. Rogers	101	....
Kuhn, Loeb & Co.	....	220
A. G. Edwards & Sons	530	6,606
Cadwallader Evans	3,000	....
Fahnestock & Co.	5,780	200
Margaret Olivia Sage	8,500	1,000
Speyer & Co., acct. L. J. Salomon	1,625	1,100
Sanderson & Brown	....	2,930
Francis W. Sargent	1,000	2,000
F. W. Savin & Co.	2,600	6,900
L. L. Searles, acct. First Nat'l Bank	8,075	7,275
R. C. Shannon	8,600	3,000
William C. Sheldon	7,099	6,000
George Harlan Singer	....	10,000
William H. Singer	43,442	9,977
R. M. Smith	5,000	....
Sternberger, Sinn & Co.	460	37,292
John Stevenson, Jr.	2,000	....
Strong, Sturgis & Co.	1,484	12,028

Among the large holders of common stock, outside of the above, are the following:

Lazard Freres	14,430
P. A. B. Widener	20,000
Nathan Allen	15,050
Robert Bacon	8,500
George F. Baker	20,000
E. C. Converse	10,000
Luke H. Cutler	17,395
C. P. Davidson	6,700
J. R. De Lamar	6,500
Hulett C. Merritt	7,598
Marguerite S. Milligan	9,977
David B. Oliver	9,000
Bertha Honore Palmer	10,600
Henry Phipps	4,000
Lawrence C. Phipps	33,500
Eliza Singer Proctor	10,000
George H. Singer	1,000
Morgan, Grenfell & Co.	10,000

Judge Gary, in a verbal statement to the stockholders at the meeting, said that the promise was for a very good year, and that the management of the corporation has no reason to anticipate trouble from any source. He said the United States Steel Corporation had no officials who received advance information and profit by that information. This was Judge Gary's statement:

"Of course, naturally, from time to time, we encounter more or less difficulty in keeping our mills running to their full capacity, and in receiving prices which we think are adequate and reasonable. But, our effort all the time is to do our business in such a way that we cannot reasonably be criticised by any one who is interested in our affairs—criticised by the stockholders, by the employes, by our customers, by our competitors, or by the general public.

"We believe that in the long run if we transact business in that way, and at the same time keep the public fully advised from time to time in regard to our affairs, we will receive such treatment as we deserve. Of course, when general business conditions are good we prosper more, and when they are not so good we prosper less. That may not be as applicable to our business as to the business of some others, for the reason that we think we have some advantages in regard to cost of production and cost of deliveries. But that we are more or less affected by general business conditions goes without saying.

We had a very serious depression following the panic of 1907; but during the year 1908, as you all know, notwithstanding all the difficulties surrounding us, we were fairly prosperous. You know by our recent annual report for 1909 that we were much more prosperous during that year. At the present time our mills are running practically to their capacity, and some of them are considerably behind in shipping up to the requirements of the trade. That we may have some reactions during the year is possible, but we have nothing in sight at the present time to indicate that our business during the whole of this year will not be very good and entirely satisfactory.

"At the time the United States Steel Corporation was organized we had a capacity of about 25,000 tons per day; at the present time we have a capacity of about 42,000 tons per day, and our manufacturing capacity has been increased by investments made from our earnings. So you will see from the statement I have made that our opportunities for success are much greater at the present time than they were when we were organized. Moreover, since we were organized we have spent large sums of money in the acquisition of additional raw products, which are scarce and growing scarcer, and also in the improvement of our facilities by the introduction of new methods, new machinery, labor-saving devices, and the installation of the most modern methods of manufacturing at a low cost.

"It would not be seemly to boast of our position or of our prospects, but we believe we are well secured against trouble in the future from any direction. The stockholders of our corporation have the opportunity at any time of securing information which is proper for them to receive. We have in our company no officials who receive advance information and profit by that information.

"It is a great pleasure to us, of course, to ascertain that our stockholders have confidence in our management. That confidence is shown by the fact that we receive proxies from so large a percentage of the stockholders, and from the further fact that at none of our meetings do we find any antagonism or even any criticism. When the company was first organized, as it was the largest corporate aggregation of wealth on earth, and many of the questions arising were involved in greater or less uncertainty, we found at our stockholders' meetings some disposition to criticise, or, at least, to hesitate before approving of our actions and our intention for the future; but that has seemed to pass away. And I will say that it is our intention all the time to secure and retain the confidence of every one who is interested in the affairs of our corporation."

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A most popular fabric shown exclusively in this establishment.

The arrival of our final importation assures a complete assortment of weaves to select from.

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Entire Circus by 50 Little People | A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth
Nazimova's 39TH ST. Theatre 39th & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Tom'w, 2:30. MME. NAZIMOVA In Ibsen's LITTLE EYOLF.
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow, 2:30. Evs. 8:30.
Mabel Barrison LULU'S HUSBANDS Harry Conor.
Say, Check It With Your Hat!
"HERALD": "Its laughs travel at a pace that breaks the speed laws. Nothing blue in the play except Miss Barrison's pajamas."
COMEDY 41st St., Bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w, $1.50.
Professional Matinee To-morrow (Wednesday).
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"EVENING TELEGRAM": "Entertaining from start to finish. Ably rendered into English and admirably performed."
DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evenings 8:30. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow, 2:30.
MARIETTA OLLY Last Week THE WHIRLWIND
THURS., APRIL 28. DE WOLF HOPPER with Louise Dresser in A Matinee Idol. Seat Sale Next Thurs.
Lew Fields Last 2 Weeks HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. BLANCHE RING in THE YANKEE GIRL.
BROADWAY Thea. B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. The JOLLY BACHELORS with NORA BAYES
BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. $1.50 Matinee To-morrow, 2:20. CYRIL SCOTT in THE LOTTERY MAN
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15 $1.50 Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER
LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-morrow, 2:15. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play. THE CITY
HACKETT 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. GRACE LA RUE in MOLLY MAY
WEST END 125th, West of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. $1.00 Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. BLANCHE BATES in THE FIGHTING HOPE.
ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c.-$1.50. GREATEST COMEDY HIT IN 20 YEARS. SEVEN DAYS
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WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-m'w & Sat. 2:15. LAST 6 NIGHTS